"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Cold wave, fair to-day; slowly rising temperature, fair to-morrow; high northwest winds diminishing.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,319. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

SMITH DEFIES WILSON; TO RUN FOR SENATOR

Comes Out Openly in the Jersey Race and Declares His Political Principles.

WILSON MAY TAKE THE STUMP

Hopes Thus to Force the Democratic Legislators to Vote for James E. Martine, Choice at Primaries.

Ex-Senator James Smith, Jr., threw down the gauntlet to Gov.-elect Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey last night. He came out openly as a candidate for United States Senator to succeed John Kean of that State, and announced the political principles for which he stands. He declared that he favors "an early submission to the decision of the people of a proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for the election of United States Senators by popular vote." Dr. Wilson's friends smiled at this, as James E. Martine, whose election to the United States Senate the Governor-elect is urging, was indorsed for the place by 48,000 Jersey Democrats at the September primaries. While this indorsement is not legally binding upon the Democratic legislators, many men in the party regard it as morally so. At least Gov.-elect Wilson does, and it was his recent statement that if Mr. Smith is chosen Senator he "will not be the people's choice" that smoked Smith out.

The former Senator's statement was sent to the eleven Democratic Assemblymen-elect from Essex County in reply to their invitation to him to be a candidate for election to the United States Senate. Ex-Senator Smith's letter reads:

> The grateful acknowledgment of the letter of Nov. 19 signed by you and your associated Assemblymen-elect from Essex is now made. Your request that I permit the use of my name as a candidate for the office of United States Senator has deeply impressed me, and your promise to support such candidacy has caused me much gratification. I have received so many assurances of like nature from other members-elect that I am convinced the majority view of the Democratic members who will compose the next Legislature coincide with your views. Under such circumstances, while in no sense eager to assume the great responsibility involved, I feel that my duty to our party requires that I give assent to your request.
>
> No assurances or pledges have been asked of me. Nevertheless it is due to you and to others that I announce my views. I am in hearty accord with the pledges of the Democratic Party as adopted in the platform of 1910. Our duty within the State should be to preserve a united party, that every promise made may be faithfully kept. In so far as I am able, I shall labor zealously for their fulfillment. If chosen Senator I shall accept the office with a mind impressed with its exalted honor, with a deep sense of its obligation, with the understanding that the welfare of all the people constitutes my sole duty, and with a sound determination to perform that duty faithfully and with honor.
>
> The performance of such duty involves among other matters allegiance to the following principles:
>
> A prompt revision of the tariff downward especially with reference to the necessities of life, having due regard to the conservation of our industrial industries and the welfare of our wage earners.
>
> The early submission to the decision of the people of a proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for the election of United States Senator by popular vote.
>
> An economical readjustment of the expenditures of the Federal Government.
>
> A revival of our merchant marine upon a basis that will be fair and equitable.
>
> The maintenance in time of peace of a small army and at all times of a navy adequate to protect our country's interest and honor.
>
> The fortification of the Panama Canal when completed.
>
> A policy of conservation of our natural resources which will allow their development for the benefit of present and future generations, not solely for private gain.
>
> Of these and other policies in accord with the duty of the hour, I pledge you and the people my loyal support.
>
> You have my earnest wish that your active career may be fruitful of honor and success. You have a great duty before you, and it is gratifying to know and be able to assert that the incoming Administration will have in the Assembly no more loyal supporters of the cause of good government than the members from Essex. Sincerely yours, JAMES SMITH, Jr.

New Jersey politicians say that Mr. Smith's declaration will couse Gov.-elect Wilson to take the stump in an effort to force the Legislature to elect Martine, the primary nominee.

In Mr. Wilson's recent absence from the State a series of public meetings was tentatively arranged for various sections of New Jersey, and he is now considering the question as to whether they shall be held. The promoters of the plan, it is declared, are not inclined to carry out the scheme unless the Governor-elect will consent to be the principal speaker at all such gatherings. His decision is being awaited with great interest.

Concerning the report that he had called a caucus of the next New Jersey House of Assembly, for next Tuesday, Assemblyman Edward Kenny of Hudson County said yesterday that some of the Democratic Assemblymen favor next Tuesday week for the caucus; and he doubted if, when the Assemblymen gets together, the United States Senatorial succession will be acted upon.

"My idea about it," he explained, "is that the Senatorship is a matter that should be reserved for discussion in a joint caucus of Senators and Assemblymen. As to the time for the meeting of the House caucus, which will doubtless be only for the choice of House officers, I have put that up to Chairman Nugent of the Democratic State Committee. Whatever time suits him will suit me."

Robert Davis, the leader of the Hudson County Democrats, said yesterday that there is plenty of time for the meeting of the Senatorial caucus; that the two Houses are not to assemble in joint meeting till Jan. 24, that when the caucus does meet ex-United States Senator James Smith will be nominated, and that he will be elected.

"He has at least forty-seven of the fifty-one Democrats in the joint meeting in his favor. That's six more than he needs to elect him."

One of the Newark newspapers published yesterday a statement that an attempt had been made to tempt Governor-elect Wilson over to Smith's support by a promise of the Illinois delegation to the Presidency in the National Convention of 1912. Dr. Wilson was in Chicago recently, and the story is that two well-known Illinois politicians telephoned to him for an interview, and that when they came they made the offer to him in behalf of Roger Sullivan, Democratic leader in Illinois.

"Not for forty Presidential nominations would I enter into such a deal," Dr. Wilson is quoted as having answered.

"Tell Mr. Sullivan that if I cannot get the nomination—if I should be a candidate for it—in an honorable way and on my merits, I would not touch it. I told the people of New Jersey for what I stood and that I was under no obligations to any big interest or political machine for my gubernatorial nomination, and if I should become a candidate for President it would be on exactly the same terms."

BANDIT TERRORIZES CUBANS.

Solis Demands $6,000 for One Youth He Has Captured.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Dec. 15.—The raids of the bandit Solis in Santa Clara Province have become so frequent and so bold that the brigand and his followers have become a national menace.

One of his victims is a youth named Hernandez, for whom Solis demanded a ransom of $6,000. The young man is still a prisoner. When his uncle, a rich planter named Perez, had procured the money and started for the designated place of meeting he met some rurales on the road. They demanded that he take them to the rendezvous. Fearing for his nephew's life, Perez misled the rurales, enabling the bandit to escape.

Solis has recently demanded from many cane planters sums ranging from $2,000 to $25,000. He says he needs $200,000 before abandoning Cuba. He already has $100,000, he declares, and the planters of the Santa Clara region must make up the deficit.

It is not believed that Solis will kill the sequestered boy, relying on the uncle to pay the ransom, which he will do if he can elude the rurales.

Many Santa Clara planters have paid Solis's demands, this being a season favoring cane-burning, which would entail the loss of the year's crop.

Solis's method is to cover field rats with kerosene, set light to them, and turn them loose in the midst of the dry cane fields. The rats start fires in a score of places.

STRICKEN IN PALMIST'S ROOM

Woman Dies in Bushwick Hospital—Thought to Have Been Poisoned.

Coroner Lennon of Brooklyn is investigating the death of Mrs. Clara Germain of 63 Union Place, Union Course, L. I., who died in the Bushwick Hospital last night after she had been removed from the rooms of a palmist several hours earlier in a senseless condition. Dr. Jane, the hospital surgeon, who first examined the woman, thought she had had a stroke of apoplexy until a more thorough examination at the hospital convinced him that she showed symptoms of having been poisoned. Then he notified the police.

From what the police learned the woman, who was about 26 years old, visited the home of Mme. Lucille Stanley, a palmist, at 1,013A Gates Avenue, Williamsburg, about 8 o'clock last night. Mme. Stanley was engaged, and when Mrs. Germain's turn came to interview her there were five other young women in the outer room also awaiting their chances to see the palmist.

Mrs. Germain entered the private apartment of Mme. Stanley and had been there only a few moments when the other young women were startled to see Mrs. Stanley assist Mrs. Germain into the reception room and aid her in lying on a sofa. Then the palmist called a physician. On his advice Dr. Jane was summoned from the hospital.

The surgeon found the woman unconscious, and she never regained her senses. Mme. Stanley couldn't tell him anything except that Mrs. Germain had complained of feeling ill while she was reading her palm, and she had helped her into the outer room only to have her lose consciousness without being able to tell more of what troubled her.

VAN DYKE QUITS PRINCETON.

Students Hope the Trustees Will Keep Him by Electing Him President.

PRINCETON, N. J., Dec. 15.—Prof. Henry Van Dyke, '73, has resigned from the Murray Professorship in English Literature at Princeton University. His resignation will be acted upon at the next meeting of the University Trustees.

Dr. Van Dyke refused to-night to give any reason for his resignation. Upon hearing of his act the senior and junior classes held a meeting in Dickinson Hall this afternoon and decided to send the Presidents of both classes to see Dr. Van Dyke and request him to reconsider. Joseph N. Ewing, President of the juniors, will see Dr. Van Dyke to-morrow afternoon, and A. L. Monroe, President of the senior class, will also call on him.

The students are hopeful that notwithstanding his resignation, Dr. Van Dyke will be chosen President of the university.

What Dr. Van Dyke's chances are for the place cannot be surmised. The trustees meet in regular session on Jan. 12 and the committee on a President will be asked to report. The committee is composed of John L. Cadwalader, the Rev. Dr. Melancthon W. Jacobus, M. Taylor Pyne, Cyrus H. McCormick, the Rev. Dr. John Dixon, Henry W. Greene and Cleveland H. Dodge. The committee will not hasten in making a selection, but at the same time it has not been idle in going over names.

Dr. Van Dyke was a candidate for the place at the time that Dr. Wilson was elected. He has differed with Dr. Wilson on questions of academic policy. He refuses to announce his plans at present.

ASKS STATES TO KILL HIM.

Blind from Birth, Clergyman Seeks End in the Electric Chair.

Special to The New York Times.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Dec. 15.—The Rev. Thomas McKinsey has written to the Governors of New York, New Jersey, West Virginia, and Ohio asking them to have him put to death in the electric chair. McKinsey is 55 years old and has been blind from birth. He overcame his infirmity sufficiently to become a minister, but of late years his powers have failed and he has had no pastorate. He had a fine voice and made a living singing in the streets until that failed. Since then he has sold trinkets, but his profits have been small. In his letters to the Governors he says:

"I am not and seemingly cannot be profitably employed, therefore I cannot consistently have a home and a wife. I must live in the poor house among lunatics, idiots, broken-down drunkards, and vagabonds, where all I can do is to eat unpalatable food and wear coarse clothes, where there will be an end to aspiration, and where I will be slowly murdered. Surely, under such circumstances, it is the duty of the State to take my life in the most painless way possible. I have the misfortune to live in a State where they will not even execute criminals. Therefore I hope the Governor of some State where they electrocute people will permit my life to be taken in that painless way."

SEMAPHORES DOWN IN SIXTY-MILE GALE

So the Pennsylvania Trains Run In Guided by Torpedo Explosions.

MERCURY DROPS RAPIDLY

Much Damage Done in a Fierce Ten-Minute Blast Which Swept Across the City Last Night.

The west wind, which jogged along almost all of yesterday at some fifteen miles an hour, technically a "brisk wind" among the United States Weather Bureau sharps, began whipping around to the northwest late in the afternoon, at the same time increasing in velocity. It had soon ceased to be a "brisk wind," and had become a gale, blowing forty miles an hour and going up occasionally to a sixty-mile rate.

The gale struck the city at 7:10 o'clock in the evening, but it raged and roared at sixty miles an hour for only ten minutes. It seemed to be literally shaking the snow out of the heavens, for after it began to slow down, the sifting of fine snow stopped. By 10 o'clock the wind had died down to twenty-eight miles an hour.

Following the gale, the temperature dropped rapidly. At 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when the mercury registered 41, the air was balmy. After the gale, the mercury kept going down until at 10:45 o'clock it stood at 14. The forecast is that to-day will be still colder. Storm signals were flying yesterday all along the Atlantic Coast, with cold warnings from Virginia northward.

According to the weather forecasters, last night's gale and to-day's cold wave came out of a "disturbance north of the Great Lakes region," which drifted down upon New York. It arrived early, passing on to Boston.

While it lasted the gale yesterday blew down or wrenched out of order many of the semaphore signals in New Jersey that guide the Pennsylvania trains in and out of the Manhattan Terminal Station. Torpedoes were then used to signal the trains. Considerable damage was done to the telegraph and telephone wires coming into New York, though no trouble was had in keeping the way open for messages.

The special marks for gales in this city are the great expanses of plate glass in the show windows. Last night many such dindows were broken in the business part of Manhattan. Many street signs were also blown down.

A big window in the Greenwich Street Police Station was smashed in and the station house was flooded with cold air. One of the Dock Department's pile drivers was blown from its moorings at the foot of Thirty-second Street, Brooklyn, and went drifting round the bay. It was picked up by a passing tug before it had done any damage to itself or passing craft, and taken back to its place at the Brooklyn pier.

Harlem felt the gale worst in the neighborhood of Second Avenue and 126th Street. One of the biggest electric light signs in the city, which stands on the top of a building at Park Avenue and 125th Street, was torn from its moorings. It fell part of the way down the side street and then hung there, endangering those passing in the street below it. Policemen were stationed on the sidewalk to warn persons from passing under the sign.

Policeman Thomas Lord of the Bronx Telephone Bureau was passing down Second Avenue when the gale broke two plate glass windows in a building at 127th Street. He was covered with flying splinters of glass, which cut his clothes and slightly injured his hands. He reported the accident to the East 126th Street station and went home.

Two plate glass windows in the store of the Pope Drug Company, at the southeast corner of Broadway and 160th Street, one of them ten feet square and the other eight feet square, were broken in and the stock inside damaged by the wind. The sidewalk was covered with splintered glass.

HEAVY SNOW AT SARATOGA.

Northwest Blizzard Sweeps Over the Lower Adirondacks Region.

SARATOGA, Dec. 15. — Interurban trolley traffic in this region virtually was at a standstill to-night, owing to an eight inch fall of snow. A northwest blizzard began in the afternoon, increasing in violence throughout the day. The snow fall covered the lower Adriondacks and to-night there was no indication of a let-up.

The drop in temperature which accompanied the storm is a disappointment to farmers and mill workers. Rain was hoped for to replenish hundreds of wells which are now dry, and raise the level of the Hudson River and its tributaries, now at low water mark.

STEAMER LOST, 24 DROWNED

German Vessel Palermo Wrecked in a Gale Off the Spanish Coast.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—The German steamer Palermo is a total wreck off Cape Corrubodo, on the west coast of Spain. Her five passengers and her crew of nineteen were lost.

Advices received to-day state that the vessel struck and went to pieces in a fierce gale on Sunday night.

The Palermo was a freight and passenger vessel of 686 tons.

She was last reported arriving at Hamburg from Palermo on Nov. 27. She was probably on her return trip when wrecked.

STEAMER AFIRE.

Maryland at Sewalls Point, Va., to Land Passengers, Some Bound Here.

NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 15.—The steamer Maryland of the New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk Railroad is on fire, and has put in at Sewalls Point to discharge her passengers.

The steamer left Norfolk at 6:15 to-night for Cape Charles with passengers for New York and Philadelphia. The fire is reported to be amidships.

The sailors probably saved the lives of many passengers. One named Stone hung over the side of the steamer while several companions held his feet. He burst a window leading to the freight hold and turned a stream of water on the fire, holding that position for fifteen minutes while the Maryland raced with all speed to the pier. Most of the passengers were at supper when the fire was discovered.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Dec. 15.—Five tugs of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad, three of which are fire-fighting craft, have gone to the aid of the Maryland, reported to be on fire off Jamestown Exposition Grounds in Chesapeake Bay.

Details are lacking, as only communication is by water.

JOHN MITCHELL
Will tell some of the dangers confronting American workingmen in this age of specialization in an article in
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

BROADWAY MURRAY'S NEAR TIMES SQUARE

Restaurateur Follows the Lights and Leases a Building for a Hotel and Eating House.

PAYS $50,000 A YEAR RENT

Old Albany Apartments Which He Takes Over Sold Ten Years Ago for $500,000—Now Worth $1,500,000.

Following the movement toward Broadway in Times Square and directly north of it of the hotel and restaurant life of the city, John L. Murray, the restaurateur, has taken a twenty-one-year lease on the old Albany Apartments on the west side of Broadway between Fifty-first and Fifty-second Streets. Mr. Murray moved a few years ago from Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street to Forty-second Street, west of Seventh Avenue, within half a block of the Times Building. He will build the most ambitious of all his restaurants on the newest site.

The new Murray project is three blocks north of the restaurant and hotel which the Bustanoby Brothers will call the Palais des Beaux Arts.

Concentrated in the Times Square section, in its lower borders, are some of the great restaurants of the city and among the best in the world. Two new additions to the group this Winter are the new Shanley's, which opened on the west side of the square early in the Winter, and the new Rector's, on the east side, which entertains the public for the first time on New Year's Eve.

The Murray lease illustrates the rapid advances in the valuation of Times Square properties. About ten years ago the plot was purchased by John J. Emery for $500,000. The twenty-one-year lease taken by Mr. Murray is for a rental of from $45,000 to $55,000 a year, or over $1,000,000 for the full term. This places upon the property a valuation of between $1,500,000 and $1,750,000, an accretion of 300 per cent. in a decade.

The site has a Broadway frontage of 201.10 feet, with 108.2 in Fifty-first Street and 108.11 in Fifty-second Street. The property is controlled by the Girard Trust Company of Philadelphia, which represents the owner, the Emery estate. The old Hotel Lincoln property is on the opposite Fifty-second Street corner, and diagonally opposite, to the south, is the new Lew Fields's Music Hall, once the American Horse Exchange.

Mr. Murray said yesterday that he had taken the plot in recognition of the rapid growth of the Times Square district as the great amusement and hotel centre of the city. His plan is to build a high-class hotel and restaurant, but for the present the Albany Apartment Building will be altered for commercial purposes chiefly. Plans for these alterations are now being prepared.

Negotiations for the lease were conducted by Henry D. Winans & May, who recently leased for the Emery estate another Broadway property a little further uptown. This was the old Windsor apartment house on the southeast corner of Broadway and Fifty-fourth Street, which Scott & Griffith leased for fifteen years, and are altering for business purposes.

TOOK A CENT FOR GOLD PIECE

Woman Who Gave It as Payment for $10 Rent Is Arrested.

A new, bright Lincoln penny was the undoing of Mrs. Ernestine Robitza, a poor widow, of Carlstadt, N. J. She gave it to her landlord for a $10 goldpiece, and he, wholly deceived by the brilliancy of the coin, accepted it, and gave her a receipt for a month's rent. But he was rudely shocked when he offered the coin at a Carlstadt grocery store in payment for some purchases, and waited for the change. He couldn't understand why the clerk laughed, and when he heard the name of President Lincoln mentioned he took off his hat. But when the piece was returned to him he realized the mistake.

Hurriedly he went to the widow's home and demanded 999 more Lincoln pennies, but the poor widow had none. Then her arrest followed, and in default of bail she was committed to the Hackensack Jail, charged, as the paper says, "for obtaining a month's rent under false pretenses."

This is the first case of its kind ever heard of in the Hackensack Jail. The widow has two children. These were taken to the Children's Home. The landlord is Tony Delesa.

RAILROADS ASK MEDIATION.

Engineers' Wage Demands to be Dealt with Under Erdman Act.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Sixty-one railroads, operating southwest and north of Chicago, have appealed to United States Commissioner of Labor Charles P. Neill and to Chairman Martin Knapp of the Inter-State Commerce Commission to mediate in the wage controversy with the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

When the question of wages was first raised by the engineers they demanded an increase of about 27 per cent. of the old wage scale. This was brought down during the negotiations to about 17 per cent. increase, and the railroads, through the Managers' Association, offered an increase of 9½ per cent.

Here the matter hung, while the engineers took a strike vote. This was announced recently by President Warren S. Stone as 97.5 per cent. in favor of a strike. Notwithstanding this vote, the railroads repeated their offer, and upon the renewed refusal of the engineers, the railroads to-day decided to appeal to the officials indicated as mediators under the Erdman act.

Warren S. Stone, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, said to-day that he had been notified of the railroads' appeal, but the mediators had not yet tendered their services.

CHRISTMAS SHIP IN AFTER A STORMY TRIP

Mauritania Passes Quarantine in Early Morning After Braving a Sixty-Mile Gale.

PASSENGERS TO LAND TO-DAY

She Brings 4,324 Sacks of Mail, and the Work of Preparing Her for the Return Trip Is On Already.

The giant Cunard liner Mauretania, a Christmas ship for two continents, was sighted five miles southeast of Fire Island at 11:34 o'clock last night. She passed in by the Ambrose Channel Lightship at 1:08 o'clock this morning, raced on to Quarantine, which she reached at half-past 2 o'clock this morning. There two mailboats picked her up and made fast alongside, taking aboard the 6,324 sacks of Christmas mail, already piled up on her deck, and after a brief stop for clearance by the health authorities of the port, sped onward toward her pier as fast as conditions would permit.

She was expected to reach there between 3 and 3:30 o'clock, and every preparation had been made for her arrival. All night long Capt. Roberts, Marine Superintendent of the Cunard Line, had had ten tugs waiting to assist the vessel alongside. Waiting in the slip were eighteen barges containing the 6,200 tons of coal it will be necessary to put in the vessel's bunkers for her swift return voyage across the Atlantic. Twelve gangs of men, about 300 in all, were waiting to begin work as soon as the coal chutes were uncovered. The twelve gangs, it is figured, can load the liner at the rate of 300 tons an hour.

One tug having on board twelve riggers was already out in the stream. Their task was to get aboard and make ready the cargo-handling machinery so there would not be a second's delay when the big liner rubbed her length alongside the pier. The Mauretania brings about 1,000 tons of cargo. This must be unloaded and about 800 tons of cargo stowed away in the short interval between her arrival this morning and departure tomorrow evening.

With the riggers was the purchasing agent of the Cunard Line. He needed a report from the chief steward detailing just what stores were necessary to replenish the Mauretania's larder for the journey back to Liverpool. These will be bought first thing this morning for delivery aboard the Mauretania before nightfall. The tremendous quantity of washing from the liner will also be taken off this morning. That must be back, washed, ironed and ready for use by tomorrow afternoon.

The Mauretania's passengers are not expected to come ashore until 7:30 this morning. No revenue cutter took the Customs Service boarding officers out to the vessel at Quarantine, and this makes it necessary for the Deputy Collectors of the boarding staff to be at the Cunard pier early to gather up the passengers' declarations preparatory to turning them over to the inspection force which examines baggage and collects duties. The Inspectors detailed for this work are instructed to be at the pier at 7:15 A. M. Those having pier passes and expecting to meet friends will not be allowed on the pier until 7:30 A. M.

Arrangements have been made with the Custom House for the removal of passenger baggage to the pier before the regular force of customs men is in charge, so that delay is avoided in this particular. In fact, from the minute the gangways are up it will be hustle and bustle until the last mail bag is on board and the order is given to cast off the lines.

The day's runs for the Mauretania on her voyage westward have been 63 knots from Daunt's Rock to noon, Sunday; 387 knots to noon, Monday; 616 to noon, Tuesday; 639 to noon, Wednesday; 680 to noon, yesterday. She passed Nantucket, 198 miles from Sandy Hook at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon and caught the full force of the gale from the northwest between 6 o'clock and 7 o'clock. The Weather Bureau here reported this gale attained a velocity of sixty miles an hour, but soon afterward moderated to forty-two miles an hour.

The American liner Philadelphia sails this morning at 10 o'clock, a day earlier than her regular scheduled time, that she may land her mail in England in time for delivery by Christmas Day. Under the line's mail contract with the United States Government the Philadelphia, which is one of the few transatlantic liners flying the American flag, will transport one of the largest consignments of European mail sent out of New York this year.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ON BOARD S. S. MAURETANIA, Dec. 15, (via Sagaponack, L. I.)—Although a strong northwesterly gale and a high sea are buffeting us when this dispatch is sent (11:20 P. M.) the steamship Mauretania is steadily making her way to port at her usual 25 knots an hour, and we expect to reach the Ambrose Lightship about midnight.

The reckoning at noon to-day showed that the Mauretania had made a day's run of 635 miles, at an average speed of 25.50 knots an hour. Her skipper expects to dock her at 2 A. M., and immediately the process of discharging her cargo and refilling her bunkers and larder in readiness for sailing time to-morrow evening will begin.

To-day's pool on the run, for which the winning number cost $19, produced $528. It was won by the same New Zealand merchant who won it yesterday. The temperature of the sea, which was at freezing point last night, jumped to 41 degrees to-day, due to the influence of the Gulf Stream.

$5,000 FOR MRS. JOHN CUDAHY

Annual Income from Cudahy Estate, Provided She Remains Single.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 15.—Five thousand dollars a year, provided she does not marry and is not guilty of any "proved misconduct," is the basis of settlement made between the late Michael Cudahy and Mrs. John Cudahy after the episode at the Cudahy home in Kansas City, where Jere Lillis, the banker, was knifed by John Cudahy.

This fact became known here to-day for the first time when one of the members of the Cudahy family read a statement by Mrs. Cudahy in Chicago that she was there to play Santa Claus to her children.

"She can't play Santa Claus to her children in Chicago," said this man, "because the children are here in Southern California, and here they are going to stay. Two weeks ago they were sent to the Ramona Convent, near Alhambra. The family is bound by Michael Cudahy's agreement of settlement with Mrs. Cudahy to educate the children and to pay each of the four $130,000 on his or her twenty-first birthday."

AN ACCEPTABLE CHRISTMAS PRESENT
[illegible] Wines, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00. ... & SONS CO., 156 Fulton St., N. Y.

ANOTHER BATTLE IN MEXICO.

Severe Fighting Yesterday Near Scene of Conflict of Sunday.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, Dec. 15.—Severe fighting between insurgents and Federal troops is reported to-day near San Andres, about thirty miles east of the scene of Sunday's battle at Cerro Prieto.

No statement as to the loss of life is obtainable.

To-night's train, due at 6 o'clock, had not arrived at 9, and the last report stated that it would not be in until morning. At this point in the dispatch regarding the train the wires were cut. According to reports here the train was stopped near Rosario, just east of Pedernales. The train usually carries a number of mining men from the United States.

HUGE TRAFFIC IN CHINESE.

Smugglers Get $2,500 for Healthy Men and $2,000 for Women Laborers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 15.—That the investigations following the smuggling into San Francisco of fifteen contraband Chinamen on Dec. 4 on the steamship Manchuria may result in the uncovering of a gigantic traffic in Orientals, in which white men are engaged, was the statement made to-day by Frederick S. Stratton, Collector of the Port of San Francisco.

A schedule of prices has been fixed by the purchasers of the Oriental laborers, a healthy male adult being worth $2,500 and a woman $2,000.

COUNTERFEIT UNION LABELS.

Samuel Gompers Makes Complaint and Grand Jury Will Investigate.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, and Secretary Morrison of the federation, went to District Attorney Whitman yesterday and complained that a number of manufacturers in the city were using counterfeit union labels on their goods. A list of names was given Mr. Whitman by Mr. Gompers, and the Grand Jury will take up the complaint at once.

3-YEAR-OLD DOG BITE FATAL.

Humane Society Agent Develops Hydrophobia After Long Wait.

NASHUA, N. H., Dec. 15.—The bite of a dog three years ago caused the death here to-day of Charles I. Richards, 48 years old, local agent for the New Hampshire Woman's Humane Society.

Richards was taken ill Monday with pneumonia and yesterday symptoms of hydrophobia developed.

PLAYWRIGHT DENIES CHARGES

Armstrong Asks Release from Paying Alimony in Wife's Suit.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Dec. 15.—Paul Armstrong, the playwright, who was recently sued for divorce in the local court by his wife, Rella A. Armstrong, entered a plea to-day, denying all of the material allegations of the bill, including the charges of infidelity and cruelty. He also denies that his wife has not lived with him since the mater upon which the suit is based, came to her attention.

Armstrong furtheir denies that his average income is $3,000 per month, as stated by his wife, though he admits that he has made that much at times. His real property in this section, he states, is heavily mortgaged and he asks that the court release the amount allowed his wife for counsel fee and alimony pending the suit. No third party has yet appeared in the suit.

SIXTH AVE. CARS BLOCKED.

Trolley Traffic Delayed Two Hours by a Short Circuit.

Trolley traffic in Sixth Avenue was tied up for two hours after 7 o'clock last night because of a short circuit in a car on the southbound tracks at Thirty-eighth Street. The arm of the car which gathers the current from the third rail became what is known to railroad men as water-logged.

The trouble communicated itself to the northbound tracks through the underground slot with the result that not a car could move from Forty-second to Thirty-fourth Street. At these points the crossing of other tracks acted as a circuit breaker, so that cars above and below these points could be operated. They, too, were held up, however, as they were unable to pass the stalled cars.

There were four women and two men passengers in the car in which the short circuit occurred, and they fled from the car, the women in a panic, when blue flames began to shoot up about the sides of the car. An emergency crew managed to put out the flames, but they had to remove the plow from the car before it could be moved again.

GIRL SAVES EIGHT FROM FIRE

Rescues Mother and Sister and Arouses Six Harvard Men.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 15.—Through the bravery of Elizabeth Welsh, a thirteen-year-old girl, the lives of six Harvard students and of her mother and little sister were saved at a fire which ruined Mrs. Hannah T. Welsh's boarding house early this morning. Mrs. Welsh woke about 5 o'clock to hear the crackling of flames underneath and find the bedroom filled with smoke, and fainted. Her movements aroused the girl, who sleeps with her. Elisabeth carried her mother to the street below and staggered back into the building half fainting, groping her way along the corridors, and aroused the students.

In the attic her younger sister was sleeping. Miss Welsh struggled up to the room and found her overcome by smoke. She carried her sister to a place of safety, and then fainted.

The students formed a bucket brigade and fought the flames until the arrival of the fire department. The house was thoroughly gutted. None of its occupants could save anything from the flames.

BABY ON SUBWAY TRACKS.

Unhurt by 16-Foot Fall from 116th Street Bridge—Woman Rescues Her.

Mrs. Sarah Gowrie of 2,228 Amsterdam Avenue and her little daughter, Elsie, 1 year and 10 months old, entered the 116th Street and Broadway Subway Station at 9:40 o'clock last night to take a train uptown to their home. A bridge crosses the tracks, sixteen feet above them, over which passengers pass from the central entrance to the up or downtown tracks.

Mrs. Gowrie stopped on the bridge to adjust her hat, and Elsie ran to the iron railing along its side. Suddenly the mother was startled to hear her child scream, and she ran to the side of the bridge in time to see the child tumble to the tracks below.

Crying out herself, Mrs. Gowrie ran down the stairs to the train platform, but before she got there a woman who had been waiting for a train jumped on to the tracks and picked the baby up.

Dr. Furgeson was called from the J. Hood Wright Hospital, but he could find nothing the matter with the little girl, and Mrs. Gowrie took her daughter home.

URGE DEMOCRATS TO DESERVE VICTORY

Speakers at Democratic Club Dinner Warn Leaders That the Party Is on Probation.

AN OVATION TO GOV. DIX

Foss Brings Cheers When He Says Roosevelt Gave Him 30,000 Votes—Wants "Lodge In Some Wilderness."

Jubilation over the recent election, tempered with conservative promises to carry out the will of the people as well as the offering of much wholesome advice as to how to keep the Democratic party in power, was the trend of the speches delivered last night at the dinner of the National Democratic Club at the Waldorf. Although only two out of the six Democratic Governors-elect who had been invited, John A. Dix of New York and Eugene M. Foss of Massachusetts, were present, the thousand other prominent Democrats at the tables furnished plenty of enthusiasm.

The elected Governors who had been invited, but were not present, were: Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, Judson Harmon of Ohio, Frederick E. Plaisted of Maine, and Simon E. Baldwin of Connecticut. Mr. Plaisted is ill with pneumonia and the others had previous engagements.

An Ovation to Dix.

Gov.-elect Dix was enthusiastically received by the guests At the mention of his name by Norman E. Mack, the toastmaster, the diners broke into prolonged cheers, and when he arose to speak the guests stood up and yelled themselves hoarse. The mention of the names of Gov.-elect Wilson and Gov. Harmon also produced long cheering.

Gov.-elect Dix outlined the growth and development of the State; and made a strong plea for the conservation of the State's natural resources, which he said had been treated in an extravagant and wasteful manner in the past. He referred to the responsibility which the people had put upon the Democratic Party, and said that he felt sure that it would prove equal to the opportunity.

Gov.-elect Foss set the diners cheering when he alluded to the assistance which he said Col. Roosevelt gave when he spoke against him in Massachusetts. The Colonel's visit, he said, was worth 30,000 votes.

Referring to "a certain literary person," which the crowd instantly took to mean Senator Lodge, Mr. Foss said there was one thing besides being Governor that he wanted. It was to "have a Lodge in some vast wilderness."

"And before I speak again I hope I'll land him there," said Mr. Foss amid laughter.

Our Situation Like That in England.

Mr. Foss likened the political situation in this country to the contest the people of England are having with the House of Lords. In order to effect an honest revision of the tariff, he said, or any legislation in the interest of the people, our Senators must be virtually elected by popular vote. Some of the most flagrant abuses of the present tariff should be repealed immediately, he declared, and demanded free wheat, potatoes, eggs, beef and cattle. He strongly advocated free trade with Canada, Mexico and every other country in South America and declared that reciprocity was the true Democratic policy.

The absence of Gov.-elect Wilson of New Jersey moved Mr. Littleton to comment at length on the Senatorial contest in Jersey.

"If Gov.-elect Wilson has run away from this dinner," he said, "in order to go into his own State and face what he has started there, he is indeed a brave man. It would have been better had he stayed in New York, for here we have not started anything of that kind.

"Indeed, we have not started it, and I have a mind to start it now. If I could name the man I would prefer to have in the United States Senate I would—but, gentlemen, do not tremble in your boots, I am not going any further.

Mr. Littleton's voice dropped, and when some one called "Louder!" he retorted: "I am speaking about the Senatorship, and it was not meant for you to hear. I am speaking only to the organization.

"But if I were Governor," he continued in a louder tone, "of Massachusetts or of New Jersey or of New York I would paint the picture of a man who is morally and socially so well equipped that he could not help but be a great Senator. And then I would add one more qualification. I would say that he must be a man whose blood runs warm from the crown of his head to the soles of his feet, and knows the human beings of his State."

In his letter Governor-elect Wilson referred to the present demand for statesmanship of a high order if the Democratic Party is to be a constructive power and fearless leadership if it is to be elevated to a new level.

Broken promises of the Republican leaders were responsible for the recent Democratic landslide, declared Gov. Harmon in his letter. Only the idea of devotion to the common interest should animate Democrats, he said. Among the long list of guests were John H. McCooey, Augustus Van Wyck, J. Sargeant Cram, John F. Fitzgerald, Francis K. Pendleton, Henry A. Gildersleeve, Charles F. Murphy, Herman Ridder, Edward M. Shepard, the Right Rev. Mgr. Lavelle, Martin W. Littleton, Austin L. Crothers, Governor of Maryland; Jared Y. Sanders, Governor of Louisiana; Winfield A. Huppuch, D Cady Herrick, David R. Francis, E. C. Benedict, Morgan J. O'Brien, Henry Dugro, and Edward E. McCall.

"Last November it was up to the people to do the right thing, and they did it," said Norman E. Mack. "Now it is up to the leaders of the Democratic Party. This victory came to us because the American people were voting men out of office and not in, and they will do the same to us if we do not do the right thing."

Mayor Gaynor who was to have been present sent word that his physician had advised against his coming, and Alton B. Parker sent word that he had been called to Washington on important business. "Just four years too late," said Secretary Dunlap as he read his telegram of regret.

Governor-elect Dix was the first speaker.

Mr. Dix's Address.

After speaking of the growth of New York and its valuable natural and manufacturing resources, Mr. Dix continued:

"But the vast manufacturing interests of the State constitute one of our mainstays, and those who are intrusted with the administration of public affairs should carefully study all problems having to do with the development and conservation of our natural resources, to the end that none of them may go to waste. Every effort should be made to preserve and utilize them in every way for the public good.

"During much of our history we have treated our natural resources in an extravagant and prodigal manner. We have hardly paused to study carefully the problems not alone of increasing our wealth, but also of conserving and making most of the advantages with which nature has so richly endowed us. In the ease with which we were able to obtain fuel abroad we have not counted the tremendous price which, in the aggregate, we pay for it.

"We have largely overlooked the sources of power which were within our own borders—much of which we have ruthlessly destroyed by stripping our mountains of the forests which covered them. From

these, with prudence and care, we might obtain quantities of water and of energy which would supply not alone our great cities with the water which is absolutely essential to health and comfort, but also take the place of the fuel which at such great expense and cost we annually bring into the State.

"Until a comparatively recent period we have overlooked and neglected the building up and development of the great water powers which nature has opened to us in the practically exhaustless and wonderful streams of Northern New York, that for so long a time have run idly and unchained to the sea. The wonderful inventions of modern days, which enable us to harness the different forces of nature and transport power and energy for great distances without material loss, present to us here in New York an opportunity of which, in the interests of the people, we should avail ourselves. We could thus render ourselves largely independent of any sources of supply outside our own borders and place ourselves in a position which would prevent the tremendous loss we now sustain by permitting these resources to go unused.

"A constructive administration of our affairs requires the proper development of all the resources of the State. Coal in New York State costs the manufacturer much more than it costs his competitor in any of the coal-producing States. Cheap power is vital to manufacturers and to continued industrial supremacy, and water, with which we have been so bountifully supplied, is practically the one mighty natural resource of our State for the development of power—the vital and fundamental requisite to the prosperity and comfort of a great industrial commonwealth.

"Our sister States, in that generous spirit of rivalry, which is characteristic of the best in American life, are struggling to reach, and, if possible, surpass the standard of industrial progress which we have set and we must be constantly up and doing in order to maintain our relative position among them.

Need of Encouraging Industries.

"We should by wise laws and the enforcement of present laws encourage every industry that makes for the progress and prosperity of our great State of New York. This subject merits and should receive from our best minds the most careful thought and the most serious consideration. Anything which will bring to our State new industries; anything which will help the growth of our existing industries, helps not alone the State, but every individual citizen in the State. We are all citizens before we are partisans and the questions which affect the material interests and natural resources of the State should be approached and studied and decided in a spirit which will best conserve and advance the interests of the whole people. This question of the conservation of our public resources is one which is now agitating and appealing to the entire people of the country.

"Some of our political opponents are talking as if the subject were an entirely new one and had been just discovered or created by them, yet any one familiar with the history of our State will know that it has long been a cardinal principle of the Democratic Party, as will be shown by a study or perusal of the State papers of the great Democratic Governors, Seymour, Tilden, Cleveland, Hill, and Flower. We are faced with a great responsibility in this State, to properly administer the power which the people have so unqualifiedly and so squarely placed in our hands. I am confident that we shall prove equal in every way to our task and shall so administer the business of the people, including all questions having to do with the industrial and business problems before us, as to strengthen and increase the public confidence which we now enjoy and add new lustre to the Democratic Party for efficiency, honesty, and integrity in the administration of public affairs."

Governor-elect Foss was cheered for several minutes when he arose to speak.

Foss Says Roosevelt Helped Him.

"It is with particular pleasure that I have accepted your invitation to-night," said Gov.-elect Foss. "I have had an unusually kindly feeling for New Yorkers since the election in November when you sent to Massachusetts your most conspicuous citizen from Oyster Bay. He rendered us an invaluable service in the campaign, and competent authority says his visit was worth 30,000 votes. In fact, he helped us so generously all over the country that I think he is entitled to honorary membership at least.

"As most of you know, I am a manufacturer, and have been for thirty years —also a large employer of labor—and it is out of my experience as a manufacturer and an employer of labor that I want to speak to you to-night. What I shall say has borne in upon me from the conditions which have existed in New England and the country generally for the past twenty-five years.

"I want to say at the outset that I am a protectionist and I deplore the extent to which so wise a policy has been debauched by selfish privileged interests. The protection which I believe in carries with it a large measure of reciprocity. In fact, I believe that protection without reciprocity is indefensible, that the one is the compensatory policy for the other. Now my advocacy of this kind of protection ruled me out of the Republican party in Massachusetts. Yet these principles brought me a plurality of more than 35,000 over my stand-pat Republican opponent, and it has been said from fifty thousand to one hundred thousand of my votes came from those who had followed me out of the Republican party.

"Before we can get any honest revision of the tariff the Senate itself must be revised. Our Senators must be more responsive to the will of the people. We are having much the same contest here with our Senate that the people of England are having with the House of Lords. For our Senate has been gradually becoming representative of the privileged classes, as is the House of Lords, and no progressive legislation can be secured until the Senators reflect the progressive spirit of the people.

"And in order to effect an honest revision of the tariff—or any legislation in the interest of the people—our Senators must be virtually elected by popular vote. In this way only can the Senate be made responsive to the will of the people.

"The direct primary—and the election of United States Senators by the people—will eliminate the lobby and its train of corruption.

"The result this Fall indicates that the right start has been made. The people are turning over the Government to our party, and it is up to us to make good. It should be no part of our work to tear down—but rather to build up. It won't be sufficient for us to repeal the iniquitous Payne-Aldrich bill without putting some constructive measure in its place.

"Our Republican friends, in their tariff legislation of late, have entirely lost sight of the foreign market—they have ignored completely our best customers; and the Payne-Aldrich bill (instead of making some promise for at least a measure of commercial reciprocity as the Dingley and McKinley measures did) absolutely eliminates it.

"The people are in no mood for shilly-shallying or delays. Some of the most flagrant abuses in the present tariff measure should be repealed immediately. For example, all food products and raw materials should be put on the free list at once and substantial reductions made in the duties on some of the manufactured products. We should have free wheat, free potatoes, eggs, beef, and cattle. We should have free raw materials, such as coal, iron, wool, lumber, pulp wood, and wood pulp.

Wants Tariff Graft Eliminated.

"The people have been buncoed and hoodwinked to such an extent that they have lost confidence and patience, and they want at least to see the graft which is in the present tariff cut out without formality or delay. They are demanding that the cost of living shall surely not be any higher in this country than it is in Canada; and that, to this end, food products shall be placed on the free list, whether Canada meets us on that ground or not."

Enough revenue could be obtained to carry on the Government, said Mr. Foss, by having an income tax.

"Free trade on this continent," he continued, "would give this country an impetus for the next 100 years and would establish us permanently as the greatest commercial power of the world. The reciprocal relations with Canada and Mexico should next extend to every country in South America. We consider ourselves politically the guardians of the South American continent. The logical conclusion of this assumption is that we must extend to South America the rights of at least fair trade. And this we have never done.

"We are shutting ourselves out from the food supplies and raw materials of that vast continent to our own injury through the short-sightedness of this absurd commercial policy. We can never hope to build up a transportation system with these countries to the southward until we are willing to load the ships both ways. And that is what reciprocity does. It fills our ships going and coming.

"No wonder the people have lost confidence in the Republican Party. No wonder they have turned to the party of opposition. Our party is being given power as a protest against the Republican Senate in betraying the right of the people and selling them out to the great privileged interests. The monopolistic interests have been too largely in control. This is our opportunity. We must prove ourselves equal to it."

Secretary Dunlap then read the letters from Mr. Wilson and Mr. Harmon. In his letter Mr. Wilson said:

Wilson Discusses Nation's Needs.

It is with most genuine regret that I find it impossible to accept the invitation of the National Democratic Club, and be present with it on the evening of Dec. 15. Nothing but imperative public duties has prevented my accepting an invitation that was so attractive and so important.

May I not beg that you will convey my very cordial and respectful greetings to the club and to its distinguished guests. I congratulate them and all those who have won the confidence of the people on their opportunity to serve it and to give the great Democratic Party a role of constructive power in an age which awaits nothing less than a reorganization of the forces of society, and in which a statemanship is demanded which will be not only progressive, but infinitely thoughtful, scrupulously moderate, fearlessly fair.

So far it would seem as if we had tried only stimulation and development in our effort to serve the Union. We have tried the building up of great interests through fostering them by favoring processes of policy and of legislation. We have seemed to let all the great forces of the Nation loose upon a disordered field. It remains to attempt readjustment, reaccommodation, the creation of a common interest both in our consciousness and in our legislation.

It is partly a task of comprehension; of sympathy; of insight. The programme must follow the lines of real need and of genuine accommodation.

Some part of what we must do is clear, and though it must be stated in very general terms, it is none the less definite on that account. In the first place we must insist at every stage upon discovering what the facts are and what inference can be justly based upon them. We must do this by thorough debate in our legislative bodies and out of them; public debate; debate extended to all classes of society; the complete uncovering of the elements we have to deal with.

When that process has gone far enough to create public opinion every step we take must be grounded upon that opinion, not upon what special interests urge, but upon what the common thought comprehends and approves. It is no small matter to create public opinion of the genuine sort, and when it is created it should govern absolutely.

It can govern only if we see to it that it is genuinely represented by some direct and simple process in every legislative assembly, and in every office where the power of guidance and determination is exercised. A frank, genuine, responsible representation of the people is the basis of every just government. This is the problem which not only our people themselves and our parties have to solve, in the electoral machinery which they construct and use, but it is the problem which our State Legislatures have also to solve in the choice of Senators of the United States, and they should solve it with a very sensitive regard for their obvious duty as spokesmen, not masters, of the people they represent.

There must be added, if the common interest is to be served, fearless leadership. Not leadership whose object is the aggrandizement of parties, or the aggrandizement of the leaders themselves, but leadership which is elevated to a new level and with a genuine desire to personify a common impulse rather than seek a private end.

Gov. Harmon wrote:

Gov. Harmon's Letter.

As public duties deny me the pleasure of attending the meeting on the 15th inst., I must write my greetings, because I am not willing to be absent entirely. Like all the members of the club, I am deeply gratified because the people of so many States have again called our party into service.

But this feeling is tempered by the responsibility those of us assume who have been chosen to act for it. Being myself one of these, I realize that we must justify the confidence so signally expressed or the victory at the polls will not be cause for rejoicing. And we shall not do this if the conduct of the public business falls below the standards of the campaign.

The specific things which controlled the election were the broken promises of the Republican leaders respecting the tariff taxes and their extravagance in public expenditures. But these are merely symptoms of degeneration from the true ideals of public service in Governments maintained by the people for their sole and equal benefit. We must bring back into view and strive to carry out the idea of single-eyed devotion to the common interest which makes the use of public positions in any other behalf a species of embezzlement, or the change of parties will be of no avail.

Mere personal desires, selfish purposes, and importunities for special favor must be swept aside, and all public authority be employed for the general good alone. The Government must be worthy of the people, and it cannot be so unless it reflects their high character and patriotic purposes. I join with the other recently chosen Governors in the assurance that by no failure or flinching on our part to do our duty, as it shall be given us to see it, shall the party which nominated or the people who elected us have reason to regret their choice.

When Secretary Dunlap finished reading the letters some one proposed three cheers for both absentees, and they were given with a will. Martin Littleton, the next speaker, then said:

Littleton Warns Against Over-Confidence.

Congressman-elect Martin W. Littleton, in discussing the National aspects of the prospective Democratic administration in New York State, warned against allowing the joy of victory to expand into a spirit of over-confidence.

"We must not deceive ourselves," he said, "with the idea that the country has decided to be Democratic. Rather, it has decided not to be Republican, and to suspend judgment for a little while upon us. As we take hold we can give either apprehension or assurance according to the manner in which we grapple our problems and the show of purpose we make to solve them upon sound principles. Nothing we have done in the past can settle the problems that confront us for the future. So powerful are they that they have shattered party lines and have broken the shell of partisanship everywhere.

"If there is one thing demonstrated by the last election it is that the people demand that their statesmen respond to their needs, look after their interests, instead of selfishly preserving party organizations."

Turning to the tariff, Mr. Littleton declared that the Democrats must never forget that business has adjusted itself to the tariff tax through fifty years of growth, and that this established fact must be given broad consideration. He said that business interests had cried out so effectively against all general revisions, and consumers had cried out so effectively for revision that something had to be done now, and that the creating of an "impartial agency" was the way to do it.

"The Democratic Party," he said, "should at once set itself to work for the removal of the tariff on the necessities of life, which constitute the food and clothing of the country. It should never be possible for the Government to render the slightest assistance to any concern in order to enable that concern to enhance the cost of the necessary food and clothing of the people. I believe the Democratic Party will go directly to work to destroy the alliance between the Government and those industries which have enhanced the cost of life's necessities."

Among other prominent Democrats at the tables were August Belmont, John D. Crimmins, Joseph Cassidy, William J. Conners, Daniel F. Cohalan, Philip F. Donohue, Supreme Court Justice Vernon M. Davis, Justice Joseph M. Deuel, Justice James W. Gerard, Martin H. Glynn, Col. George B. Harvey, Joseph Haag, Herman A. Metz, William McAdoo, Judge Joseph F. Mulqueen, Judge Joseph F. Moss, Dudley F. Malone, De Lancey Nicoll, Morris Rose, William F. Sheehan, John B. Stanchfield, and Samuel Untermyer.

Big Bronx Post Office.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—A bill appropriating $1,200,000, inclusive of $225,000 already authorized for the acquisition of a site and erection of a building for a Post Office and other Government uses in the Borough of the Bronx, New York City, was introduced to-day by Representative Goulden of New York.

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NEW ARMY REPORT TO GO TO CONGRESS

Dickinson Consults Taft and Root and Is Overruled About Disclosing Marked Weaknesses.

WAR ESTIMATES UNCHANGED

Economy Policy Bars Voting Money for Defenses—Dickinson Reminds Taft and Root of Their Records.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—An armistice between the President and his Secretary of War was agreed on to-day, under cover of which the Secretary is making ready for a flank movement within a few days by sending another communication in regard to the military weakness of the United States.

Secretary Dickinson was unresponsive to all overtures for a discussion of the incident, saying that he should not take any action on the letter to-day. The President sent for Senator Root and Secretary Dickinson, and a conference was held in regard to the position taken by the War Secretary and the Chief of Staff of the army, Major Gen. Leonard Wood. The latter was not at the conference, although the President desired his presence. He had to be at the Capitol to meet the House Military Committee to consider the items of the Appropriation bill.

At the conference at the White House Secretary Dickinson was outvoted by two to one, the President and Mr. Root agreeing that it was unwise to lay bare to the world in a document sent to Congress the unpreparedness of our army and our coast defenses for attack by a foreign foe.

Recalls Taft as War Secretary.

Mr. Dickinson did not refrain from speaking out very plainly, and called the attention of the President to his own record while Secretary of War, when he urged first of all the strongest sort of defenses for the Philippines and also for the Pacific Coast. All that had been stated in the returned letter about the weakness of coast defenses, he said, had been stated by the President in his annual report as Secretary of War in the Fall of 1907, and, as a result, Congress the following session had increased the coast artillery by 6,000 men and officers. The Secretary also harked back very pointedly to the able recommendations made by Mr. Root in 1902 as Secretary of War, when he elaborated the plan by which the Coast Artillery was to be increased ultimately to 55,000, and the militia of the States was to be organized into a Coast Artillery Reserve to furnish as many more men and officers. When the conference broke up it was the understanding that the President would prefer that no communication at all be sent to Congress in regard to the defenseless condition of the country, and that no effort be made to urge Congress to appropriate any more than the ordinary amounts for the military establishment.

New Letter to Congress.

Mr. Dickinson on his return to the War Department announced that he had decided to prepare a new letter to Congress, and a dozen officers on the General Staff and a force of clerks and typewriters became busy within a few minutes and kept at work until midnight on the new communication. This letter is to contain such parts of the secret appendix of the letter returned by Speaker Cannon yesterday as may properly be made public, with further matter as may be deemed germane. The contents of the appendix, where strictly confidential, will be typewritten, so that the Senate and House committees may have them for consultation and observe strict secrecy with them. Manifestly this plan is the Secretary's own idea. Yet it hardly seems likely that he would continue in direct opposition to the wishes of the President unless he had some authority for such action. On the Secretary's desk during the day was a large stack of printed copies of the contraband document which had leaked out into the newspapers. These copies had been returned to the Secretary by the press association and bore on the title-page the customary admonition against printing until released.

The backfire on Mr. Dickinson was started by Mr. Tawney, Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations. It seems that Representative Hobson has been in touch with the War Department in getting together the data of the suppressed letter, and had decided that it would offer a psychological moment for him to bring forward his favorite proposition of a Military Council. A few days before the Secretary's first letter was sent to the House he sought Mr. Tawney and told him about the idea of a Military Council, saying he had named the Chairman of Appropriations as a member of the council, and urged him to support it. In the course of the conversation he mentioned the forthcoming letter from the War Department, and told how remarkable were the statements it contained. This Tawney accepted in silence, but being inwardly much perturbed he lost no time in going to the White House to warn the President. He told Mr. Taft that if any such step was taken to increase army appropriations he would be unable to hold down the lid on appropriations. There would be a general stampede in the House, and all thought of economy might as well be thrown to the winds. This was a convincing view to the President's mind, and he at once told Mr. Dickinson to call back his letter, or, at any rate, make it entirely confidential.

Affair Amuses Army.

Among army and navy officers the whole affair causes laughter. Having the advantage of a view from the inside they applaud the daring of Mr. Dickinson.

"This is simply a matter of Dickinson and Wood," said an officer of high rank to-night. "We have had half a dozen Chiefs of Staff and several Secretaries who could have done this thing, but they didn't do it. Secretary Root and Gen. Murray convinced Congress that the coast defense system should be taken care of. Practically all you will find in this suppressed letter as to that side of our military system has been printed repeatedly in annual reports. But the needs of the infantry and the field artillery, in fact of the entire mobile army on which, in the last event, we must rely for adequate defense, has been kept dark, so far as Congress and the country could know.

"In the last two years all these questions of defense have been worked out at the Army and Navy War Colleges, and shameful as the fact may appear, the verdict has inevitably been against us. A year ago last Winter the problem of attack by Japan was most thoroughly worked out in a war game at the War College, and the umpires decided unanimously that Japan could take the Philippines with less than 40,000 men, and land and hold a base on the Pacific Coast in sixty days.

"Take the statements of the suppressed letter and concede the full equipment of the defenses on the Pacific Coast to-day, and the complete manning of all guns, with the militia as a sufficient reserve, and our entire mobile army available in two camps either at the North or between San Francisco and Los Angeles, from either of which they might move expeditiously against a landing force, and we could not possibly prevent an enemy landing almost anywhere out of range of the coast defense guns and holding a base. There are only four or five harbors that we pretend to fortify, and there are several little harbors where an enemy would be able to land a large force with supplies and equipment, and intrench before we could get to him with anything like an effective force.

Navy Remains Untested.

"We rely on our navy to ward off an armed expedition, but the enemy's fleet would also be there. Notwithstanding years of applause of our navy, our ships have never been put to a test that justifies our overweening confidence in it. When the fleet sailed around the world an Admiral, who knew, remarked in a conversation with a brother officer, that if events should require a fight, there was [illegible] minutes of it in the fleet. [illegible] would be the last [illegible] on board or available would last. Our fleet never carries high explosives. Every other navy in the world does.

"Seven years ago Germany learned from one of our own experiments what we seem to be learning now, that a ship can be sunk without a penetrating shot. Germany has not built a battleship since without two hulls within the outer one. The one in the middle has six-inch armor, so that a shell detonating against the outer plates would have its force spent before it touched the inner one, and the ship is thus trebly protected. We have gone on paying no attention to the demonstrated fact that impelled Germany to this course of construction. As a plain matter of common sense the Secretary of the Navy could also send a letter to Congress that would tell an appalling story of military weakness that would match this of Secretary Dickinson's."

Gen. Wood in his hearing before the House Military Committee to-day took up the line of explanation that he entered upon yesterday, showing how each coast was open to foreign attack, and what should be done to secure protection. To-day he gave a carefully prepared statement of the men that could be moved from other parts of the country to the Pacific Coast, beginning instantly after it was known that an expeditionary force was starting from the other side of the Pacific. The defenses already in position, men and guns were enumerated in detail, and their inadequacy clearly set out. The difficulties to be met by the Quartermaster's Department and the commissary in moving and feeding the army in such a movement was gone over. He told the committee that he thought the Hobson plan of a military council was a good one, and urged that there should be legislation to furnish a stable and even military policy which would insure the National safety.

It was called to Gen. Wood's attention to-night that a New York newspaper had to-day published the statement that he had said that war with Japan was only a matter of time. He at once denied that he had said such a thing, or anything that could be garbled into such a report, and asked that the denial be published as widely as possible.

CUMMINS DERIDED BY YOUNG.

New Senator from Iowa Also Rebukes Insurgents and Talks for Tariff.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—With mingled surprise and amusement the Senate to-day listened to a defense of standpat doctrines in the popular style of the lecture platform, generally considered typical of the orator of the progressives. Senator "Lafe" Young of Iowa, Mr. Cummins's colleague and enemy, was the spokesman, and held the floor for about an hour in his maiden effort. Speaker Cannon and Sereno E. Payne were in the audience, and Senator Cummins, who had been the out of many of his colleague's jests, was among the first to offer his compliments.

Mr. Young spoke in opposition to the Cummins resolution, which was aimed at establishing a joint rule for the revision of the tariff schedule by schedule. He attracted the attention of his hearers by asserting that Massachusetts was trying to force free trade upon a reluctant country, and then explained this novel charge against the seat of protection by referring to the election of Mr. Foss for Governor.

"If Mr. Foss would come to my State and repeat the speeches he has made in Boston," said Mr. Young, "he would insure my re-election, which just now seems very, very doubtful."

Under the McKinley tariff law, he declared, Iowa and Massachusetts had entered into a copartnership which had proved unsatisfactory to the New England State when Iowa had begun to reap her share of the benefit.

He contended that the adoption of the Foss platform would place Massachusetts on the same plane as Japan or China, for if the farmer were to receive no protection the farmers would go to the cheapest market for what they buy. He thought the tariff debate should be shut off.

"It would be a good thing if Congress should adjourn for two years. Legislation is a menace at times. Let us have a cessation of hostilities. This is the only way to insure a new era of prosperity."

Mr. Young submitted that the use of the word "progressive" was inadmissible. "It's an apology for being caught with the gang," he said. Addressing the insurgents directly, he added:

"You've got to come back to your father's house. I'm the keeper of the ark of the covenant, and I tell you that when Democrats are elected to the seats of William McKinley and James A. Garfield the circumstances should give you pause."

Speaking of the success of the Democracy, he predicted that that party would encounter much difficulty.

"But then," he declared, parenthetically, "they are used to it."

The Senate gasped when he alluded to its members in breezy fashion as "boys," and when he declared that the editors of the country and not Congress ruled the country the galleries laughed with the Senators.

Then he told a story of how, just as he was about to take the train for Washington and the Senate a constituent "buttonholed" him.

"Go down there, Senator," said the constituent, "and for Heaven's sake put up a fight for the consumer."

"I will not," Mr. Young said he replied. "Those boys there are doing that. I am going to fight for the producer."

Mr. Young opposed all efforts at revision of the existing tariff law because, as he contended, the law protects the interests of the farmer. He had great fear, he said, that ultimately the adoption of the Cummins resolution would prove injurious to the great agricultural interests.

Mr. Young was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Dolliver.

50,000 SIGN MORSE PETITION

Mrs. Morse Also Sends a Remarkable Letter Asking Husband's Release.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Charles W. Morse's petition for pardon, signed by approximately 50,000 persons, has been formally presented to the Department of Justice. One section of the plea of the convicted New York banker came in a large express package and was signed with the names of thousands of persons of prominence.

Mrs. Morse has made another petition for her husband to President Taft. The President sent it at once to Attorney-General Wickersham, who referred it to the attorney in charge of pardons. Her petition, which was in the form of a typewritten letter, made a simple businesslike plea for the release of her husband, calling the President's attention to what she said was an "immense popular interest" in his case. She declared that the general sentiment of the many thousands of people who had signed her petition was that the sentence imposed upon her husband was "outrageous," that he had no intention of wronging the National Bank of North America, that no depositor had lost a dollar, and that at most he had only been guilty of a technical violation of the national bank laws. Her letter is generally conceded to be one of the most remarkable of its kind ever received at the department.

All the evidence in the case will be reviewed by Attorney-General Wickersham, who will then make his recommendations to President Taft. It may be months before a decision is reached.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 15.—In response to the request of Charles W. Morse, made through the Warden of the Federal Prison in South Atlanta, the "Midnight Sons" company to-day visited the prison, and with song and dance and jest made 700 men happy for a couple of hours.

CIGARS UNITED

Gladden the smoker's Christmas with the things the smoker holds most dear.

Cigars, pipes and tobacco, cigarettes. No chance of going wrong in picking out a gift for him. If another friend does what you do, his pleasure is the greater.

UNITED CIGAR STORES

CANADIAN FARMERS DRAW UP DEMANDS

Reciprocity with This Country One of Them, Eventual Free Trade with England Another.

WOULD PAY DIRECT TAXES

Memorial to be Presented to Premier This Morning—Treaty with Us Now Regarded as Likely.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Dec. 15.—The invasion of the Canadian capital by the Western and Eastern grain growers and their deliberations to-day in a convention of nearly a thousand representative farmers, at which they formulated a set of demands which will be presented to the Premier, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, to-morrow morning in the House of Commons, are regarded here and elsewhere in Canada as political happenings of the first magnitude, and as likely to have a most important bearing upon the tariff legislation, the finances, and the treaties of Canada.

Canadian manufacturers are sending their representatives here to-day. Politicians who ordinarily would forsake the capital for the week-end and the highest officials of the country are waiting to listen to the farmers' presentation of their case to Sir Wilfrid and the Ministers of the Crown.

While a considerable number of Eastern farmers, representing the National Council of Agriculture, took part in the deliberations of the convention to-day, it is really the Western grain growers who are at the front of the movement to bring about free trade, or something akin to it, in Canada. They spent the whole day in discussing the form which their memorial should take and embodied their ideas in resolutions covering the questions under discussion. First and foremost among these were the tariff and reciprocity questions, and on these questions some stirring speeches were made in the early meeting, which was open to representatives of the newspapers.

The reports of these speeches in the evening papers are giving many a Canadian politician food for unpleasant reflection. Every speech, almost without exception, was a straight appeal for free trade in machinery, fuel, and natural products, and when the farmers came to pass upon this question the convention adopted unanimously a resolution providing that the memorial to be presented to-morrow should contain the following demands and declaration:

(1) Reciprocal free trade between the United States and Canada in all horticultural, agricultural, and animal products, spraying materials, fertilizers, fuel, illuminating and lubricating oils, cement, fish, and lumber.

(2) Reciprocal free trade between the two countries in all agricultural implements, machinery, vehicles, and parts thereof.

(3) An immediate lowering of the duties on all British imports to one-half the rates under the general tariff, whatever these may be. Any trade advantages given to the United States in reciprocal trade relations to be extended to Great Britain.

(4) Such further reduction of the remaining preferential tariff as will insure the establishment of complete free trade between the Dominion and the mother country within ten years.

(5) That the farmers of this country are willing to face direct taxation in such form as may be advisable to make up the revenue lost under new tariff relations.

The memorial to be presented to Sir Wilfrid Laurier to-morrow was finished to-night. It is a document of nearly 4,000 words. It says:

"As farmers we do not object to the principle of permitting raw material used by manufacturers to be imported free of duty. But we do object to a tariff which, while giving them this just privilege, permits them to levy unjustly a heavy tribute off the people who use their goods by the higher prices they are enabled to charge through the power given them by the customs tariff."

Resolutions were unanimously adopted by the convention demanding the immediate construction and operation by the Government of the Hudson Bay Railway, including its terminals and elevators; demanding amendments to the Bank act, and asking that laws permitting the formation of co-operative societies be passed.

The delegates will meet Sir Wilfrid, the Cabinet Ministers, and Members of Parliament at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, and the meeting is scheduled to last three hours. It is not expected that any answer of a definite nature will be given to-morrow, but it is expected that the tariff and reciprocity questions will promptly be injected into the Parliamentary discussions.

Mr. Fielding, the Minister of Finance, is at Virginia Hot Springs, and is not expected to return for this session of Parliament. In his absence it is not likely that any important changes in the present fiscal policy of the Government will be made, but it is confidently expected the one result of the disturbance made by the farmers will be a speedy negotiation of a reciprocity treaty with the United States.

OUTLINE SEYDELL'S DEFENSE

Will Plead Justification to Charge of Killing Demaron.

Special to The New York Times.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Dec. 15.—Justifiable homicide because he was attacked and in mortal fear for himself, his wife, and two children will be the defense offered by Louis Victor Seydell to the charge of murdering Clemente Demaron, for which he is now on trial in the Supreme Court here. His defense was outlined briefly by his counsel at the close of the people's case just before court adjourned this evening, and Seydell and his wife will both testify to-morrow.

To-day's testimony was largely corroborative of the story told yesterday by Antonio M. Cella, the New York City manufacturer.

Louis Taroni and his brother Jacoma were both employed by Demaron in hauling material for the construction of Miss Winifield's cottage. On the afternoon preceding the killing they stopped near Seydell's cottage to lighten the load, but Seydell ordered them away.

Seydell stopped the drivers on Sunday morning. Demaron thereupon came forward and engaged in conversation with Seydell, which resulted in Seydell's warning not to pass the curve in the road and Demaron's order to proceed.

Great stress was laid by Seydell's counsel upon statements which, it was intimated, the witnesses for the prosecution had made to various people that Demaron was chasing Seydell with a rock when he was shot. All the witnesses denied having made any such statements, and they denied that Demaron carried a rock. They all agreed that when Seydell appeared loading his revolver Demaron rushed forward to snatch it from him, but Seydell retreated, and seeing it was impossible to get the gun Demaron retreated to the roadway, which he had almost reached when Seydell followed and shot him.

Senator Linson said the defense would prove that Demaron had made threats to "fix" Seydell.

Seydell's previous good character will be shown by many witnesses from New York, including several professors of Columbia.

DOG A MUTE WITNESS.

Taken Into the Jury Box to Prove That He Isn't Vicious.

A dog appeared yesterday in the City Court, nominally as an exhibit, but really as a witness in his own behalf, before a jury, four of whose members are dog owners. The occasion of his appearance was the trial of a suit in Judge O'Dwyer's branch of the court of Sophie Kahn, an eleven-year-old girl, for $2,000 damages against Hiram L. Phelps, a wealthy Bronx contractor.

The girl showed the jurors a scar on her forehead, which she said was the result of an attack on her by the dog on Dec. 8, 1909. The dog was sitting in the motor car of its owner while he was making a purchase in a store. The Kahn girl said that he sprang at her and bit her without any provocation on her part. She produced witnesses who testified that the dog had previously shown signs of viciousness.

Phelps produced others who swore that the dog was a friendly, good-natured animal. The dog himself made a trip through the jury box, and the jurors closely watched his behavior in court. When, after two hours, they failed to arrive at a verdict Judge O'Dwyer directed that [illegible] a sealed verdict to-day.

SNIPPED FINGER EXHIBIT.

Albert R. Shattuck's Razor Injury Illustrates the Need for Safety Devices

Albert R. Shattuck of the Executive Committee of the recently established American Museum of Safety presided over a dinner at the Engineers' Club last night, given to heads of large manufacturing corporations to tell what can be done to minimize preventable accidents in their plants, and also unconsciously supplied a concrete illustration of the usefulness of the safety device.

Pointing with a bandaged little finger to the exhibits in the Museum of Safety in West Thirty-ninth Street, to which the guests were taken after dinner, Mr. Shattuck urged the manufacturers and insurance men present to join him in a crusade for the minimization of preventable accidents, more of which occurred in this country last year than during the whole civil war. Then quite incidentally he confessed that, although he advocates strongly that all the other people of America adopt a system of safety devices, he did not use one particular and quite common kind of safety device himself.

"Accidents happen so easily," he continued, looking thoughtfully down at his bandaged left little finger. "Only this morning I cut the tip of my finger off with a razor. I don't shave my face, as you see for yourselves, gentlemen, by the length of my beard. But I do shave my neck occasionally. And I was shaving it this morning, when my razor slipped and I practically cut the whole tip of my little finger off. The wound was so bad that I had to go to a hospital and have it stitched and bandaged."

Some of the guests who had been listening to the lecture on preventable accidents and the necessity of adopting safety devices began to smile and turn to each other and whisper.

"If you advocate the use of safety devices by the manufacturers of this country why don't you use a safety razor yourself?" State Senator Wainwright finally asked audibly.

Mr. Shattuck, however, did not hear him and continued his speech, urging those present to support the American Museum of Safety with contributions so that preventable accidents in America might be stopped.

"During the whole four years of the Rebellion," said Mr. Shattuck in his address, "the Union forces lost 110,000 wounded and 27,500 killed. During the Franco-Prussian War, at the battle of Gravelotte 34,000 were killed, wounded, and missing and at the battle of Sedan 200,000 were killed, wounded, and missing. Great as these numbers of casualties seem the number of casualties which occur in this country every year, most of which could be prevented, are greater still.

In 1909, 10,313 trainmen were killed and 105,234 were hurt on our American railroads alone, and the number of accidents which occurred in all the trades, most of which were preventable, was much greater than those which occurred during the civil war.

There were other addresses by State Senator J. Mayhew Wainwright, William J. Moran, counsel for the Museum, and Edson S. Lott, President of the United States Casualty Company. Mr. Wainwright, who is a member of the New York State Commission on Liability Laws and the Saving of Life, said that his commission might recommend that the State ultimately support a Museum of Safety by which preventable accidents might be avoided in corporation plants.

The talk followed a lantern slide exhibition of all the different kind of safety devices which Mr. Shattuck and his fellow-reformers in the American Museum of Safety want the manufacturers in this country to install in their factories. The lantern slides were explained by F. R. Hutton, Chairman of the Committee of Plan and Scope of the Safety Museum.

The slides pictured the signs in five languages by which the Illinois Steel Company warns its foreign employes away from its switches, the screens which should be placed before the electric welding machines to keep the sparks out of the workmen's eyes, automatic hatchways, inclosed belts, hoods to keep workmen's hands out of the wheels, steel "ticklers" to warn their hands of descending woodcarving knives, and all sorts of other interesting devices for safety that manufacturers might install.

Those present included George P. Benjamin, John R. Bland, President of the United States Casualty & Fidelity Co.; L. B. Brainerd, President of the Hartford Steam Boiler Co.; C. A. Coffin, President of the General Electric Company; Edward De Leon, President of the Casualty Company of America; G. W. Doane, President of the New Amsterdam Gas Company; S. J. Dunham, President of the Travelers Insurance Company; M. J. Gardner, Vice President of the Commercial Casualty Company; Charles Holland, General Manager of the Royal Indemnity Company; W. Greeley Hoyt, President of the Standard Gas Light Company; Thomas E. Jones, President of the Pennsylvania Casualty Company; Lewis Nixon, Nathan Straus, and H. H. Westinghouse, Vice President of the Westinghousse Air Brake Co.

CARNEGIE PEACE IDEA.

Believes Arbitration Eventually Will Become a Judicial Proceeding.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Before the International Conference of the American Society for Judicial Settlement of International Disputes, Andrew Carnegie gave some idea of how he expected his $10,000,000 peace fund to be used in forwarding the cause of peace. He made scarcely a reference to his great gift, but in speaking of what would lead to the ultimate abolition of war he laid stress over and over again on the need of presenting the moral issues involved to the people of all lands. The impression was received that it was for some such propaganda he had given his millions.

One thing he made plain and that was that the tangible goal, for which he thought the nations should strive is a code of international law, that would carry the same weight between nations as domestic law already does between individuals. His speech came after one by Senator Root, and the two men were in substantial agreement that the time must come when arbitration will lose its diplomatic character, and become wholly judicial before a court bound, as Mr. Root said, by the "judicial oath."

Mr. Carnegie dwelt on the great cost of war, or rather on the great cost of the fear of war that does not come. He said that 70 per cent. of our taxes went for preparation for war or in pensions covering up what war has done.

NEW CLERMONT LAUNCHED.

Hudson River Boat Ready by Spring for the Catskill Evening Line.

The new steamboat Clermont of the Catskill Evening Line was launched yesterday from the yards of the T. S. Marvel Shipbuilding Company, Newburg, N. Y. The vessel will be completed in the Spring.

The Clermont is of steel hull, 285 feet long, 68 beam, and is equipped with the beam type of engines with feathering paddlewheels. She will have 175 staterooms and accommodate about 150 passengers.

Truly Warner

Begs to announce the birth of a New Derby. . . . .

The BLUEBIRD

A Men's Store

While shoppers are bent on buying Christmas Presents, and our Stores are filled with just the things to best please Men and Boys, still the necessary Suits and Overcoats are not to be forgotten.

We've a certain line of Black, Oxfords, Grays and Fancy Mixtures in Overcoats for the Economical, that have been marked at $15, $18 and $22.

And for the shoppers, we are showing some beautiful scarfs at 50 cents, easily worth $1.

A visit to our Furnishing Department will solve a lot of gift-giving problems.

Browning, King & Company

Broadway at 32nd Street
Cooper Square at 5th Street
Fulton Street, Brooklyn

PEARLS

A limited number of 15 inch ropes of graduated FREDERICS FISHSKIN PEARLS

Imported to sell at $2 00; will be disposed of at..

$1.00

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

At Our 3 Stores.

This is the first time in the history of pearl making that a String (15 inches long) of Pearls has been sold at $1.

To Lovers of Pearls This Is a Rare Opportunity

Frederics

JEWELER
905 Broadway
479 Fifth Ave.
1 West 34th St.
Opp. Waldorf Astoria

FOR XMAS

THE SWAN SAFETY FOUNTAIN PEN

With the "Ladder Feed" and "Safety Screw Cap."

Try a Swan at Your Dealer's.

MABIE, TODD & CO. 17 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 209 State St., Chicago.

GUN BURSTS ON CRUISER.

Six-Inch Rifle Explodes on the Pennsylvania at Target Practice.

WASH

Odd Lots of Stock

Investment of Savings.

We will buy for you stocks in quantities of 5 shares and upward, and bonds from 1 upward, for an initial deposit and monthly deposits thereafter until the securities are paid for in full.

Send for Circular 40—"Odd Lot Investment"

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Specialists in Odd Lots

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71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

BRILL CLOTHES

READY-TO-WEAR; WELL-MADE.

A Man's Theatre Coat, $60

Black, fancy weave worsted, velvet collars and cuffs, buttonless, silk lined to lapel's edge, 144-inch sweep.

One of the men whose fancy it struck showed it to his tailor, and asked him how much he'd charge to duplicate it.

"$100," he replied.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY at 49th Street
979 BROADWAY, Near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., Near Greenwich
125TH STREET, At Third Avenue
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., W. of Bway

Don't Put Off That Piano Purchase

If you do not have a piano you have no doubt been INTENDING to purchase one for some time, for the home without one is the exception. Now that the holiday season is at hand, why not place that long desired instrument in your home as a Xmas gift? It is a permanent remembrance that is sure to be appreciated. If you purchase a

Pease Piano

your gift will be doubly welcome, as a piano is largely judged by its name and reputation, and the Pease has had over 82,000 satisfied purchasers in the last 66 years.

We have a piano for every purpose and every purse, and in addition to our special holiday stock of new pianos we have many fine bargains in used pianos from $125 up. Easy terms if desired. Call or write for catalog.

OPEN EVENINGS

PEASE PIANO CO.,

New York, 128 West 42d St., near B'way. | Brooklyn, 34 Flatbush Ave.

Newark, 10 New St.

TO-DAY (FRIDAY)
AND TO-MORROW (SATURDAY)
At 2:30 O'clock Each Day,
IN THE
Fifth Av. Art Galleries,
"SILO BUILDING"
546 Fifth Ave.,
1, 3, & 5 W. 45 St.

MR. JAMES P. SILO, Auctioneer, Will Offer at Unrestricted Sale

A Special Consignment of

Eastern Rugs and Carpets

comprising the CHOICEST WEAVES of the Oriental Loom, in all sizes and colors.

VICHY CELESTINS

Standard Natural Alkaline Water

A Delightful Table Water with Highly Medicinal Qualities

Standard Remedy for Dyspepsia Stomach Troubles and Gout

Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government

DIX WILL ABOLISH STATE SINECURES

Easy Commissionerships Likely to Go Into the Administrative Discard in Short Order.

A JAR FOR JOB HUNTERS

Strong Hint Also That Changes Will Be Made in the Public Service Board Here.

Gov.-elect Dix, it was learned last night, is having expert accountants examine the books of the various State officers and commissions with a view of getting material for the recommendations he intends to make in his message for economy in the administration of the affairs of the State.

The thorough reorganization of some departments, involving in many instances the abolition of offices that have become sinecures and the possible consolidation of some minor State commissions, are among the plans of the Governor-elect. He said yesterday:

"I am getting the figures from the various departments and commissions through the Controller's office to show what is being accomplished for the money spent. I am preparing to weigh in the balance against each other what has been spent and what has been accomplished. It is my aim to give the citizens of this State a dollar's service for every dollar of expenditure. All I can say is that the heads of the departments will have to show me."

It is not to be expected that Tammany Hall or Democratic leaders of a more "practical" turn of mind elsewhere in the State will receive the news of the intended abolition of sinecures with any degree of satisfaction. The swarms of office seekers that haunt the Dix headquarters at the Hotel Manhattan give an indication of the insatiable appetite for State jobs that is plaguing the Democrats after the eighteen years that have elapsed since they were in control of the State Administration.

To make the situation worse, it is understood that Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy, who is in undisputed control of the Democratic State organization, has told the Governor-elect that he will give him his earnest support in the efforts he is making now to effect economy and fulfill the pledges made to the people in that respect during the campaign.

Mr. Dix gave some of his callers yesterday to understand that he was in thorough accord with the idea of home rule. He also more than intimated that there might be some important changes in both the Public Service Commissions, or at least in the Public Service Commission in the district embracing New York City. His friends have known for some time that while he believed the commissions themselves were a fixture demanded by the policy of the State, he was not altogether satisfied with the personnel. Public Service Commissioners are not confirmed by the Senate, and they can be removed on charges after they have had an opportunity to enter an answer before the Governor.

"If verified charges are filed against any of the Commissioners," said the Governor-elect, "it will be the Governor's duty to entertain them. I believe the home rule principle should apply in this instance. If the commission is not doing its duty in a manner acceptable to the people, and if there is a complaint, there should be a hearing, and if the complaint is justified there should be a removal."

Those who heard the Governor went away impressed with the idea that in all probability there would be important changes in the commission in this district.

Mr. Murphy, accompanied by J. Sergeant Cram, called on Mr. Dix at the Manhattan early yesterday evening. They both said it was purely a social visit, and that it had nothing to do with the United States Senatorship, for which Mr. Cram has been mentioned.

William Church Osborn had a long talk with the Governor-elect in the forenoon. Last night Mr. Dix announced that much to his regret Mr. Osborn had declined to accept the post of legal adviser to the Governor.

In commenting on the action of William Church Osborn, Gov.-elect Dix said that he had encountered great difficulty in his efforts to prevail on men of the calibre he wanted for offices under his administration to forsake private business to serve the State. It was one plaint of Gov. Hughes that he was unable in many instances to obtain the services of such men.

"My policy has been," said Mr. Dix, "to go after men who did not want office and persuade them to accept. There is enough and to spare of the other kind. I regret to say that the sort of men I want are not very eager to give up their own interests for the State."

Joseph A. Kellogg of Glens Falls, John A. Hogan of Syracuse, and A. Page Smith of Albany, all Democrats, are being talked of for the place.

One of the most lucrative offices the Governor-elect has to fill is that of Health Officer of the Port of New York. The compensation is $12,500 a year, and the term in four years. Dr. Alvah H. Doty, the present incumbent, has served since 1907. His term will expire on Feb. 28. A petition signed by nearly every steamship owner or agent in this city will be forwarded to Mr. Dix on Dr. Doty's behalf in a couple of days, but as he is a Republican the chances for his reappointment are slim. Another candidate is Dr. William T. Jenkins, Dr. Doty's predecessor in the office. Dr. Jenkins is a brother-in-law of Richard Croker and a Democrat. He has strong backing, but it is believed that he will not get the place.

The Governor-elect took luncheon yesterday with Chairman Norman E. Mack of the Democratic National Committee and Arthur A. McLean of Newburg, Treasurer of the Democratic State Committee.

The Governor-elect expects to begin work on his message toward the end of next week, when he will be in Albany. He is collecting data and receiving suggestions for it at the present time. He will be entertained at luncheon to-day at the Railroad Club by Charles H. Sabin. This evening he will attend a dinner to the Cornell Trustees, and a dinner given by his college fraternity, the Delta Chi.

THREATEN NEW TAXI STRIKE.

Chauffeurs Say the Companies Are Not Living Up to Settlement Terms.

There is a possibility of the taxicab chauffeurs striking all over again. Many are complaining that the companies are not carrying out their promise to take them back on the conditions agreed upon, and threaten to go out again if the matter is not straightened out at once.

A committee representing the chauffeurs, including W. H. Ashton, General Organizer of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, and William C. Rogers, Chief Mediator of the State Board of Arbitration, called upon Mayor Gaynor yesterday and stated their case to him. He promised to look into the complaints.

There was a general understanding at the time the strike was called off that all the men who had not been guilty of violence in the strike should be taken back to work. The Mayor had a list of the strikers who were held for trial or found guilty of violence by the police magistrates prepared by the police and submitted it to the employers on Wednesday. The men contend, however, that many more of their number than the seventeen named in this black list have been unable to get their old positions.

The companies maintain that there were many acts of violence which did not get to the police, and are excluding men against whom evidence was gathered by private detectives.

Cephas Brainerd Dead.

Cephas Brainerd, a lawyer, died last night at his home, 30 West Forty-sixth Street, aged 80 years. Mr. Brainerd was born in Haddam, Conn. He was the son of Cephas and Cynthia Spencer Brainerd. He was educated in Brainerd Academy and until 18 years old worked on a farm. Six years later, in 1855, he was admitted to the bar of New York.

Until 1890 Mr. Brainerd was associated with Truman Smith and Ebenezer Seeley. In politics he was a Republican. He

SWEATSHOP DANGERS.

Industrial Exhibit Shows Hard Conditions Under Which Children Work.

The dangerous part which women and little children take in the manufacture of many articles will be the object of an exhibit which will be opened to-morrow in the arcade of the Fifth Avenue Building under the auspices of the Consumers' Legaue.

There will be on exhibit willow plumes. These are made chiefly by little children, because their little fingers can better tie the fish knots, three of which are in each flue. For this work a mother and two small children, who can make together one plume a day, receive 1 cent for every forty-seven knots.

Hair pins to hold coronation braids in place and back hair pins of celluloid will also be in the collection. Every one knows that celluloid is dangerously inflammable, yet the woman who sets the brilliants in them must risk her life over a gas stove. She sets exactly 105 for 2.5 cents.

Embroidered goods are also in great demand this season. It takes eleven hours to embroider one batiste shirtwaist front for which the pay is 47 cents. For embroidering a pink chiffon waist, so much in vogue this Winter, the worker receives $1. This work, done in a dark room, is a heavy strain on the eyesight.

For making a flannel combination suit for a baby a worker receives 10 cents and must furnish her own thread. An expert can finish one in an hour. False hair making is also a sweatshop industry, and the hair can be seen kicked about the floor until the worker is ready to make it up in popular styles.

For paper flowers, which are usually in demand during the holidays for decorations, the tenement house worker gets 40 cents a hundred and can make 100 a day. Children are particularly useful in the flower trade, because their small fingers can with ease separate the petals. Yellow rosebuds, in cloth, are paid for at the rate of 18 cents a gross, and a mother with the help of children can make three gross a day. The investigator, Miss Treby Moore, found children working at night on red rosebuds, for which they were to receive 15 cents a gross. Three gross can be made in a day.

In contrast with these articles, made in the tenements under conditions which have been photographed, will be articles bearing the Consumers' League label. These were made in factories under healthful conditions, with reasonable hours of work, and at a living wage.

MRS. HARRIMAN TO YALE.

Gives $100,000 to the Forestry School as a Memorial to Her Husband.

Mrs. Edward H. Harriman has offered $100,000 to endow the Chair of Forest Management in the Yale Forest School as a memorial to her husband, who was greatly interested in forestry, according to an announcement made here yesterday. The students of the Yale Forest School did their first practical field work on Mr. Harriman's estate, at Arden, about eight years ago.

The Department of Forest Management is one of the foundation subjects of forestry, one-half of the senior year being entirely devoted to it. It includes courses in forest valuation, forest policy and regulation, forest working plans, and forest surveying.

The course in valuation deals with the principles underlying the determination of forest values. Forest policy and regulation deals with the policy of forest, State, corporate, and private owners as related to forest management, and the principles underlying the harvesting of timber so as to secure a sustained yield and continuous revenue. The course in forest working plans deals with the collection of data, the making of forest maps, the examination of timbered areas, the detailed description of compartments, and the formation of plans for securing definite predetermined objects. In the course in forest surveying the work is entirely in the field, where the school comes in close touch with lumber interests, usually on the tract of some large lumber company.

The man now carrying this course in the Forest School is Assistant Prof. H. H. Chapman, who graduated from the Forest School in 1904, and after two years in the Forest Service came to the school as instructor. The next year he was raised to Assistant Professor, and is now completing his fourth year in this grade.

The Yale Forest School is recognized as the leading school of its kind in this country. This year some eighty students are enrolled as candidates for a degree, all but three of them college graduates, including representatives from Harvard, Princeton, Toronto, Dartmouth, Oregon, Johns Hopkins, Lehigh, Wisconsin, Roanoke, Brown, and other representative American universities.

NEW WEIGHTS COMMISSIONER

Gaynor Quotes the Proverbs for J. L. Walsh's Guidance in Office.

Mayor Gaynor appointed John L. Walsh of 306 East Thirty-seventh Street Commissioner of the Bureau of Weights and Measures yesterday. Since the Mayor took Clement J. Driscoll from the bureau and made him First Deputy Police Commissioner Chief Inspector Tighe has been Acting Commissioner. In his letter appointing Mr. Walsh the Mayor praises Mr. Driscoll's work as the head of the bureau and impresses upon the new Commissioner the importance of its functions. He says:

CITY OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR,
Dec. 15, 1910.

Dear Sir: In appointing you head of the Bureau of Weights and Measures I want to impress on your mind permanently that I consider it one of the most important places in the City Government, and I select you to maintain and improve the standard of energy, activity, and efficiency in it set by your predecessor. Keep in mind all the time how vile and heartless a thing it is to cheat by false weights and measures. And if you will repeat hourly the words of Proverbs: "Divers weights and divers measures, both of them are alike abominations unto the Lord." I am certain you will administer the office honestly and well, without favor to any.

Very truly yours,
W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

John L. Walsh, Esq.

Mr. Walsh is a Tammany Hall man and was born and raised on the East Side. He is the son of the late John L. Walsh, who was Superintendent of R. G. Dun & Company. He is a graduate of St. Gabriel's School and the New York University and Law School and has of late been in the law office of Delphin M. Delmas.

CAN'T SEQUESTER HER SON.

Mother Denied the Right to Keep His Father from Seeing Him.

Supreme Court Justice Bischoff, in an opinion handed down yesterday in the suit of Davelle C. Kountze, wife of Augustus Kountze, a banker, against her former husband, Jack W. Bartindale, affirms the right of a divorced father to see his children. Mrs. Kountze applied for permission to sequester Leslie Bartindale, eight years old, from his father, on the ground that his father had forfeited his rights. Mrs. Kountze's charges were denied.

Ernest Truex to Wed Julia Mills.

Ernest Truex, who is playing the charity boy in "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm," and Julia Mills, who was one of the original "Hello" girls in "In Havana" and appeared in "Girlies" last Summer, are to be married to-morrow at the Church of the Transfiguration. Mr. Truex, who says he is 21 years old, has been on the stage since the age of 3. As a youth he was a star at the head of his own company, playing "Ingomar" and "Othello" in the Middle West. His first New York appearance was with Lillian Russell in "Wildfire."

Wanted a Man or a Woman

who will give the last $25,000 to help insure New York's Holiday Gift of $200,000 for free service to the sick poor in 45 hospitals.

For details apply to

FREDERICK D. GREENE,
General Secretary,
105 EAST 22ND ST.,
HOSPITAL SATURDAY AND SUNDAY ASSOCIATION.

FINAL FIGURES OUT ON STATE ELECTION

Dix's Plurality Over Stimson Was 67,401, Is the Return of Board of Canvassers.

LAZANSKY'S MARGIN LOWEST

Proposal to Raise Judges' Salaries Defeated by Only 292 Votes—Hearst Got 60,286 for Lieutenant Governor.

ALBANY, Dec. 15.—John A. Dix was elected Governor over Henry L. Stimson, his Republican opponent, by 67,401 votes, according to the official returns of the November election which were canvassed to-day by the State Board of Canvassers. The lowest plurality on the Democratic State ticket was that obtained by Edward Lazansky, Secretary of State-elect, who defeated Samuel S. Koenig, the Republican candidate, by 1,873.

The Democratic pluralities were:

For Governor, John A. Dix, 67,401.
For Lieutenant Governor, Thomas F. Conway, 29,884.
For Secretary of State, Edward Lazansky, 1,873.
For Controller, William Sohmer, 18,408.
For Treasurer, John J. Kennedy, 18,332.
For Attorney General, Thomas Carmody, 4,461.
For State Engineer, John A. Bensel, 18,086.

The total vote for State officers as canvassed was:

For Governor.—Henry L. Stimson, (Rep.,) 622,299; John A. Dix, (Dem.,) 689,700; John J. Hopper, (Ind. League,) 48,470; Charles E. Russell, (Socialist,) 48,529; T. Alexander MacNicholl, (Prohibition,) 22,295; Frank E. Passanno, (Socialist Labor,) 5,717. Whole number of votes cast, 1,445,249; blank, 5,819; void, 2,389; scattering, 31. Dix's plurality, 67,401.

For Lieutenant Governor.—Edward Schoeneck, (Rep.,) 632,746; Thomas F. Conway, (Dem.,) 662,630; William R. Hearst, (I. L.,) 60,280; Gustave A. Strebel, (Soc.,) 48,573; Calvin McCarthy, (Proh.,) 23,503; James F. Hunter, (Soc. L.,) 5,852. Total vote cast, 1,443,597; blank, 7,362; void, 2,422; scattering, 28. Conway's plurality, 29,884.

For Secretary of State.—Samuel S. Koenig, (Rep.,) 649,006; Edward Lazansky, (Dem.,) 650,879; Thomas P. Scully, (I. L.,) 54,132; Bertha M. Fraser, (Soc.,) 48,492; N. Horace Gillette, (Proh.,) 24,095; Henry Kuhn, (Soc. L.,) 5,922. Total vote cast, 1,443,221; blank, 8,250; void, 2,429; scattering, 36. Lazansky's plurality, 1,873.

For Controller.—James Thompson, (Rep.,) 643,403; William Sohmer, (Dem.,) 661,811; Arnold B. MacStay, (I. L.,) 48,009; O. A. Curtis, (Soc.,) 48,668; Barnard Clauson, (Proh.,) 23,809; Carl A. Luedecke, (Soc. L.,) 5,936. Total vote cast, 1,443,347; blank, 8,370; void, 2,453; scattering, 8. Sohmer's plurality, 18,408.

For Treasurer.—Thomas F. Fennell, (Rep.,) 643,761; John J. Kennedy, (Dem.,) 662,093; William I. Sirovich, (I. L.,) 48,148; Sylvester Butler, (Soc.,) 48,619; Charles J. Call, (Proh.,) 23,846; William A. Walters, (Soc. L.,) 5,940. Total vote cast, 1,443,473; blank, 8,623; void, 2,433; scattering, 10. Kennedy's plurality, 18,332.

For Attorney General.—Edward R. O'Malley, (Rep.,) 650,312; Thomas Carmody, (Dem.,) 654,763; Robert Stewart, (I. L.,) 48,280; Henry Slobodin, (Soc.,) 48,601; Francis E. Baldwin, (Proh.,) 23,767; Lewis F. Abrutz, (Soc. L.,) 5,938. Total vote cast, 1,442,971; blank, 8,847; void, 2,440; scattering, 8. Carmody's plurality, 4,461.

For State Engineer.—Frank M. Williams, (Rep.,) 643,384; John A. Bensel, (Dem.,) 661,450; James A. Lee, (I. L.,) 48,322; William Lippelt, (Soc.,) 48,508; Albert W. Pierson, (Proh.,) 23,008; Jeremiah D. Crowley, (Soc. L.,) 5,960. Total vote cast, 1,442,381; blank, 8,705; void, 2,420; scattering, 4. Bensel's plurality, 18,086.

The proposed $2,500,000 State bond issue for the improvement and extension of Palisades Park, was carried by 63,370. The whole number of votes cast on the proposition was 1,084,061, of which 349,281 were for and 285,910 against. There were 447,111 blank and 1,758 void ballots cast.

The constitutional amendment providing for the election of two additional judges of the Court of Appeals and increasing the Judges' salaries, was defeated by the narrow margin of 292 votes. Of the 1,094,199 votes cast, 332,300 favored the amendment, while 382,592 were against it. The blank ballots numbered 428,537 and 770 were void.

The approval by the people of the Palisades Park bond issue follows the acceptance by the State of a gift of a 10,000 acre tract of forest land in Orange and Rockland counties and $1,000,0000 from Mrs. Edward H. Harriman. Sums aggregating $1,625,000 were pledged to the State by John D. Rockefeller, J. Pierpont Morgan, William K. Vanderbilt, Helen Gould and others upon condition that the State raise $2,500,000 in aid of the project. In addition, the State of New Jersey contributes $500,000 to the fund.

The constitutional amendment providing for the election of additional Court of Appeal Judges, which was defeated, terminated the provision for the designation of Justices of the Supreme Court by the Governor to serve as Associate Judges of the Court of Appeals. It was proposed to increase the salary of the chief Judge of the Court to $15,500 per year, and the salaries of the Associate Judges to $15,000 in lieu of all other compensation, an increase of $1,300 each.

TRIAL FOR SELLING BAD EGGS

Defense of F. E. Rosebrock & Co. Allege a Conspiracy to Entrap Them.

F. E. Rosebrock & Co., dealers in eggs at 3 and 5 Greenwich Street, were placed on trial as a corporation yesterday before Judge Hough in the United States Circuit Court on an indictment found under the Federal Pure Food and Drug act, which charged them with selling in inter-State trade a can of eggs declared by the Government to be unfit for human food. The concern does a business of $2,000,000 a year, and a large percentage of this business comes from the sale of frozen eggs in cans containing formaldehyde as a preservative.

Assistant United States Attorney Abel I. Smith is conducting the case for the Government and Abraham Gruber appears for the defense. The defense contends that a conspiracy was formed by pure food inspectors to entrap the corporation of Rosebrock & Co. into acts which would make it liable to this prosecution.

In his preliminary address to the jury Mr. Smith declared he would prove that in the can were embryo chickens. He called witnesses to prove the sale of the eggs, and had made a start on the examination of the Government's bacteriologists before the adjournment was taken for the day. One of these bacteriologists, Miss Louise Jenkins, said that she had made an examination of a teaspoonful of the frozen eggs and found that it contained 8,400,000 organisms.

Miss Effie Reed, a "micro-analyst" of the Agriculture Department, testified that she had tested samples of the frozen eggs and found embryo chickens in some of them.

"Were any of the samples you examined concerning the case on trial fit for food?" asked Mr. Smith.

"They were not," said Miss Reed.

On cross-examination Mr. Gruber asked the witness how many chicks she had found.

"Two," she replied.

"Any feathers?"

"No."

Judge Hough asked Miss Reed what was meant by "spotted egg." She said that a spotted egg showed mold, and when held in front of a light a dark spot representing the embryo chick might be seen.

"Is every spotted egg injurious to health?" asked Col. Gruber.

"I should say that every spotted egg was undesirable," replied the witness.

RITZ CHEF DE RECEPTION.

New Hotel Will Introduce a Functionary Popular Abroad.

The management of the Ritz-Carlton Hotel, Forty-sixth Street and Madison Avenue, which opens to-day to receive guests, has decided to introduce the chef de reception system to the American public here in the same way it is done in Europe. When a guest enters the hotel he or she will be met by the chef de reception and escorted to the desk.

The duties of chef de reception will be performed by two men, who will wear morning cutaway coats until 5 P. M., when the costume will be changed for a black frock coat with dress vest and black tie. Theodore Kroell, general manager of the hotel, said last night that the chef de reception [illegible]

SILK HOSIERY IN THEIR FLAG.

Women's Suffrage Shop Also Has a Stock of Cigarettes—Chocolate.

There were cigarettes, as promised, at the opening of the Women's Political Union Suffrage Shop at its headquarters, 48 East Twenty-ninth Street, yesterday, and most of the visitors were asked to have one. One friend of the union and the head of the Anti-Cigarette League, Miss Lucy Gaston Page, was so interested in what she had read in the newspapers about her good friends, the suffragists, selling cigarettes that she came from Chicago to see about it. A cigarette was offered to her, too, and she refused it, not on principle but because it would break the symphony of the even row in the box—the Women's Political Union has deceived the whole city—its cigarettes are chocolate.

It has silk hosiery, as promised, in the union colors of purple, green, and white, but not, as a frivolous world was led to suppose, all the colors in one pair of hosiery. Each silken pair is in a solid color and in delicate shades at that.

Mrs. John Winters Brannan and Mrs. John Rogers, Jr., who are the chief workers for the suffrage shop, were on hand early yesterday morning, and tied on tags, dressed counters, and performed all the duties of shopkeepers for an opening. Visitors during the day made many purchases. Practically everything is in the three colors or things combined to bring them together.

One of the prettiest of the small articles—and the inexpensive goods predominate—is a lavender bag containing English lavender, made with lavender and white handkerchiefs, and tied with ribbon showing the three colors. The entire stock of these was sold out, but they will be made up to order. Little Mary, the suffrage doll, is one of the features of the shop. She is beautifully gowned in hand-made garments.

WOMAN'S LEAGUE FAIR OPENS

Well-Known Actresses In Charge of Booths at Annual Bazaar.

Daniel Frohman opened the Professional Woman's League bazaar at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday afternoon. May Irwin bought the first cap—it isn't a theatre one, and she says she is going to do fried eggs and bacon in it. Miss Emma Frohman says she has none but pretty caps at her table, and Miss Sara Palmer, at her New England booth next door, has good things to eat and a recipe book showing how to make them. Miss Alice Brown has the literary side of the bazaar, with souvenir books with the authors' names in them, and a Persian cat to be sold by chances. Mrs. Sol Smith takes other chances on a $500 purse of gold.

Not every one can be sure of the purse, but Miss Jennie Wilder is selling outright some pure gold, warranted to bring true-blue luck—magic garters. They are yellow and knitted, with a golden-hued stone set in with golden thread. They were knitted at midnight by the light of the moon, and they will bring "wealth, health, peace—or a wedding."

They have a hobble-skirted lady at the doll counter, made true to life. It is Gertrude Quinlan's doll, and it is beautiful in blue satin, black fur, and pearls. There are all sorts of booths and side shows. Miss Bingham, President of the league, is there, and Ethel Barrymore and Billie Burke were among other contributors. The bazaar will continue every day from 2 P. M. to 1 A. M. through the week.

MAD WOMAN IN A STREET CAR

Mrs. Munro Flew at Passengers and Fought Nurse and Policeman.

A score of passengers on a Newark-bound trolley car of the Bloomfield line had an exciting ride late yesterday afternoon when Mrs. Julia P. Munro, 51 years old, of 604 West 135th Street, New York, became violently insane while she was being taken to her hotel by a nurse. She fought a policeman and the nurse fiercely, developing wonderful strength for her age. She flew at everybody who came near her. Passengers could not leave the car. Finally she became exhausted and quieted down.

Mrs. Munro had been under the care of Miss Mary Riley, a trained nurse, for several weeks at the Continental Hotel, and during all that time she has been on the verge of collapse. A constant watch was kept on her. Early yesterday morning she made her escape from the hotel without attracting the attention of her nurse or the hotel employes. The fact that she had left the building did not become known until Miss Riley came down stairs for breakfast.

The Newark police were immediately notified, but no trace of Mrs. Munro was found until Desk Sergeant Purcell was notified by the Bloomfield, N. J., police that a woman was roaming the streets of that town hatless and coatless.

Mrs. Munro was detained at the Second Precinct until the officials of the City Hospital came to take her there.

Mrs. Munro has two brothers, Chilion Roselle, a lawyer of 55 East Thirty-first Street, New York City, and J. A. Roselle, Jr., a druggist of Freehold, N. J.

SUFFRAGE PLAY AT BARNARD.

Unless appearances are deceptive, woman's suffrage has been gaining adherents in Barnard College. The college is not pledged to the cause by any means, but some 150 women students advocate it openly and many others say they are interested.

For several weeks posters advertising a suffrage entertainment in Brinckerhoff Theatre yesterday had been posted about the college. This entertainment consisted of a one-act play entitled, "How They Won the Vote." There were ten characters in it. There were no pretty girls selling tickets at the door, as there usually are at Barnard plays, because the performance was free. But the commercial spirit was manifested in suffrage literature, which was sold at the door to help pay expenses.

Pabst BlueRibbon

The Beer of Quality

is brewed from the best ingredients money can buy or skill produce. Pabst exclusive 8-day malt, choicest hops, pure water and brewed in absolute cleanliness all go to make the most wholesome and nourishing beer. It's sparkle and zest give a keen appetite and promotes proper digestion. Try it for lunch today and send a case home.

Economy cannot consistently be measured by expenditure

LA MARQUISE CIGARETTES

of a "vintage"

represent the economical condition of perfect quality

O'NEILL-ADAMS CO

1868 Established 43 Years 1910

6th Ave., 20th to 22d St.

The Christmas Store

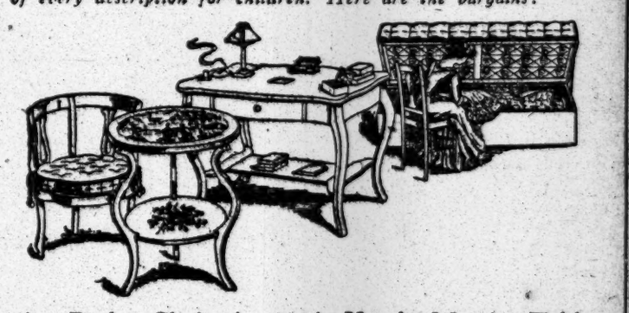
Four Christmas Furniture Bargains

Adams Building—Third and Fourth Floors.

Good furniture delights not only the person to whom you give it, but children and grandchildren that follow!

Here is a list of things that are among the most popular in our store:

Cellarettes, Smokers' Tables, Card Tables, Women's Desks, Dressing Tables, Rocking Chairs, Easy Chairs, Sewing Tables, Bookcases, Music Cabinets, Office Chairs, Reception Chairs, Chairs of every description for children. Here are the bargains:



$10 Parlor Chair, $5.98

Just like illustration. This chair is made of genuine Birch Wood, finished a beautiful shade of old Mahogany. It has round back, shaped panels, spring seat, loose cushions covered in silk plush and thoroughly tufted, tied on with silk cord and tassels. The frame is constructed in the best manner and is beautifully finished throughout. One of the best values we have ever offered in a chair of this kind.

$15 Library Tables, $10

Just like illustration. These tables are made of Quartered Golden Oak. The top is 26 in. wide and 42 in. long. It has French shaped legs and a large shelf in base, which is convenient for books, magazines, etc. The table is put together with thumb screws, and can be easily taken apart. It has a beautiful serpentine top and a nice large drawer.

The construction of this table is of the very highest character, and it is beautifully hand polished.

$9 Vernis Martin Table, $5.50

(Like Cut.)

This table has a 20-in. top, with nicely shaped legs. Shelf in base, which is adapted for books, etc. The top is hand painted; the Vernis Martin finish is an exceptionally good quality. This table is constructed in the very best manner, and is one of the best designs we have yet offered.

$20 Wardrobe Couch, $15.50

(Like Illustration.)

A beautiful style of Wardrobe Couch, upholstered in a deep tufted Turkish style. The box is exceptionally large and roomy. It is fitted with a patent spring, which allows the couch to open so easily that a child can operate it. The box is made of aromatic cedar of the finest grade, which combines a moth-proof cedar chest with the luxurious comfort of a couch. It is 6 feet 3 inches in length and 2 feet 6 inches in width.

We give SURETY STAMPS and redeem them in merchandise.

This store will be open evenings, beginning Saturday, December 17, until Christmas

Suits & Overcoats for Men

Distinctive garments at $15 to $25

To eradicate any impression that good clothes are necessarily expensive, we occasionally direct attention to our productions at small cost.

Very properly the man of limited means must get as much as he can—and should be given the most conscientious consideration.

We would not make Suits and Overcoats to sell for as little as $15 to $25 if we could not offer at that price craftsmanship and quality in keeping with our standard.

Nor could we do so except for the maintenance of our own organization of tailormen—a highly trained corps, skilled in economical manufacturing methods, yet recognizing but one standard—our standard, the one they have been schooled to respect.

The man who buys a Saks-made Suit or Overcoat, even at the lowest of our prices, is therefore assured of distinctive dress and the very best of service from the first day until the garments are finally discarded.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th St.

MILADY'S TOILET

often requires a dainty lace pin to make it complete. We have an especially attractive assortment of lace pins of gold or platinum, set with diamonds, or any stone preferred. Many original and individual designs, and the variety is extensive enough to satisfy all tastes.

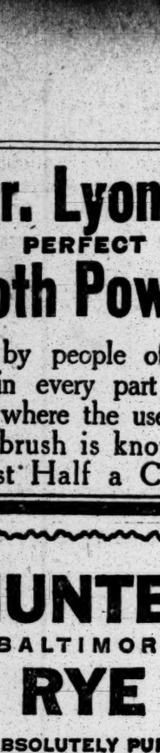
Equally attractive is our showing of pendants, lavallieres and necklaces. Our facilities for procuring the choicest stones, coupled with the expert knowledge and ability of Mr. Reiman to originate pleasing designs, enable us to insure our customers absolute satisfaction.

Wm. Reiman — 328 FIFTH AVENUE, Between 32d and 33d Streets, NEW YORK

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder

Used by people of refinement in every part of the world where the use of the tooth-brush is known, for Almost Half a Century.

HUNTER
BALTIMORE
RYE
ABSOLUTELY PURE



The choicest product of the still. The American Gentleman's Whiskey par excellence

Frank Mora, C. H. Ulrich, Larry Emrich } Representatives 15 William St. New York, N. Y.

BIG REFORMS COMING, SAYS LLOYD-GEORGE

Last Vestige of Inequality Between the Two British Parties to be Removed.

LIBERALS ONE SEAT AHEAD

Gained Two Constituencies Yesterday and Lost One—F. E. Smith Supports Opponents of Balfour.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—The returns announced to-night give the Government coalition 353 seats and the Unionists 257. The Government won two seats to-day and the Unionists one, giving the Government parties a net gain of one seat as a result of the elections so far. The standing of the parties is now as follows:

GOVERNMENT COALITION.

Liberals	240
Laborites	40
Nationalists	64
Independent Nationalists	9
Total	353

OPPOSITION.

Unionists	257
Government majority	96

Clearly, in the new Parliament as in the last Parliament, the Nationalists, by combining with the Unionists, could overthrow the Government, but the Liberals, Laborites, and Nationalists are all equally desirous of abolishing the veto of the House of Lords, and may be expected to work together to attain that object.

Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd-George, speaking at Eastham to-night, predicted that when the elections were completed the Government, apart from the Irish vote, would have a British majority of at least sixty. He said that this election would make a deeper impression on the history of the country than any other election in modern times. The carrying of the Veto bill, he said, would be only the beginning of the Liberal programme. The Constitution would be reformed in such a way that the last vestige of inequality between the two parties would be removed.

There is increasing evidence of a serious divergence of view among the Unionist leaders over the referendum proposal. F. E. Smith, the new member for the Walton Division of Liverpool and the rising hope of the Unionist Party, in an address at Leighton Buzzard to-night declared that Mr. Balfour's offer to submit tariff reform to a referendum was an offer for this election and this election alone. If the Unionists did not obtain a majority, he said, he agreed with Austen Chamberlain in holding himself at liberty to make a further appeal to the country on the specific issue of tariff reform, and, if they obtained a mandate from the country, to introduce then and there without delay a tariff reform budget.

The results announced this morning and to-night are as follows:

Cambridgeshire (Wisbeck)—The Hon. Neil Primrose, Liberal; majority, 544. No change.
Sussex (Eastbourne)—P. S. Gwynne, Unionist; majority, 1,853. No change.
Edinburgh (Midlothian)—The Master of Elibank, Liberal; majority, 3,157. No change.
Suffolk (Eye)—W. H. M. Pearson, Liberal; majority, 776. No change.
Somerset (North)—J. King, Liberal; majority, 921. No change.
Antrim (North)—P. Kerr-Smiley, Unionist; majority, 583. No change.
Somerset (South)—Sir E. Strachey, Liberal; majority, 467. No change.
Kirkcudbrightshire—Major G. McMicking, Liberal; majority, 192. Liberal gain.
Wexford County (South)—P. French, Nationalist; majority, 2,414. No change.
Yorkshire, East Riding, (Holderness)—A. S. Wilson, Unionist; majority, 381. No change.
Gloucestershire (Stroud)—C. P. Allan, Liberal; majority, 202. No change.
Kent (Dartford)—J. Rowlands, Liberal; majority, 234. Liberal gain.
Norfolk (East)—Sir R. J. Price, Liberal; majority, 1,400. No change.
Warwickshire (Nuneaton)—W. Johnson, Laborite; majority, 698. No change.
Cheshire (Hyde)—F. Neilson, Liberal; majority, 294. No change.
Derbyshire (Chesterfield)—J. Haslam, Laborite; majority, 2,228. No change.
Hampshire (Isle of Wight)—D. B. Hall, Unionist; majority, 223. No change.
Cheshire (Eddisbury)—H. Barnston, Unionist; majority, 289. No change.
Tyrone (North)—R. Barry, Liberal; majority, 132. No change.
Devonshire (Tavistock)—J. W. Spear, Unionist; majority, 390. Unionist gain.
Calithness-shire—R. L. Harmsworth, Liberal; majority, 2,631. No change.
Kerry (South)—J. P. Boland, Nationalist; majority, 1,944. No change.
Waterford (West)—J. J. O'Shee, Nationalist; majority, 1,675. No change.
Cornwall (St. Ives)—Sir C. J. Cory, Liberal; majority, 914. No change.
Lanark (Northeast)—T. F. Wilson, Liberal; majority, 2,706. No change.
Lanark (Mid)—J. H. Whitehouse, Liberal; majority, 331. No change.
Leicestershire (Harborough)—Logan, Liberal; majority, 1,077. No change.

There was much interest in the fight between the sons of two ex-Premiers for the seat for the Wisbech Division of Cambridgeshire, but the Hon. Neil Primrose, the sitting Liberal member, easily staved off the attack of Lord Robert Cecil, the Unionist candidate, and increased his former majority of 260 to 544.

The final pollings in England will be held on Saturday. A few Irish and Scotch constituencies will vote on Monday, and these returns will complete the general election.

WIFE TO FREE DE GOGORZA.

Reported That She Agreed to His Marriage to Mme. Emma Eames.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—In musical circles in Paris frequented by Emilio de Gogorza, Mme. Emma Eames's intended husband, there have been many inquiries since the engagement was announced as to whether the baritone has ever been released by divorce from his former marriage.

It has long been a matter of gossip that Mme. de Gogorza had repeatedly refused to set him free, but it is now reported that she at last has agreed to do so. Rumor also says she came to this decision after much solicitation on the part of Mme. Eames.

Belgian Prize for Dr. L. A. Bauer.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 15.—The Royal Academy to-day awarded the Charles La Grange Prize for work on the physics of the earth to Dr. L. A. Bauer, Director of the Department of Terrestrial Magnetism at the Carnegie Institute, Washington.

New Spanish Consul General Here.

MADRID, Dec. 15.—P. Diaz Cossio, Spanish Consul General at Constantinople, has been appointed Consul General at New York.

Government Palace at Quito Burned.

GUAYAQUIL, Dec. 15.—The Government Palace at Quito was burned to-day.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BERNE, Dec. 15.—The Federal Assembly to-day elected Marc Emile Ruchet President of the Swiss Confederation for 1911. Louis Ferrer was chosen as Vice President of the Federal Council, the post now held by M. Ruchet. The retiring President is Robert Comtesse.

GUAYAQUIL, Dec. 15.—The Liberals of Guayaquil and Quito have designated Alfredo Baquerizo Moreno as their candidate for the Presidency of the republic. The elections will be held on Jan. 8. Emilio Estrada, another candidate, is said to expect the support of the administration.

MRS. STETSON'S LEGACY.

Denial That Bequest from Mrs. Eddy Was Meant as an Affront.

Christian Scientists here who are opposed to Mrs. Augusta Stetson say that the bequest of a diamond crown in Mrs. Eddy's will was only the return of a gift made by Mrs. Stetson. This view is ridiculed by Mrs. Stetson's friends. They say that the diamond crown was only one of a great many presents sent by Mrs. Stetson to Mrs. Eddy.

Even the diamond-studded frame for Mrs. Eddy's portrait, which was bequeathed to Henry M. Baker of Bow, N. H., was a gift from Mrs. Stetson. Other gifts were ornaments of gold and silver. As proof that the bequest of the diamond crown could not be construed as an affront or as an evidence that Mrs. Eddy had repudiated her friendship for Mrs. Stetson in any way friends of the excommunicated leader referred yesterday to an announcement by Mrs. Eddy over her own signature, published in The Christian Science Sentinel on July 8, 1905, in which the founder of Christian Science said:

"I have the pleasure of saying that on June 27, 1905, my beloved student, Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson, formerly the First Reader of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, New York City, and the dear practitioners of Christian Science in the Reading Room of this church, presented me these lovely tokens of remembrance: Mrs. Stetson sent a magnificent solid silver ice pitcher, tray, cup and slop bowl; sweetly inscribed on the cup were these Scriptural words: "A cup of cold water in His name." The other dear Christian Scientists sent an exquisite gift table with onyx top—all to be placed in my room in the First Church of Christ, Scientist, at Concord, N. H."

In speaking of the fondness of Mrs. Eddy for the diamond crown, a close friend of Mrs. Stetson said last night that Mrs. Eddy often referred to it as her "crown of rejoicing," and that she usually wore it at her throat.

Little else was discussed in Christian Science circles here yesterday than Mrs. Eddy's bequests to Mrs. Stetson and Mrs. Laura Lathrop. The diamond cross which Mrs. Lathrop will receive in accordance with the provision in Mrs. Eddy's will was also a valued possession of the late owner. Mrs. Lathrop, who was largely instrumental in organizing the Second Church of Christ, Scientist, in this city, is now in California, and will not return for several weeks. Her son, John C. Lathrop, was one of the pallbearers at Mrs. Eddy's funeral.

Members of the Second Church of Christ, Scientist, here said yesterday that the bequest liquidating the remaining indebtedness on Second Church came as a great surprise.

Mrs. Stetson, who was excommunicated from the Christian Science Church, will not make an effort for reinstatement.

CHINESE LOAN HANGING FIRE.

Suspicion Aroused by Americans' Alliance with Other Bankers.

PEKING, Dec. 15.—The government has not yet come to terms with the American Financial Syndicate over the proposed loan of $50,000,000, to be used by China in furthering currency reforms and other interests of the Empire. The final difficulty appears to be in regard to the appointment of a financial adviser to China, who would be in a position to influence the expenditures.

When the tentative agreement for the loan was made the Chinese evidently assumed the adviser would be a figurehead, the acceptance or rejection of whose advice would be optional with them. Now, however, they are unwilling to proceed on this assumption. Willard D. Straight, the representative of the syndicate, has endeavored to dissipate any uneasiness that the government may feel on this point.

There is no doubt that some suspicion was aroused by the alliance of the Americans with European banking groups and by Mr. Straight's proposal that in future English, German, and French financiers be permitted to participate in Chinese loans.

The Imperial Assembly is supporting the government in its attitude. The delegates are afraid that the officials of the Government might make unjustified use of borrowed funds, but their chief fear is of international influence upon the Government as a consequence of financial agreements.

The Government could probably obtain smaller and uncontrolled loans, though at less advantageous terms. In fact, several agents of bankers not participating in the American Syndicate are here and it is believed that they have already opened negotiations. The diplomats in Peking appear to be of the opinion that piecemeal loans will avail for some months, after which recourse to large loans will be unavoidable.

The newspapers significantly publish a new plan for currency reform on a silver basis, bringing out the fact that the plan requires for its accomplishment only $10,000,000.

ANTI-AMERICAN RIOTING.

Several Persons Killed or Wounded in Outbreak at Cartagena.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—There has been another eruption of ill-feeling toward Americans in Colombia, according to a cablegram received at the State Department from American Minister Frazier at Bogota.

Mr. Frazier says he has been informed by the Vice-Consul at Cartegena that riots occurred there on Dec. 11, several persons having been killed or wounded, while many shops were sacked. These riots were apparently to protest against the proposed sale of church property to the American Educational Union.

Martial law was promptly declared, and on Dec. 12 all was quiet.

WHOLESALE RAIDS ON CHICAGO BROKERS

Government Officials Close Capital Investment Company and Alleged Branches.

OTHER RAIDS ARE DUE TO-DAY

Concern Charged with "Bucketing" Orders—Warrant Out for William R. Halligan of New York.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Following a sensational raid to-day on the main offices and four branches of the Capital Investment Company in Chicago and its branches in Joliet and Aurora, Ill., Federal agents to-night prepared to swoop down early to-morrow upon twenty-six other branches, scattered through eight Middle Western States. This round-up will mark one of the most extensive movements in the history of the Government's war against alleged get-rich-quick concerns. Action to-morrow, it is said, will be taken in the following cities: Milwaukee, Racine, and Green Bay, Wis.; Detroit, Grand Rapids, Kalamazoo, and Lansing, Mich.; Davenport and Muscatine, Iowa; Rockford, Elgin, Monmouth, Galesburg, East St. Louis, Belvidere, and De Kalb, Ill.; Indianapolis, Anderson, Kokomo, Muncie, and Lafayette, Ind.; Louisville, Ky.; Cincinnati, Ohio, and St. Louis, Mo.

According to agents of the Department of Justice, the Capital Investment Company controlled 5,000 miles of leased wires to supply these branches with news of the New York stock market, and was doing a business of more than $10,000,000 annually. It is said that on one ten-point break in the market the concern netted $800,000 in a single day.

The Government alleges that the firm dealt with its customers on a basis of "heads I win; tails you lose."

The main office of the company and four of its branches were visited and papers and records confiscated. Sidmon McHie is said by Federal officers to be chief owner of the company. He is believed to be in Florida.

Attorney General Wickersham declared in Washington to-day when he learned of the raid that he believed the last bucket-shop east of Denver had been put out of business.

Charles F. De Woody, head of the Secret Service of the Department of Justice, had charge of the raiders, who swept into the Rookery Building, in the heart of the financial district, just at noon and created considerable excitement.

As soon as the contents of the office had been secured, a telegram from Aurora and one from Joliet, both in Illinois, announced that simultaneous raids there had been successful, from the Government's standpoint.

The firm is said to have thirty-three branches in the Middle West, and to have done an extensive business in the buying and selling of stocks. Although Government officials were non-committal after the raid, they said their efforts were "part of the general movement to stop operations of get-rich-quick concerns."

The concern occupied nearly a quarter of the floor and about fifty clerks and managers, hard at work when the raiders appeared, were arrested.

Besides the Rookery Building office the following alleged bucketshops were raided: F. J. Holzapfel, 235 Fifth Avenue; Campbell & Co., Postal Telegraph Building; Murphy & Co., 92 La Salle Street; Sanderson & Co., Room 835 Rookery Building.

Those raided outside the city are M. J. Mason & Co., Joliet, Ill.; J. L. Dickes & Co., Aurora, Ill.

Although the offices other than the so-called main office were ostensibly individual concerns, the Government officials charge that they were in reality branch offices of the main concern. Among the prisoners taken was R. H. McHie, a brother of Sidmon McHie. Others were Frank C. Williams, Michael Murphy, Charles W. Rickell, M. F. Evans, Frank Holzapfel, C. C. Caldwell, J. W. McChesney, James Southard, L. W. Lewis, Otto Kronenberg, William Talcott, Thomas A. Kent, William B. Herbert, R. L. Green, and W. J. Sanderson.

The specific charge upon which the raid was based was using the United States mails to defraud. The complaint was signed by George S. Carborough, the special agent of the Department of Justice, who signed the complaint preceding the raid on offices of B. J. Schettels & Co. recently.

Telegrams received here say a Federal agent left Jacksonville, Fla., to-day to arrest McHie.

Strike Here to Aid Chicago Workers.

One thousand children's jacket makers belonging to the Children's Jacket Makers' Union were ordered on strike yesterday by the New York District Council of the Garment Workers in shops where it was charged work was being done for firms in Chicago affected by the strike of the garment workers there. More are to be ordered out to-day, it was said. The officers of the council said that the contractors here in cases where work was being done for the Chicago firms stopped doing this work in order to avoid a strike of all their employes.

Is your repairing being done satisfactorily and at moderate prices? If not consult NORD the JEWELLER, 37 W. 42d St. Tel. 865 Bryant.—Adv.

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37 TO 51 FLATBUSH AVE., BROOKLYN
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"Ask The People For Whom We Work"

Best & Co.
Fifth Ave. at 35th St.

Useful Christmas Gifts

The place to buy Children's Gifts is at the Children's Store.

Gifts for Children and Infants

Infants' Sacques; hand-embroidered.....$1.85 to $3.00
Hood Shawls; hand-embroidered; silk lined..$2.75 to $4.50
Wrappers; China Silk; hand-tufted. Pink, Blue or White..$5.50
Bath Wrappers; Eiderdown. Pink, Blue and Red. 1 to 3 yrs $2.50
Infants' Caps; Cream Silk.....95c., $1.35, $1.85
Bassinette and Crib Blankets; fine quality. Pink or Blue borders. According to size.....$1.85 to $9.50
White Coney Coats. Sizes 1 to 3 yrs.....$24.50
Angora Hoods; White and Colored.....at various prices

Children's Sweaters

Worsted Sweaters. White with pink or light blue facings; also in plain colors. 1 to 4 yrs.....$1.75
Lambs' Wool Sweaters; double breasted; hand-finished; all desirable colors. Sizes 1 to 3 yrs....$2.85
4 to 6 yrs.....$3.00 7 to 8 yrs.....$3.50
Worsted Sweater Suits. (Coat Sweater, Leggins and Cap.) 1 & 2 yrs.....$4.00 3 & 4 yrs.....$4.50

Gift Umbrellas

Directoire Handles, Sterling Trim; in colors.....Special value, $3.00
All Silk. Colors: Blue, Red and Black. Attractive handles.....$3.00 to $3.85
Natural Wood Handles; Blue, Red and Black.
20-inch.....$2.65 22-inch.....$2.75 24-inch.....$2.85

Boys' Figured Blanket Bath Robes in Pink, Light Blue or Tan. 2 to 8 yrs.....$2.50
Sole Leather Suit Cases. According to size..$4.25 to $5.50

Boys' Mexican Lion Coats; Sizes 6 to 16 yrs. According to size.....$33.00 to $38.00

Boys' Gloves

Lined Cape Gloves.....$1.00 & $1.50 pair
Gauntlet Gloves, lined...75c., $1.00 & $1.50 "
Baltic Seal, gauntlet cuff.....$2.00 "
Iutria Fur, gauntlet cuff.....$3.75 "

Fifth Ave. at 35th St.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

direct your special attention to their present displays of Luxurious Furs suitable for Holiday Gift Giving—embracing *Beautifully Matched Sets,* Separate Neckscarfs and Muffs and *Coats of Various Lengths,* in the Fashionable Furs and in the very late models from Europe.

Also

direct attention to their showing of *Advance Spring Models in Waists and Blouses,* of Foreign importation (hand-made), distinctive models in Tailored Linen Waists.

Gowns of Silk, Net, Chiffon and Lingerie—Serge and Linen.

Suits for Southern Wear and Palm Beach Hats.

564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue
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$1.98

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Positively All Day To-day

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Excellent as a Gift.
48 hours from the clipping of the balsam twigs in the heart of the Adirondack coasts to the finished pillow in your room. Size 13x18. Shipping weight 4 lb.
Peter Reid & Son, Peter Reid, Jr.

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Tube station platforms are warm and bright, and fast trains run every minute or two to 33d St. Travel by the Tubes.

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In place of coffee or tea.
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$20 to $30 standard value Smith Gray suits and overcoats, **$18.50** and **$15.50**

Included are all our small lots and all our complete lots, which have been delayed in tailoring, as well as a number of styles that, notwithstanding their smartness of modeling, high quality of tailoring and unusually large assortment, have not moved as rapidly as we feel they should.

There are more than 60 styles of overcoats in all of the new correct, this season's fabrics, in box coats, semi-box, fitted backs and convertible collar models in every length from 44 to 52 inches, in every size for men, young men and boys.

In suits, there are all the new Smith Gray smart designs for men, young men and boys, in worsteds, in neat silk stripe and fancy weave effects on blue and black grounds—velours aud cassimeres in new stripe, new check and new stripe check weaves, in the new shades of brown and smart grays.

$22.50 and **$27.50** for business and dress overcoats that are of unusual fineness of fabric, excellence of tailoring, correctness of style and standard value, at prices $5.00 to $10.00 more.

$45.00, $50.00 and $55.00 fine dress overcoats, silk-lined, in all the finest vicunas, meltons and Elysians, in dress and business models.....**$37.50**

$5 and $6 pure worsted trousers.....**$3.75**

Children's Department

Boys' Russian suits, sizes 3 to 7 years, and sailor suits, 5 to 10 years, in blue serge and fancy mixed cheviots, regular $7.50 values.....**$4.75**

Boys' double-breasted suits in fancy mixed cheviots, some with extra trousers; sizes 10 to 17 years, values up to $7.50.....**$4.75**

Boys' fancy reefers, broken lots; sizes 3 to 10 years; regular $7.50 values.....**$4.75**

Boys' overcoats with velvet or convertible collars; sizes 11 to 15 years only; values $8.00 and $9.00.....**$6.75**

Special lot of convertible collar reefers in gray and brown mixtures; full $10.00 values.....**$7.50**

Hats

Here are 100 dozen $2.50 to $5.00 derby hats—50 dozen are the sample line of one of America's foremost makers, made to sell at from $2.50 to $5.00, and the remainder, made by another very famous maker, were made to sell at from $3.00 to $5.00, but containing some very trifling imperfections, are yours at **$2.00**

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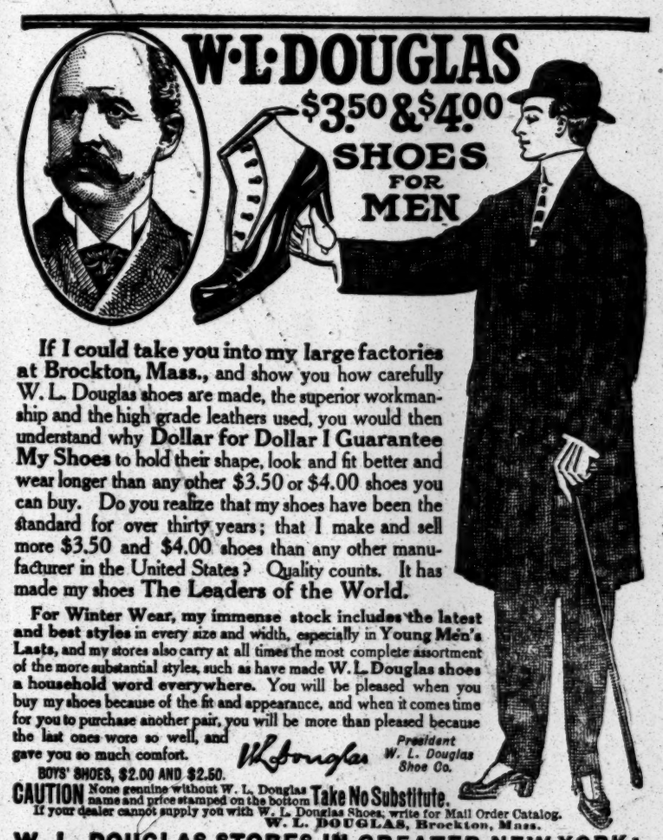

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KIDNAPPED BOYS HELP THE POLICE

Join the Detectives in an Effort to Round Up Two Leaders of the Band.

HUNT FOR "BOSS" GOES ON

Police Here Interested in an Arrest at Red Bank, N. J.—Threatening Letters for Flynn.

Italian detectives from New York aided by the police of every city and town in this part of the country are making a systematic search for Vito Cerisi and another man, who are wanted for complicity in the recent Longo-Rizzo kidnapping case. Two members of the gang, who have been identified by the abducted boys as members of the band, have already been indicted by the Kings County Grand Jury. A man named Costello and his wife are said to be two of the persons sought for.

Cerisi is the husband of Maria Happa, one of the prisoners now in the Raymond Street Jail, Brooklyn, who with Stanislaus Berdenza was indicted on Tuesday by the Grand Jury. Cerisi, the police say, is the man who cut off the hair of Michael Rizzo and Giusseppe Longo, and putting the locks in envelopes mailed one of them to the father of the Longo boy and the other to the grandfather of the Rizzo boy. With both letters went demands for large sums of money. When the police started out to get Cerisi they reached the house in which he lived just an hour after he had fled.

Both of Cerisi's little children, one a boy and the other a girl, are now in the hands of the Children's Society. The other man, who is in hiding, has been identified. The police have located his home and have proof that he is the man who lured the Longo and Rizzo boys into a moving picture show in Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, whence he took them to East Sixty-fourth Street and turned them over to the gang of which Cerisi and his wife were members.

The police are confident that they will get both these men before many days pass, and say that the kidnapped boys will be able to identify them. So far the two little victims of the plot have proved to be of the greatest aid to the Italian detectives.

The New York police were greatly interested in the arrest at Red Bank, N. J., yesterday afternoon of Salvatore Galatta, who was charged with being concerned in the kidnapping of Mamie Patillo of that place. She was released by her kidnappers the day following the recovery of Giuseppi Longo by the New York police, and within a few hours of the release in East 107th Street of Michael Rizzo.

When Lieut. Machelli received word from Red Bank of the arrest of Galatta he said that, while there was no evidence that Galatta was a member of the gang that had kidnapped the two Brooklyn boys, he is a friend of the New York gang, and is known to have visited the East Sixty-fourth Street haunts of the Cerisis.

Galatta was arrested soon after he left a train on which he had gone to Red Bank from this city. An Italian boy, whose name is withheld by the police and who knows the man well, saw him when he got off the train and notified the Red Bank police. The boy had been watching the trains for several days.

The Patillo girl identified the captive the moment she saw him. She said that Galatta was the man who had brought her clothes while she was being held by the kidnappers near Atlantic Highlands. The police are now looking for the two men said to have been confederates of Galatta.

Lieut. Machelli said yesterday afternoon that the stick of dynamite found in the East Sixty-fourth Street house on Wednesday was in a room that had been occupied by Stanislaus Berdenza, the man indicted on Tuesday in the kidnapping case.

It became known yesterday that Second Deputy Police Commissioner Flynn, who mapped out the plan of campaign that ended with the capture of the Longo boy in the hands of two of those concerned in his kidnapping, has been getting threatening letters since the arrest of Berdenza and other members of the gang. Many of the letters are signed "Black Hand" and in all of them the writers make threats about what will happen to the new head of the Detective Bureau unless he abandons his crusade against the blackmailing, kidnapping, and other criminal bands that have so long operated in this city. Flynn saws he will be able to take care of himself.

TEN DEAD IN MINE DISASTER.

Two Survivors Escaped Suffocation by Breaking Air Pipe.

NORTON, VaV., Dec. 15.—The death toll in the explosion in the Greene Mine near here yesterday was ten men. Nine were killed in the explosion, and one died after being taken out.

The last two men to be rescued were found early to-day in a semi-conscious condition. Immediately following the explosion these two men crawled to an air pipe that connects with the outside and broke the pipe with a sledge hammer. They stood by thos source of air supply twenty hours and managed to keep alive. The restoration of these men, who had been given up for dead, was the cause of much rejoicing to-day.

Supt. Barrowman, who lost his life in the explosion, will be buried at Norton to-morrow.

HANDCUFFED BOYS BREAK FOR LIBERTY

Shoot Their Guard and Strike Down Policemen on the Way to the House of Refuge.

CONFEDERATE TO THEIR AID

Men in Street Cleaner's Uniform Escapes with Their Revolver as They Are Captured.

Handcuffed together and seemingly harmless, Edward Dougherty, 18 years old, of 363 East Seventy-sixth Street, and Dennis McDermott, of the same age, of 1,447 Second Avenue, walking yesterday afternoon in front of William C. O'Keefe, a parole officer, who was leading them east on 125th Street back to the House of Refuge for failure to report properly according to the terms of their parole.

Dougherty turned upon O'Keefe suddenly and kicked him viciously on the shins. Then he and his shackled teammate raced, with lowered heads, toward Second Avenue.

O'Keefe gave chase, calling upon the boys to halt. He drew his revolver and fired several shots in the air when they failed to obey.

That seemed to have a sobering effect, for the two runaways slowed their gait, allowing O'Keefe to come up to them. Just as he was about to lay hold of them Dougherty thrust his free hand into his pocket, drew a revolver, and taking careful aim at O'Keefe, fired. The ball passed through the lobe of O'Keefe's right ear.

The nthe two boys turned again and raced toward Second Avenue, snapping the chain of the handsuffs that bound them together. O'Keefe, bleeding from his wound, followed, still firing in the air. At Second Avenue, he overtook them, just as Policeman Zatke, attracted by the shooting, rounded the corner and blocked their flight. At shat both fugitives turned upon O'Keefe and closed, grappling with him. The policeman tore Dougherty away, leaving D'Keefe to subdue the less formidable McDermott, who presently gave in.

Dougherty, however, struggled fiercely. In the scuffle, the policeman says, there suddenly ran up a man wearing a street-cleaner's uniform, to whom, according to both Zatke and O'Keefe, Dougherty passed his revolver. Then the newcomer disappeared in the gathering crowd.

As the policeman turned for a moment to follow the course of the street cleaner, Dougherty wrenched one arm free, grabbed Zatke's nightstick, and struck him a stunning blow on the head. Zatke dazed, released his hold, and the youth broke through the crowd and made a second dash for liberty. He did not get far, however, this time; for Zatke, recovering, gave chase and overtook him. While the two were struggling, Policeman Heffernan and several men in the crowd came up, and laid Dougherty by the heels, still kicking and screaming, but helpless.

Both boys were taken to the East 126th street station, where a charge of felonious assault was entered against Dougherty. Later, they were arraigned in the Harlem Court before Magistrate Butts.

When the parole officer and the policeman had told the story of the break, away and flight, Magistrate Butts asked what had become of the man in street cleaner's garb, to whom Dougherty's revolver was said to have been handed. The police were unable to account for him. Magistrate Butts was angry.

"These boys should have been searched properly at Police Headquarters," he said. "If they had been, this could not have happened. I want you men to look for that street cleaner and to bring him here. Meanwhile I will hold Dougherty in $2,000 bail for further examination and send McDermott back to the House of Refuge."

The police insist that both Dougherty and McDermott were searched thoroughly at Police Headquarters before they were locked in a cell on Wednesday night. They think the boys had a confederate outside, who, in the garb of a street cleaner, slipped the revolver to Dougherty either in a Grand Street restaurant in which, at the boys' plea, O'Keefe bought sandwiches for them, or later as he was taking his charges toward the river. Thereafter, the police say, the confederate followed them, got the weapon back, and escaped.

GETS BACK HIS OLD NAME.

Nephew of Salmon P. Chase Is No Longer Arthur Edmond Kramer.

Supreme Court Justice Seabury signed an order yesterday authorizing Arthur Edmund Kramer, a broker, to resume his baptismal name of Arthur Booth Chase. Kramer, who is 22 years old and lives at 38 West Sixty-third Street, made affidavit that he is the son of Arthur Booth Chase, a brother of Salmon P. Chase, who was Chief Justice of the United States for many years. He deposed that he is the only surviving male descendant of his branch of the Chase family.

When he was young, he declared, his father died, and his mother married an Edward G. Kramer, who adopted him under the laws of the State of Massachusetts. He is a member of the Sons of the Revolution, the Society of Colonial Wars, the Sons of the American Revolution, and the Seventh Regiment of the National Guard, he told the court. He gave as his reason for making the application for the change of name his desire to perpetuate the honorable name of Chase.

$8,000,000 LOAN ILLEGAL.

Philadelphia Did Not Comply with Requirements, Court Decides.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—Philadelphia's proposed new $8,000,000 loan, which was approved at the November election, was declared illegal to-day by the Court of Common Pleas, which upholds a suit brought by the Tax Payers' Committee headed by Logan H. Bullitt.

The court holds that in advertising the new loan, the specific and accurate indebtedness was not set forth as fully as is required by law and further that the act of Assembly, which provides that all city contracts must be provided for in full by appropriations from Councils before the work is started, had not been complied with.

YALE WON'T LOSE BALDWIN.

Connecticut Governor Will Continue Lecturing at Yale Law School.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 15.—Governor-elect Simeon E. Baldwin will not relinquish his Yale Law School work when he assumes the office of Governor next month.

It was announced here to-day that the Judge would continue to meet his classes regularly twice a week, as heretofore. Judge Baldwin has been connected with the Law School Faculty since 1869.

Silver Novelties For Christmas

The little things in silver, so popular for presents, we have in greatest assortment in Sterling Silver or Plate.

Vanity Cases, Mesh Bags, Purses, Chatelaines, Silver for the Toilet Table, articles for personal use for men and women. Many things exclusive in idea and design. Selection easy. Prices moderate.

Everything in Silver, Sterling or Plate, and Cut Glass of our own manufacture.

The Meriden Company, *Silversmiths*

(International Silver Co., Successor)

49-51 West Thirty-fourth Street

and 68-70 West Thirty-fifth Street

RED CROSS XMAS SEALS

One Cent Each

Used on backs of letters, packages and cards. Every one you buy **helps in the fight against tuberculosis.**

On sale Balcony, 34th St., Rear.

R.H.Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th Sts.

SAVE TIME

Use a **BLUE TRANSFER CARD**

No need to **WAIT** for change. All purchases in one package. Ready to take when you pay at **TRANSFER DESK.**

HIGH GRADE JEWELRY

HOLIDAY GIFT SUGGESTIONS—The Macy reputation back of every piece, and prices are at least TWENTY PER CENT. LOWER THAN ELSEWHERE.

Flexible Festoon Necklace, composed of one hundred and thirty-six pure white diamonds, in platinum setting..... $721.00

Other Festoon Necklaces from $14.89 to $771.00.

Sautoir of Black Silk mounted with diamond slides and clasp, which with the cobweb medallion pendant contains eighty-four diamonds..... $398.00

Diamond Lavallieres, Pendants and Plaques from $5.24 to $594.00.

Large Sunburst, paved with graduated diamonds around very large centre diamond; formerly $900.00, now..... $675.00

Platinum Bowknot in spider-web design, encrusted with one hundred and nineteen diamonds... $394.00

Diamond Floriated Brooch, tapering to pear-shaped pendant, and containing sixty-two diamonds..... $258.00

Floral Brooch, of platinum; set with seven pure white diamonds in tiny chalices..... $64.75

Other Diamond Brooches from $189.00 to $675.00. Ear Screws, diamond pendants, solitaires, clusters, &c., $3.44 to $418.50.

Hair Barrette, paved with diamonds, in design of forget-me-not garlands; formerly $562.00; now..... $422.00

Gold Hair Barrettes, from $4.39 for the simple sort to jewelled ones up to $422.00.

Marquise Dinner Ring, two blue-white and one canary navete diamonds, surrounded by forty smaller diamonds..... $689.00

Twin Solitaire Ring, of great brilliancy, the shank encrusted with diamonds on either side..... $425.00

Princess Ring of five sapphires, framed by eighteen diamonds..... $269.00

Other Rings, including diamond solitaire, clusters, hoops and a choice collection of dinner rings, from $1.89 to $764.00.

14k. Gold Fine Ring Mesh Handbag, gathered into narrow filigree frame, containing thirty-five diamonds, and oval cabochon sapphire in clasp..... $689.00

Gold Change Purse to Match, set with eighteen diamonds and cabochon sapphire in clasp..... $189.00

Gold and Jewelled Mesh Bags and Change Purses, $104.00 to $838.00.

14k. Gold Locket in the new elongated oval shape; three diamonds and pear-shaped cabochon sapphire set within chased border.. $62.74

Gold Locket closely striped with royal blue enamel, diamond in centre..... $11.49

Our assortment of Gold Lockets begins with $3.49 and goes to $114.00.

Gold Cross Pendants, several sizes, from $1.69 to $85.00.

Diamond La Vallieres, Pendants and Plaques, from $5.24 to $594.00.

WATCHES

Gifts for men, women and children—and the best gifts of the kind money can buy.

We can furnish any standard Watch movement in any sort of case desired, but we have two specialty grades that are always given preference.

One—the La Forge and Valentine Watch—represents the finest product of Geneva watchmakers.

The other—our Herald Square Watch—represents the foremost watchmakers in America.

That we give these lines the preference is evidenced by the double guarantee that goes with every Watch—a guarantee exceedingly liberal.

Suggestions to gift buyers:

Men's Knife Edge Enamelled Gold Watch; open face, fitted with fifteen-jewelled guaranteed Geneva lever movement; enamelled chain to match..... $109.00

Man's 14-k. Engine-turned Gold Watch; open face; seven jewelled La Forge & Valentine movement..... $21.74

Man's Gold-filled Polished Watch; case guaranteed for twenty-years; open face; seven-jewelled Waltham movement; gilt dial..... $12.49

Man's Knife-edge Sterling Silver Watch; open face; seven-jewelled Swiss movement; silver dial..... $9.89

Woman's Roman Gold Locket Watch, 14-kt. blue enamelled border both sides; fifteen jewelled Geneva movement..... $42.24

Woman's Violet Enamelled Chatelaine Watch on 18-kt. gold, seven small diamonds in platinum setting in centre; fifteen-jewelled Geneva lever movement, with enamelled neck-chain..... $137.00

Woman's Small 14-kt. Engraved Gold Watch, open face, containing fifteen-jewelled La Forge & Valentine movement; swivel bow..... $25.98

Men's, Women's and Children's Nickel Watches, from..... 59c to $3.96

Sterling Silver Watches, from..... $1.98 to $14.59

Gun Metal Watches, $2.97 to $29.69

Gold-filled Watches, from..... $5.89 to $61.00

14-kt. Gold Watches, $14.89 to $124.00

Enamelled Watches, $3.49 to $149.00

First Floor, Centre.

Men's 14k. Gold Seal Ring, diamond on either side of oval..... $11.74

Black Silk Fob, decorated with gold tiger head charm, diamond eyes and diamond in mouth... $59.50

Other Gold Fobs, from $3.49 to $75.00.

Gold Tie Clasps, $1.74 to $6.89.

14k. Roman Gold Knife set with three diamonds; steel blades..... $24.49

Gold Pocket Knives, plain and jewelled, range from $2.64 to $24.49.

14k. Roman Gold Cigar Cutter set with diamond. $10.49

Other Cigar Cutters from $3.49 to $31.24.

Mother-of-pearl Dumbbell Cuff Links, set with diamond, platinum border..... $24.74

Other Cuff Buttons from $2.24 to $85.00.

Gold, Diamond and Pearl Shirt Studs, in sets, at $1.49 to $65.49.

14k. Dumbbell Cuff Links, relief designs, containing diamond... $18.24

Gold Match Safes, plain and set with diamonds, from $9.14 to $64.49.

Gold Bowknot LaValliere in filigree design, set with twenty-three pearls and one diamond..... $25.46

Gold Bracelet, encrusted, and set with three diamonds..... $47.24

Other Gold Bracelets, some with platinum mountings containing diamonds, from $10.49 to $357.00.

Diamond-shaped Scarf-pin, set with sixteen diamonds around diamond-shaped sapphire..... $79.50

Platinum Scarf-pin, in art nouveau design, set with cabochon sapphire and diamond..... $19.49

Gold Seahorse Scarf-pin, set with small diamond..... $6.74

Our collection of Scarf Pins is unusual in variety, and ranges from $1.24 to $194.

Genuine **Alaska Sealskin Caps, Detroit and Driving Shapes (whole skins), at $11.49 and $16.49** Fifth Floor.

R.H.Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th Sts.

Electric Seal Caps, Detroit and Driving Shapes $2.74, $3.96 & $4.96 Fifth Floor.

Fine $40.00 Overcoats at $27.50

Fifth Floor.

Just 40 all told—for the first forty lucky buyers. Made up to our order from the very best Oxford and black **Hockanum Vicuna Cloth,** a material used almost exclusively by the highest grade custom tailors in coats **at double this price.**

Cut on the very latest, most approved lines, slightly form-fitting Chesterfield model, knee length, with self collar and hand-felled edges—a conservative value for these fine coats is $40.00.

Fourth Floor, 34th St.

$84.75

Men's Fur-lined Overcoats

BLACK KERSEY CLOTH SHELL, lined with natural muskrat skins, Persian lamb shawl collar; Macy's price. $58.50

BLACK BROADCLOTH SHELL, lined with dark blended or natural muskrat, fine Persian lamb collar..... $84.50

Fur-trimmed and Fur-lined Coats at $24.74 up to $295.00

Men's Ulsters at $18.50 to $27.50

Big, warm, comfortable coats, made of the rough-finished tweeds and cheviots that every one wants this season; in colors and patterns befitting this style of coat, single or double-breasted, plain or belted backs, and regular or convertible collars.

Men's Overcoats at $14.75

Special—They are made of winter-weight all-wool kerseys, lined with Princess serge, well-tailored and finished.

Other Overcoats in our great stock, staple as well as more snappy styles, at all prices up to $42.50.

MEN'S FINE SUITS AT $24.75

Suits that compare favorably with those made by custom tailors. An unusual assortment, including rough-finished tweeds in plain and fancy patterns, smooth or unfinished worsteds in grays and browns. In addition to the regular sizes, special models for short, tall, stout and slim men.

Other suits, including a full line of Dress and Tuxedo Suits, typical Macy values at $14.74 up to $45.50.

MEN'S FUR MOTORING COATS

Fourth Floor.

Manchurian Dog-skin Motoring Coats, a full line of sizes at $19.74, $21.74, $29.74, $32.74 and $39.74

Raccoon Motoring Coats, full-furred, loose fitting, and carefully sewn; lined throughout with woolen fabrics; yoke and sleeves lined with satin. Our assortment is extraordinarily large, as may be seen from the range of prices; $44.74, $49.74, $58.75, $74.75, $84.75 (like illustration), $98.75 and $134.00

Russian Calfskin Motoring Coats, warm, durable and good-looking, at $24.74, $32.74, $36.74 & $39.74

MEN'S ENGLISH GLOVES UNDERPRICE

First Floor, Broadway

A delayed shipment just received, including a splendid selection of the most wanted fur-lined and wool-lined gloves. They'll sell in a hurry for Christmas gifts at these prices.

Squirrel-lined Mocha Buck Gloves, gray and tan, one clasp; also **Imported Cape Gloves,** tan; value $6.50 a pair, special	**Coney-lined Gray Mocha Buck Gloves,** prix-seam sewn, six-needle back; value $5.00 a pair, special	**XXX Mocha Buck Gloves,** lined with Angora, pique sewn, one clasp: tan only, value $3.50 a pair, special	**Mocha Buck Gloves,** seamless, wool-lined, prix-seam sewn, six-needle back; gray only, value $3.00 a pair, special	**Tan Mocha Buck Gloves,** seamless, lined with wool, backs embroidered, one clasp; value $2.25 a pair, special
$5.74	**$4.24**	**$2.94**	**$2.44**	**$1.89**

CANES AND UMBRELLAS—THE LATEST!

First Floor, B'way

"Electric-light" Canes, a distinctive novelty from Vienna; just received. Beautifully finished brown or gray wood. A small but powerful electric bulb and battery lies concealed within the shank, just below the hook handle. A sliding band of German silver covers or reveals and sets into action the bright flashlight; Macy's price..... $4.96

Other Electric Light Canes—of American manufacture, special at $2.49.

Walking Sticks, fine natural wood, silver-mounted or inlaid, all imported from Paris or Vienna, at prices ranging from..... $2.97 to $11.89

Folding Canes—partridge wood, various shaped handles—straight or hooked, they occupy little space and pack easily in suit case or trunk; special at..... $1.98

Novelty Umbrellas—with gun metal or horn handles that come to us from Vienna—others with cut jet handles, direct from Paris, and combinations of sterling silver and gun metal that were evolved in England..... $4.69 to $18.89

All-Silk Umbrellas, extra heavy, fox frames, selected handles of natural boxwood, furze, pimento and other fine woods. For men..... $4.96

Umbrellas in regular stock, including serviceable cotton ones, at 97c, reliable cotton-and-silk Umbrellas at $1.98, extra strong all-silk and union taffeta at $2.97 and upward to $18.89.

500 HIGH GRADE SMOKING JACKETS

Fifth Floor.

At $3.96	At $4.50	At $6.50
Value $5.00	Value $6.00	Value $8.50

A fortunate purchase of these favorite gifts for men. The double-faced materials are exceptionally fine—and the patterns are the rich, dark colorings that men will like and the women will enjoy giving—grays, browns, greens and blues. Pockets and cuffs trimmed effectively with silk cords; sizes 36 to 44. Early selections advisable to make sure of the size and pattern.

Japanese Quilted Silk Coats in blue, brown and garnet; collar and cuffs embroidered..... $5.50

Imported Matelasse Coats, rich colorings and patterns; silk lined throughout; also

Black Velvet Dinner Coats— silk lined and faced..... $14.75

Men's Imported Lounging Suits, lambswool and camels' hair fabrics, blue, brown and garnet.. $11.74 to $27.50

Kennedy & Co.
(Successors to H. Wunderlich & Co.)
MEZZOTINTS
in black and white and in colors.
ETCHINGS
by Whistler, Haden, Cameron, Fitton, Haig, etc., and by the old Masters, Rembrandt, Durer, etc.
613 FIFTH AVENUE
(49th and 50th Streets)

Jaeger Sanitary Goods

Captain Scott, who heads the British expedition to the South Pole, was asked how one keeps warm in those frigid regions. His answer:

"To wrap up in wool is the only way."

In proof, he is taking enormous quantities of Jaeger along. Another splendid tribute to the protective qualities of Jaeger goods!

Physicians Everywhere Recommend It.

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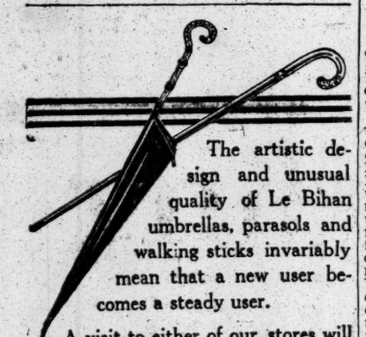
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Everything Necessary for
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Lackawanna Railroad
Leaves New York 10 A. M. daily for Buffalo and Points West
The Road of Anthracite

INSURANCE RATES SWELLED IN SUBURBS

The Legislative Graft Committee Learns of Advances of 100 Per Cent. Since 1907.

SUBURBAN EXCHANGE RULES

Mutuals Keep Premiums Down In Massachusetts, Where This Form of Insurance Is Popular.

The Legislative Graft Investigating Committee which is now trying to find out just what remedial legislation is needed to protect the public against exorbitant fire insurance rates learned yesterday that the Suburban Fire Insurance Exchange, which fixes rates in the outlying sections of New York, just as the New York Fire Insurance Exchange decides what the companies shall charge here, has increased the suburban rates between 15 and 20 per cent.

S. A. Reed, manager of the Suburban Exchange, said in reply to the accusation of several out-of-town property owners that the exchange, since its organization three years ago, had advanced insurance rates 100 per cent. in many instances. He explained the sudden rise just after the organization of the exchange in 1907 by saying that the fire insurance companies were operating on an unprofitable basis before that time. Then Senator Robert Wagner of the committee demanded some proof that the companies were really losing money on their business before rates were put up. Mr. Reed admitted that he had no proof.

Senator Wagner told the witness that the committee was not inclined to accept his bare statement that the companies were really compelled to raise rates in order to save themselves.

Big Advance in Freeport.

Mr. Reed said he would endeavor to get the required statements from the insurance companies and forward them to the committee. His appearance before the committee yesterday was at his own request, as he wished, he said, to correct his testimony of several days ago. At that time he had said that the minimum rate on frame dwellings throughout the territory covered by the Suburban Exchange was 50 cents per $100. Yesterday he said that he was mistaken in this, as Yonkers had a 40-cent rate.

In reply to the protests by property owners of Freeport, L. I., that rates had been jumped as high as 100 per cent. with no apparent cause, Mr. Reed said that there were specific reasons for each specific advance. He said, too, that if the Freeport property owners did not like the rates they were getting they had the liberty to insure with some of the New York companies.

Alfred Hurrell, associate counsel for the committee, seemed inclined to doubt this, and wanted to know what city companies would take the suburban risks.

"I do not care to advertise our rivals by naming them," said Mr. Reed.

Manager Reed also admitted, under cross-examination, that the companies operating through the Suburban Exchange had a business of $3,000,000 in premiums last year, and that this sum was a $600,000 increase over the total premiums written before the exchange was formed.

In an effort to determine whether it would be advisable to suggest such remedial legislation as would allow the entry of the so-called mutual companies of Massachusetts into New York State the Legislative Committee had before it yesterday F. H. Hardison, Insurance Commissioner of Massachusetts. He said that the mill mutua's and the miscellaneous fire insurance mutuals, which were organized years ago in his State, had proved decidedly popular, that they charged lower rates than the stock companies of New York, and that they are satisfactory in every way. The older mill mutuals have operated in Massachusetts forty years or more, and some of the miscellaneous mutuals have been in existence 100 years. Also in Massachusetts there are mill mutuals from various other States.

Mutuals Give a Low Rate.

"The miscellaneous mutuals of the old type have furnished good insurance," said Commissioner Hardison. "And they have furnished it at a low rate."

The Commissioner added that these miscellaneous mutuals deal only in preferred or protected risks and that most of them have accumulated large surpluses. Such was the case, he said, with the old and long established mutuals.

"We had another class of miscellaneous mutuals," he said, "which undertook to do business in all classes of insurance. They were started simply to make money out of commissions. Every one started that way went into the hands of receivers."

"So there is a danger in these miscellaneous mutuals, if they are not conducted in the right manner and by the right people?" asked M. Linn Bruce, chief counsel for the committee.

Commissioner Hardison agreed that such was the cause. He said, however, that he saw no harm in letting the reliable Massachusetts mutuals into New York State, provided they were conducted on their present basis of efficiency.

"In fact, it might be an advantage, as it would spread their risks," he said.

J. V. Barry of Lansing, Mich., formerly Insurance Commissioner of Michigan, told the committee that State regulation of the insurance business would prove to be largely a political proposition. In Michigan, he said, they have an anti-compact law which applies to "foreign" companies, or those holding charters outside of the State. The insurance companies in Michigan get their rates from the Michigan Inspection Bureau, which is a rate making body similar in many respects to the New York Fire Insurance Exchange and the Suburban Exchange. In commenting on the subject of State control of rate making as it would apply here in the event of such legislation, Mr. Barry said it would probably be arbitrarily and not scientifically done.

Property Owners Complain.

Mr. Barry offered a suggestion which made quite an impression on the committee. He suggested that insurance agents should be paid on a basis of profits accruing from the business obtained by them individually, and not upon the amount of business done. The percentage basis as it operates at present tends to make the agents "put across," as Mr. Barry expressed it, hazardous risks.

BASIS FOR RAILROAD CAPITAL.

Witnesses Before Hadley Committee Discuss Physical Valuation.

The Railway Securities Commission, appointed by President Taft to investigate the issuance of capital obligations by the railroads, held the first of a series of New York meetings yesterday at the office of J. & W. Seligman & Co. Frederick Strauss of that firm is a member of the Commission. President Hadley of Yale is Chairman. At the last meeting in Washington on Nov. 29, the commission examined a committee of the Massachusetts State Railway Commission on methods in use in that State, and the same line of inquiry was continued yesterday with Richard Hale, a Boston corporation attorney, and Public Service Commissioner Maltbie as witnesses.

Mr. Hale explained the Massachusetts laws framed to prevent stock watering, and was questioned on valuations. He said he was not prepared to say that physical valuation was the only basis for the issuance of securities, but that the extent of previous capitalization should not be the most important factor.

"The investor needs to be told the truth regarding security values," said he, "and that is the only protection. He should be able to form his own opinion if he isn't told lies."

Mr. Hale was in favor of present valuation rather than original cost figures. He gave three rules as the best solution of the problem. They were:

First.—That stock should have no relation to capital.
Second.—The elimination of par value of stock.
Third.—That a careful record be kept for the benefit of stockholders as to costs, &c., and that the regulation of rates be based partially on costs and partially on value.

Mr. Hale believed that rates should be determined by the values of property, rather than by the capitalization, and said that there was no reason why a railroad struggling under a heavy burden of overcapitalization should be tolerated. He expressed the opinion that in cases where overcapitalized roads were in competition with ones that had been prudently financed the weak road should not be helped along, having rates fixed on its capitalization. If necessary, the road should be allowed to go out of business.

Public Service Commissioner Maltbie was called to tell about the work of the commission of the first district. He was asked about the effect of overcapitalization of public service corporations.

"It is an injustice to the investor as well as an injustice to the public," he said. "It tends to cause managers to try to earn dividends on increased capitalization, or to decrease service. To earn sufficient funds to pay dividends on overcapitalization less efficient service follows.

Commissioner Maltbie spoke of the ideal control of public service corporations. He said that the service corporations should have large discretion.

In the new security issues the Service Commission should have the determining power as to the interest rates, and to fix the minimum price at which bonds should be sold. The Commission should have the right to audit the accounts of the corporations.

Not only should strict control over the mere issuance of securities be exercised by the commission, Mr. Maltbie said, but they should control the actual expenditures from such new securities.

At to-day's meeting of the Hadley Commission Francis Lynde Stetson, a corporation lawyer, will be called.

THREATEN A STRIKE OVER VACCINATION

Court's Ruling in the Case of Two Staten Island Children Inspires Parents Opposed to It.

WANT IT MADE OPTIONAL

Another Legislative Bill Against Making It Compulsory in Schools to Be Presented at Albany.

Anti-vaccinationists rejoiced yesterday when the news spread that Magistrate Handy in the Second District Court of Staten Island had dismissed, during the morning, on the ground that the prosecution had not made out a case, the complaint brought against Herbert A. Thorpe of Princes Bay, charging him with violating the compulsory education law.

When Mr. Thorpe sent his little boy and girl to Principal Jennings a few weeks ago they carried a letter in which the father remarked casually that he would shoot any one who attempted to vaccinate them. Principal Jennings speeded the young Thorpes homeward, where their parents undertook their instruction. The fight was on.

It was the contention of Lawyer Harry Weinberger, who represented the father that the educational authorities, apparently devoted to vaccination, could not press against his client the law which demands public education (or its equivalent) "for every child between 7 and 16 years of age in proper physical and mental condition." Surely the educators would not consider the unvaccinated Thorpe children in "proper physical condition," remarked the lawyer, with tremendous sarcasm, but he could not get a ruling from the bench on this point.

The outcome of the Thorpe case is to be the basis and an impetus for a hotly-waged war against compulsory vaccination, according to Mr. Weinberger, who says that in his plans he will have the backing, as he has had the advice and encouragement, of Charles M. Higgins, Mayor Gaynor's neighbor, the ink man, who is also the treasurer and leading spirit of the Anti-Vaccination Society of America in New York.

Mr. Higgins went to court yesterday, accompanied by his personal counsel, armed with death certificates of children who have died after vaccination, but he was not called upon to put them in evidence. He will consult with Mr. Weinberger on a letter which the latter will send to the Board of Education to-day.

This letter will be a demand for five schools, one in each borough, where children may be vaccinated or not, according to the inclinations and beliefs of their parents. If this is an evasion of the compulsory vaccination statute it is no more so than the attitude toward that statute in many of the cities of the State, where, Mr. Weinberger contends, the law is not enforced, and vaccination remains optional. Newburg, Jamestown, Niagara Falls, Middletown, Mount Vernon, Ithaca, Herkimer, and Oswego are some of the towns he names.

If this letter does not bring the educational authorities to terms, and the lawyer is dubious about it, then there is to be a general strike, in which all parents who dislike the idea of having their children vaccinated will be called upon to raise a row, with mass meetings, posters, and all the best means of causing a disturbance.

In explaining why the little case before the Staten Island magistrate should be the preliminary for such ambitious plans the lawyer said that this was the first case of its kind in New York, except for one nearly like it in Pennsylvania, the first in America. They regarded it as a test case.

The anti-vaccination interests were assured that the District Attorney would try the case in person, and that Supt. Ettinger would be there to testify, but neither of them appeared, and the case against Thorpe rested upon the testimony of Truant Officer Winan. Afterward, Mr. Weinberger says, ten of the Thorpe contingency went to Borough Hall to "beard the lion in his den," the lion being none other than Mr. Ettinger, who was out when they called. They left a message of warning that any further annoyance of the Thorpes would raise the cry of "malicious prosecution."

Principal Jennings, after the Thorpe children began study under their mother's tutelage, wrote to inquire after the nature of their lessons and the number of hours devoted to them, for the law requires a certain minimum in such matters. Mrs. Thorpe replied that she was teaching the essentials, though not the equivalent of the prescribed curriculum.

A bill to render the vaccination of school children optional will be presented in the Legislature at this session. It was defeated at the last session.

MALLORY LINER IN TROUBLE.

Colorado, After a Collision, Gale-Tossed on the Way Here.

For several hours yesterday the Mallory liner Colorado, bound from Boston to this port, was disabled in a gale off the New England Coast. News of the accident was received here by wireless from the Fire Island station. Something went wrong with the steering gear of the vessel, for, according to the officials of the line, another wireless was received from Capt. Cleimer late in the afternoon saying that he had his vessel under control and was proceeding on his way to port. The Colorado is coming here light after a collision with the British schooner Waegwaltic in Vineyard Sound early Friday morning. She carries no passengers. The first message received from the Colorado was:

At noon, thirty-four hours out from Boston, ninety-two miles from New York. Encountered westerly gale, ship unmanageable in gale, ship revolving around before it; expect northwest blow to-night; fifty tons of coal at present, going four miles an hour.

The Colorado sailed from Boston Wednesday afternoon. The officials said that she had been forced off her course by the blow. Later the Captain sent word to the company here that he had the vessel under control and had again taken up his course for New York. The Colorado carries a crew of thirty men. She is coming here to repair the damage suffered in collision. The Colorado passed Fire Island late yesterday, making slow time, but in no need of assistance.

CAVALIERI CONSENTS TO SALE

Clears the Way for Settlement of Chanler Interest in Delano Estate.

Mrs. Natalina Cavalieri Chanler, through her attorneys, King & Osborne, consented yesterday to the sale of the Laura A. Delano estate property at 119 Madison Avenue and 15 East Thirty-fourth Street, in which she has an interest as the wife of Robert Winthrop Chanler. Chanler's interest is tied up.

Supreme Court Justice Seabury signed an order yesterday permitting the trustees of the Delano estate to sell the property for $487,500. The referee's report approving the sale was submitted several weeks ago, but definite action was postponed until Cavalieri's consent was obtained.

NEWSBOY INHERITS $26,000.

But "Dutch" Candor's Fortune Does Not Keep Him Away from Business.

Through the death of his father, William Candor, a building contractor of Bridgeport, Conn., Joseph Candor, who sells papers at Twenty-ninth Street and Sixth Avenue, inherits $26,000. Besides this "Dutch," as he is familiarly known in his neighborhood, will become the landlord of four dwelling houses in the Connecticut city.

Candor left his home about twelve years ago and came to New York to seek his fortune. He got in with boys who live in the tenderloin, and there he has remained ever since.

To Get the Public's View on Salaries.

Mayor Gaynor will hold a public hearing at City Hall at 10 o'clock on the morning of Dec. 10 on the resolution recently passed by the Aldermen fixing the salaries of the Supervisors and Assistant Supervisors of Janitors in the Board of Education. There has been a great deal of opposition to this action by the Aldermen, the board contending that the question should be under its jurisdiction alone.

HEARST'S NAME THE LURE.

W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Others Tell Why They Gave to Boy Scouts.

William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and other prominent persons were witnesses yesterday before the Grand Jury which is making an investigation into the financial affairs of the American Boy Scouts. This investigation, which has been going on since the first of the week, was started at the instance of William R. Hearst, who resigned as President of the organization, saying that money was being solicited for the scouts through the improper and unauthorized use of his name.

Mr. Vanderbilt testified that he gave $1,000 to the organization after he had been told by a man that he was a personal representative of Mr. Hearst and that Mr. Hearst would consider it a personal favor if he would contribute. The other witnesses, Bradley Martin, Jr., gave $500; William A. Reed contributed $1,000, and Frank A. Munsey gave $1,000. All these witnesses, it is said, testified practically the same as Mr. Vanderbilt.

Considerable confusion has been caused by the fact that there are two separate and distinct organizations of Boy Scouts, one being the American Boy Scouts and the other The Boy Scouts of America. It is the affairs of the American Boy Scouts that are being investigated, and the Boy Scouts of America are in no way involved.

CONTRABAND GAME NOT HIS.

Broker, Sued for $210 After Seizure of Quail at the Plaza, Wins.

A case growing out of a raid for contraband game at the Hotel Plaza, which led to the dismissal of a house detective and two waiters suspected of having turned informers for reward, was brought to trial yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Whitney and a jury. The State Forest, Fish and Game Commission sued to collect a penalty of $210 for the illegal possession of six quail in the closed season from William A. Tucker, a broker and member of the firm of Tucker, Anthony & Co., of Boston.

The jury accepted Mr. Tucker's story that he was out of town at the time of the raid and never had the quail in possession. He testified that on Jan. 30 last his son-in-law, a Mr. Fitch of Brookline, Mass., who had been hunting in North Carolina, had come back with quail and had sent half a dozen in a shoe box to the Plaza.

Owen Wister Ill.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Owen Wister, the author, is ill at his hotel here. With his friend Walter T. Smith, he arrived in Chicago from Philadelphia, and at once took to his bed. "The physicians have not diagnosed his ailment," said Mr. Smith last night.

"His condition is such that he cannot receive visitors."

We ask you to consider, inspect and compare our
Perfumery Departments
where we are offering the most *Exquisite and Useful Parisian Novelties* at *Lowest Prices.* Our Perfumery Catalogue will suggest *many* things *most appropriate* as
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and so much appreciated by people of *Good Taste* and *Judges* of *Quality.*
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Embroidered initialed handkerchiefs
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The Best Book Is the Best Gift **NEW MACMILLAN BOOKS** The Best Book Is the Best Gift

Mr. James Lane Allen's *new Kentucky novel* **The Doctor's Christmas Eve**
By the Author of "A Kentucky Cardinal"
The whole setting of this subtly delicate novel is in that blue-grass atmosphere which Mr. Allen reproduces so inimitably. It is redolent with Christmas fragrance yet is one of the universal pictures of a strong man of high ideals in a hard place. It is art of the finest. *Cloth, 12mo $1.50*

Jack London's *new novel*
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"This huge, masterful hulk of a man, who worships the god of luck, trusts to his 'hunches' and fights like a demon to achieve what other men cannot achieve, to do the impossible; ego-mad, drunk with sublime complacence, wresting fortune out of fate's empty hands, will fairly crush out of you your respect, and you will follow with bated breath his adventures to the very end."
—*Chicago Tribune.*
Illus. Cloth, $1.50

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Simply enough for the youngest Mr. Major tells this story of how the little king of France, Louis XIV., stole from the palace to learn what Christmas meant; but only their elders will appreciate the full charm of its underlying romance. A good gift to send to a young lady. *Illus. in color $1.50*

Mr. E. V. Lucas's *new novel*
Mr. Ingleside
The best book of the year for the discriminating man who enjoys good, wide-ranging talk, full of a deliciously whimsical sort of humor that is peculiarly refreshing. *Cloth, $1.35 net, by mail $1.48*

Stephen Reynolds's Alongshore
Where Men and Sea Face Each Other
Would you bring to the city streets all the picturesqueness and atmosphere of the sea? With this book you can do it. *Cloth, $1.50 by mail $1.90*

Mabel Osgood Wright's
Princess Flower Hat
Barbara's new novel which one critic pronounces "as welcome as violets in February." *Cloth, $1.50*

Miss Clara E. Laughlin's *new novel*
"Just Folks"
Altogether delightfully unusual, charmingly entertaining, pitifully, yet joyously, true.
—*Record-Herald.* *Cloth, $1.50*

Mr. Richard Washburn Child's Jim Hands
"Wholly enjoyable, lovably convincing, well worth reading."
Get the book and read it yourself, for there never was another like it or one half as good."—*Henry Haynie,* Boston.
"A book one welcomes with delight."
—*New York Tribune.*

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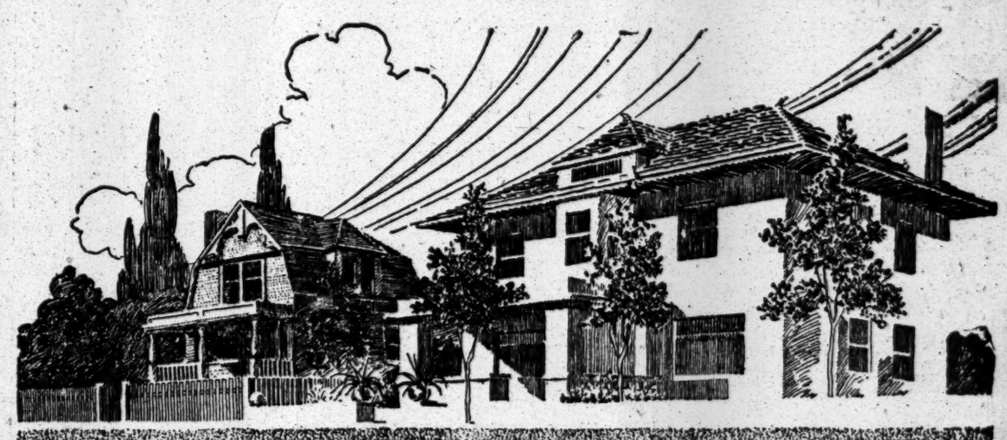

Build With Cement

Lumber is getting scarce and high. It is too inflammable for structural uses. Its upkeep is expensive. In comparison with the granite-like strength of concrete it looks rather flimsy. Even stone and brick will crumble in time. Concrete is everlasting.

Your house may be out of date in ten years if it is not built of Portland cement. It is the modern building material, destined to supplant wood, brick and stone.

Visit the Cement Show

Anybody abreast of the times will be intensely interested in seeing the varied uses of concrete exhibited at this First Annual Cement Show in New York. No one intending to build can afford to overlook them. There is no better place or opportunity to study the wonderful progress being made in fireproof construction.

SOUSA AND HIS BAND
will give concerts every afternoon and evening during the show. It will be their farewell engagement before leaving on a tour of the world and the last opportunity to hear this famous organization in New York.

At Madison Square Ga[rden] *[Ac]cepted*
December 14th to 20th—Sunday exce[pted]

SAILS GONE ALOFT; CREW HUNGRY BELOW

Schooner Phineas W. Sprague, Given Up for Lost, Gets in After Weeks of Suffering.

SKIPPER'S NIECE ABOARD

Played with Her Dolls While the Vessel Was Being Tossed in West Indian Storms.

The long overdue schooner Phineas W. Sprague sailed through the Narrows yesterday morning and came to anchor off Staten Island, on her way to Perth Amboy. J. A. Elliott of J. A. Elliott & Co., 50 South Street, agent of the vessel, who had always believed that she was safe, was on the floor of the Maritime Exchange when news of the arrival of the Sprague was written up on the board. He ran to the nearest telegraph office and sent a message to Mrs. Simmons, wife of the skipper, who has been ill in Brooklyn, and informed her of the arrival of her husband.

The Sprague came into port like a ghost of the sea. Torn sails, rigging carried away, and the scars left along her sides by the storm told the story of the fight she had made. A single can of meat and a few sea biscuits were the end of short rations. On board Capt. P. G. Simmons and his crew united in giving thanks that they were again safe.

The Sprague sailed from Baltimore for Paramaribo on July 31. She arrived there and sailed for Trinidad, where she took on a cargo of asphalt, and on Oct. 20 set sail for this port. Day after day went past and no tidings came from the vessel. Her agents scanned with alarm the record of storms which swept along the coast in October and devastated the West Indies.

Mr. Elliott was confident that the vessel had been blown a long way off her course and would come in. The skipper's wife lives in St. James Place, Broklyn. She became ill with worry as to the fate of her missing husband. She was at the home of Capt. Huyler, another Captain of the same line, when word came that the Sprague had passed in Sandy Hook and signaled all well on board.

The crew of the Sprague consists of the skipper and his brother, who is his mate, and six men. Emily Rock, the skipper's fourteen-year-old niece, was on board. The log of the vessel is a record of some of the worst weather encountered along this coast in many a day. Twice the Sprague was nearing Sandy Hook only to be caught in a northwest gale and sent whirling off to sea again with the sails whipped to ribbons.

The vessel met with rough weather soon after leaving Trinidad. After some of his sails had been carried away, Capt. Simmons figured that he had a hard trip ahead of him, and stopped at Saba Island. There he picked up three additional sailors. There came times in the days which followed when every man on board had to do more than a man's work. Capt. Simmons admitted yesterday that if he had not put into Saba and shipped additional hands the vessel, with all hands, would probably have been lost. In the long days when the schooner was battling with gales and swept by mountainous seas the skipper's niece proved to have great courage.

"She was a comfort to us all," the Captain said. "It was too stormy for the little girl to be on deck most of the time, but she had the cabin to herself, and there she played calmly with her dolls, even when the storms were at their worst."

Leaving Saba the Sprague fell in with gales which made it impossible to hoist more than a few square yards of canvas, and time and again the wind tore away the reef points and the canvas went leeward in fluttering shreds.

On Nov. 15 the Sprague was within 130 miles of Sandy Hook, and Capt. Simmons had hopes of sighting a tug to take him into port. Instead a northwest gale veering to north struck him, and he was sent scudding to sea under bare poles. For days the crew battled with the elements in the effort to keep the vessel up before the wind. Waves broke over her bows and she was running a-wash most of the time. When the wind finally abated the Sprague was off the Georgian Banks. On the day the wind let up a three-masted schooner was sighted. She, too, had evidently been blown away from the coast and had little canvas to spare.

The voyage back to Sandy Hook was a fight against adverse winds nearly every knot of the way. On Thanksgiving Day the schooner was back off the Hook, and proceeding under shortened sail. Just then another gale swooped down on her from the northwest, and again she was sent reeling out to sea. This time the passing of the storm left her some miles east of Bermuda.

Again what little spread of canvas that could be made was put up and the Sprague began to beat back toward Sandy Hook. Twice storms overtook her and left her miles off the course. Fortunately the Sprague's agents provision all their vessels for a month beyond the time required for a voyage. This saved the lives of the crew. Day by day the provisions diminished and two weeks ago all hands were put on short rations. Even these grew alarmingly small toward the end of the voyage.

The battered vessel got inside Sandy Hook yesterday, just in time to escape the 60-mile gale of the early evening, which would probably have sent her out to sea again. She came in minus all her sails but the jib.

AUNT ACCUSES LAWYER.

Woman of 71 Says Thumm Failed to Account for Money.

Charles F. Thumm, a lawyer, of 60 Wall Street, gave $300 bail yesterday on a civil order of arrest signed by Supreme Court Justice Seabury. The order was signed by Justice Seabury, after reading the summons and complaint in a suit for $1,900, brought against Thumm by his 71-year-old aunt, Mrs. Georgia Thumm, charging him with converting $1,600 of her money to his own use.

Mrs. Thumm's affidavit reveals that the defendant is the son of her sister, and the son of the brother of her deceased husband. It says in part:

"I am 71 years of age and the widow of Louis Thumm, who departed this life on the 5th day of December, 1908, in the city of Pittsburg, Penn.

"That upon the death of my husband, my sister, Mrs. Arrie Thumm, the widow of Charles F. Thumm, the brother of my husband, came to Pittsburg, and thereafter requested me to return with her to New York City and make my home with her, at least for a time. This I consented to do, arriving in New York on the 20th day of December, 1908.

She then goes into details of shipping her furniture here in charge of Thumm, who promised to place it in storage for her. To meet warehouse charges she gave to Thum $100. She alleges the charges were not paid, but that Thum kept the money for himself.

From insurance on her husband's life she received $2,641.45. Thumm brought her to a bank, promising to open an account. He deposited, the affidavit alleges, $500 and promised to deposit the $1,500 balance in another bank and bring the book to her. She alleges she has never received the bank book, though she has frequently asked Thumm for it.

Mrs. Thumm then continues that she engaged William K. Johnson of Pittsburg as her lawyer and through him made demands for the return of her money and the transfer back to her of her furniture without success.

Howard L. Thumm, her son and cousin of the defendant, made affidavit that he received the following letter from Charles F. Thumm under date of May 21, 1910:

I am sorry to learn that your mother has been worrying about her financial affairs and will certainly be very glad to do anything I can to relieve her anxiety. She is wrong, however, as to the amount due from me. It is $1,500 received from the G. B. U.; $100 given me to pay the storage charges on her furniture less the amount so paid, which I haven't before me at this moment, but of which I think there is abut $50 remaining, less the charges since accrued, besides $340. This money is drawing 6 per cent. interest, and there is something over $100 accrued. If I were she I would not disturb it, at least, until she can be assured of an investment equally good.

Thumm testified that he got another letter from his cousin under date of June 9 last, in which Charles F. Thumm urged him to dissuade his mother from starting a boarding house.

WOMAN ON TRIAL FOR MURDER

Husband Testifies That He Saw Her Kill His Half-Brother.

Mrs. Jeannette Anderson was placed on trial before Justice Tompkins in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday for murder in the second degree. It is charged that she stabbed and killed James Wilson, a half brother of her husband, in their home at 22 Hubert Street on July 2.

The first witness called by the prosecution was the woman's husband, John Anderson, who told of the quarrel that led up to the stabbing. He said that Wilson lived at their house. He drank to excess and every Saturday night gave his wages to Mrs. Anderson to keep. On the night of the murder Wilson had been drinking heavily and demanded some money which Mrs. Anderson refused to give him.

A short time later Wilson again asked for money and the quarrel was renewed. Wilson left the room and Mrs. Anderson, who is a large woman of unusual strength, followed him into the hall, where she plunged a carving knife into his back. The knife went through one rib and, cutting the heart almost in two, protruded from the victim's breast.

Anderson testified that he saw his wife wiping the blood from the blade. He went into the hall and found Wilson dead.

Another witness called was George Nell, a longshoreman, who said that he walked through the apartments at the time of the stabbing and saw Wilson. Nell answered the questions asked him by the lawyers in flippant fashion and several times almost fell from the witness chair. This aroused Justice Tompkins's suspicions, and after asking the witness several questions, he decided that he was under the influence of liquor and sent Nell to the Tombs to sober up.

MOURNING WOMAN A SUICIDE.

Death of Her Daughter Leads Mrs. Hatch to Hang Herself.

"I am afraid something is wrong with Mrs. Hatch," was the telephone message which Joseph W. Hatch, a grain dealer, received at his office yesterday afternoon from a maid in his home at 517 West 149th Street.

"She is locked in the bathroom, and I can't get an answer from her," continued the maid. Mr. Hatch started home immediately. On the way he got Policemen Conroy and Fox of the West 152d Street Station. They burst open the bathroom door.

Hanging from the doorknob was the body of Mrs. Hatch. Around the woman's neck was knotted a bath towel. The other end was fast to the doorknob. To choke herself the woman had had to drop almost onto her knees on the floor, and she hung thus when the door was thrown open.

There were signs of life, and a surgeon was called from the Washington Heights Hospital. The woman was dead when he arrived, however.

Mr. Hatch said that his wife had been melancholy for the last three years—ever since their only daughter, Carrie, died. The woman was about 50 years old, and in a few days the couple were to have celebrated their silver wedding.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO Bloomingdales

Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th Street.

Commencing tomorrow, Saturday, the Store will be open evenings until Christmas

No matter whether you travel via auto, carriage, surface car, elevated train, or afoot, Bloomingdales'—"The Store of Certain Satisfaction"—is easily and quickly reached from anywhere, convenient now to everywhere.

Women's Long Japanese Quilted Kimonos, Special At $6.98.

Our representative personally selected these Kimonos in far-off Japan. They are brimful of the quaint and inimitable Oriental style that characterizes things Japanese and beautifies them.

The Kimonos are full length in black with lavender, red with cardinal, and red with light blue. Have small turn-over collar, flowing sleeves, girdle and pocket. They are quilted and prettily lined. All extra large sizes. 42, 44, 46, 48 and 50.

An admirable, sure to be appreciated, Christmas gift.

BLOOMINGDALES', Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

The Provident Loan Society OF NEW YORK

Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.

INTEREST RATES

One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.

One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

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Seventh Ave. bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
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Nursery Rhymes in Life—Eighth Floor

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TRAVEL CENTRE OF NEW YORK

The Chiefest Difference Lies in The Way Gimbel Suits and Overcoats are Made

Even in some instances fabrics may be similar, quality identical—still, Gimbel clothing for men differs greatly from other ready-for-service clothing.

Chiefly it concerns the way Gimbel clothing is tailored—and the difference is more evident as the wearer becomes intimate with Gimbel coat upon his back.

Overcoats, $15 to $60

For men and young men—dress box-styles, long storm coats. Also many exclusive importations from London, England.

Winter Suits, $15 to $45

Styles for men and effects for the "younger element," English frocks, plain sacks and English soft "rolls."

Overcoats for Young Men, $12

Clever effects and tailored with all the elements that make lasting worth apparent.

All-wool overcoatings, plain and novelties. Two-way convertible collars and in a wide fabric-variety. Sizes 16 to 22 years. $12.

There are Clothing Specialists devoting their entire time to

Gimbel Clothing for Boys

Boys' Winter Overcoats, $10

All wool fabrics, new gray or brown mixtures, lined with all-wool cassimere or flannel, made long and full and with two-way convertible collar. All sizes, 9 to 18 years, and a liberal variety; $10.

Boys' Chinchilla Overcoats and Reefers, $5

of a soft, absolutely all-wool chinchilla cloth, lined with warm wool.

Russian styles, sizes 2½ to 8 years.

Double-breasted reefers, sizes 6 to 12 years. Colors, dark blue and gray.

Boys' All-Wool Suits (two pair knickers) $5

New brown and gray mixtures and an uncommonly big variety of effects in each.

Plain double-breasted coat suits, sizes 9 to 17 years.

Pleated Norfolks, sizes 7 to 15 years. With two pair of trousers—and remember, all wool, $5.

And at $7.50 to $16.50 one will find a style and fabric range in winter overcoats and suits for boys between the ages of 2½ and 18 years which comprehends everything new and good.

Fourth Floor

THE MAN'S PIANO

There are at least 100,000 men in New York City who are without pianos today who would possess them at once if they could experience for just one evening the pleasure of possessing a player-piano. These men are musical by instinct, but have never spent the time to learn to play the ordinary piano. Part of them are young men who would be glad to have a bunch of their friends in for a musical evening, to sing popular songs and to enjoy the instrumental favorites which can be so effectively played on any of the player-pianos which we are showing.

There are fathers of families who would take great delight in playing for the children as well as in hearing the children play, in the perfect manner in which even the youngsters can produce music by means of the player-piano. There are hundreds of homes that would be the most attractive place in the world for the children if a player-piano were supplied.

The Gimbel Piano Store presents a broader selection of player-pianos than is to be found anywhere else. Not being confined to pianos containing the player of a single manufacturer, there is here unusual opportunity for comparison and satisfying selection. Here are.

The Cecilian Group $1050, $950, etc.
The Apollo Group $1100, $1050, etc.
The Krell Group $950, $850, etc.
Also the Vose Player-Piano at $750
The Packard Player-Piano at $750
The Milton Player-Piano at $475
And the Mason Player-Piano at $385

If you do not wish to pay cash, we have arranged a specially easy payment plan that requires a very small sum from your Christmas money. These are

THE SPECIAL CHRISTMAS TERMS

$5 cash on all pianos from $100 to $245
$10 cash on all pianos from $250 to $390
$25 cash on all pianos from $400 to $750
$40 cash on all pianos from $775 to $1050

If you now have a piano, we will take it in part payment for the new instrument, making the most liberal allowance.

Eighth Floor

Easy Shopping in the Gimbel Toy Store

It's all very well to have what is probably the finest collection of toys that New York has seen this season. But the collection would be of little value if it were not arranged to facilitate EASY selection and EASY buying. Mere sightseeing time is over.

It is the light, and space, and good service of the GIMBEL TOY STORE, as well as the charm of the toys themselves, that make this pre-eminently the TOY CENTER of New York.

And at no time is this pre-eminence more distinctly marked than just now, when the wheels of the Christmas machine are being geared up for their final burst of speed.

Come to GIMBELS, if you want to pick and buy the children's toys with the greatest possible amount of comfort.

Fourth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY SIXTH AVENUE NEW YORK THIRTY-SECOND ST. THIRTY-THIRD ST.

A Tour of the World in the BURTON HOLMES TRAVELOGUES

30,000 *Miles of Travel, Through* 40 *Cities and Countries. Cost* $250,000 *and* 20 *Years' Work.* 4,000 *Pages of Descriptive Text.* 5,000 *Half-tone Etchings.* 36 *Full-page Color Plates (and you can secure all of them for a few cents a day).*

"A Tour of the World!" such narrative skill, with so many strange experiences, incidents and humorous episodes, and so admirably illustrated by over 5,000 photographs taken on the spot by Mr. Holmes himself, as to carry you in spirit over 30,000 miles of travel through forty of the most interesting countries and cities of the world.

What a fascinating prospect these magic words conjure up! ***A Tour of the World!*** The first enchanting glimpse into the lands that lie beyond our doors, the mingling with entirely new peoples, the viewing of strange scenes and customs, the phenomenal mind-broadening it effects, the liberal education it conveys!

It would cost you $50,000.00 and many years of your time to take these journeys, but don't take our word for it.

Perhaps you have longed many times to make this marvellous trip yourself, only to be obliged to dispel the idea because of business, health, family ties, or the question of finances. Is this so? *Then—*

Perhaps, too, you are not aware of the fact that all the pleasures, experiences and value of such a tour may be had for a tithe the cost of an actual tour and without stirring from your own threshold!

WRITE US TO-DAY and we will send you a beautiful picture of the Brandenburg Gate—Berlin (in colors), suitable for framing; also a handsomely illustrated Brochure, containing half-tone views of the famous Champs Elysees in Paris—Portraits of Rulers, and picturesque types of the peoples of foreign lands, together with a full description, and tell you how you may secure the TRAVELOGUES for a few cents a day.

We are prepared to demonstrate this to you.

If you will avail yourself of this opportunity to secure the Burton Holmes Travelogues you will retain more vivid recollections of a trip through the strangest parts of the world, with the famous world-traveler, E. Burton Holmes, as companion and guide, than if you had made the actual tour alone.

In a series of splendid journeys Mr. Holmes unfolds before your eyes the beauties of travel in foreign lands with

TIMES DEC. 16

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TEAR OFF, SIGN AND MAIL TO-DAY

McClure's Tourists' Agency
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New York City.

Gentlemen:—I am interested in the Burton Holmes Travelogues and will be glad to receive specimen pages in colors and to learn the terms upon which I can secure the twelve handsome volumes referred to in the foregoing advertisement.

Name.....
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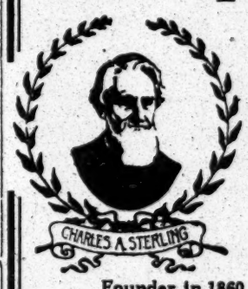
Sterling Pianos

Christmas Opportunities



Founder in 1860

The allurements of the Sterling Building were never so great as during this holiday season. The relative cost of a piano bought from us is so fixed within the reasonable that every want is met by an economy.

An expenditure here is a safe investment, as every dollar you put into a reliable piano will bring rich returns in years of use and pleasure.

We make the pianos, we sell them and we absolutely guarantee them. The holiday season never afforded so many opportunities for the home.

New Pianos at $225 to $550
New Playerpianos at $450 to $750
Used Pianos at $95 to $200

Special terms for the Christmas Holidays—Easiest Monthly Payments.

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8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Other fast trains 7 A. M., 7, 8, 9, 10 P. M., and midnight, with sleepers.

The Only Down-Town Line

running fast hourly solid vestibuled trains from Jersey City through to Philadelphia without change or transfer. Pullman and Dining Car Service De Luxe. Baggage carried on same Train with Passengers if delivered at station a reasonable time before train leaves.

A Train Every Hour On the Hour

From the Foot of Liberty Street
Ten Minutes of the Hour from 23d St.

No Smoke
No Tunnels

Your Watch Is Your Time Table

A Stetson Hat

For Your Husband

Or Father, Brother, Uncle, Sweetheart.

I don't take much stock in that old "phunny-column" business about the ties a woman presents to her husband for Christmas.

But, Madam, all jokes aside, you can't make any mistake if you give him a "Merry Christmas" Certificate good for a Stetson Hat—

Then he can present the Certificate at my store and get any style of hat the John B. Stetson Co. makes.

Prices range from $3.50 to $12. But, no matter what the price, a Stetson Hat is a gift any well-regulated man will welcome with open arms.

If not convenient to call, just send the amount by mail or messenger, and you'll get the "Merry Christmas" Certificate as quickly as the mails or the messenger can carry it to you.

ACKERMAN
The Stetson Hat Man
9 East 23d St., Metropolitan Life Bldg.
Also at 3d Ave., Corner 23d St.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

Clearness and Conciseness

When you write a Want Ad state the facts as clearly and concisely as possible, give plenty of details, make the description as complete as possible.

"Brevity is a blessed thing," as has been said, but don't leave out any of the good points in telling about a piece of property, a business opportunity or an article of merchandise for sale. Use words enough to insure an excellent description. The success of your advertisement will be satisfactory. Telephone your Want Advertisements to *The New York Times*, Bryant 1000.

SEVERE EYE TEST FOR UMPIRE STAFF

National League to Banish Any Member Having Defective Sight.

The National League had another five hour session at the Hotel Breslin yesterday and the meeting will be resumed again to-day at 12 o'clock. A large and varied list of subjects were discussed, including umpires, self-printing tickets, and next season's schedule. President Lynch brought up the question of umpires and invited a discussion of the indicator holders. That was just the chance that Horace Fogel, Charles Murphy and Stanley Robison were waiting for for they were greatly displeased at various times during the past season with the work of the different judges of play on the field.

President Lynch first made the club owners happy by announcing that before the season opens he would have every umpire on the staff put through a severe eye test and if there is anything wrong with the optics of any of them they will not be allowed to work. Some of the owners volunteered the information that some of the umpires didn't stand a show of ever passing the eye test. Others said it was about time that the charges and insinuations that some of the umpires were "blind" was investigated. After a long discussion on the subject in which Mr. Lynch answered all the questions that were fired at him, the owners were not so loud in their criticism of the umpires as they had been earlier in the meeting. They said that the indicator holders were not so bad, after all.

A self-printing ticket machine was placed on exhibition before the meeting and it seemed to interest the owners whose clubs were in the first division more than owners of the second division clubs.

The League instructed Mr. Lynch to support August Herrmann for re-election as Chairman of the National Commission, when it meets in Cincinnati on Jan. 3. Mr. Herrmann's salary for this position is $5,000 a year. A resolution was passed, recommending the retention of the Western League and the Three Eye League under their present classification as minor Leagues, as required by Secretary John H. Farrell of the National Association of Minor League Clubs. The appointment of a committee on playing rules was postponed.

The League popped a slight surprise when it elected a schedule committee this year Charles H. Ebbets has been making out schedules so long that it comes easy to him and he has always had a place on this committe. Yesterday he was dropped for some reason or other. His friends say it was because he has done it so often that he is tired of the position. The schedule committee as appointed yesterday is made up of President Lynch, Barney Dreyfus, of Pitsburg and Secretary John A. Heydler. None of the owners would admit that the schedule was discussed and it isn't known yet whether some of the owners will insist this year for games on cold, bleak Columbus Day. Last year Mr. Ebbets and Mr. Murphy held out for a whole week to extend the schedule so as to include a couple of games on Columbus Day.

The committee on constitutional amendment was appointed as follows: John T. Brush of New York, August Herrmann of Cincinnati, and William H. Locke of Pittsburg.

The sale of the Boston National League Club has practically been consummated, according to William Hepburn Russell, one of the buyers. Mr. Russell, together with Louis Cowes Page, went back to Boston last night and John H. Dovey, who sold out his interests to John P. Harris, also returned to the Hub. Mr. Russell announced that the remaining payment of $70,000 on the purchase price of $130,000 would be made probably on Saturday in Boston. A meeting will be held in that city on that date when John P. Harris will be present. Mr. Russell said that he and Mr. Page would be co-partners in the ownership of the club and that the appointment of a manager would be postponed until the Board of Directors took the matter up. He said that Fred Tenney would be engaged to play first base and Mr. Russell seemed to think that the former Giant first sacker had improved so much in his condition that he had every confidence that he would play as good a game as ever. The new owner said that whoever is appointed manager will have full authority in running the team and will be interferred with in no way by those connected with the business end of the club. The future of Fred Lake is still unsettled, but it was rumored yesterday that Lake still has a chance of being retained as manager of the club.

One of the most important deals of the present meeting is the sale of Willie Keeler by the Giants to Toronto. Keeler was one of several mentioned to be manager of the St. Louis Browns next season, but the unexpected sale of that club has changed the complexion of affairs in that city. Keeler was given a voluntary release from the Yankees last season and signed up as utility man and pinch hitter by Manager McGraw of the Giants. Keeler played very little during the past season, but it is believed that he will be a valuable man in the Toronto outfield.

Shortstop Cranston of Denver was sold to Wilkesbarre. Jack Hynes of Scranton was traded for pitcher Upp of Altoona. Infielder Waldron of Scranton was traded for outfielder Taffee of Chattanooga and Charley Carr, who managed Indianapolis last season, has bought a part interest in the Utica team of the New York State League and will manage and play with that organization next season. Charley Dooley, the former manager of Utica, will manage Troy next season, having bought an interest in the club.

The National Commission held a meeting at the National League offices in the St. James Building yesterday and heard the case of Andy Coakley, formerly of the Chicago Cubs, who has sued the club for a share of the receipts in the World Series of 1908 and for his salary from the time he was released by Chicago. Coakley brought the suit a year ago and his claims amount to about $2,500. He stated his case to the Commission yesterday, but they declined to take action on it and announced that they would not consider the matter unless Coakley withdrew his suit from the courts. Coakley did not announce what his future action would be in the matter.

Several minor cases came to the attention of the Commission. One was the case of a ball player named Dale of Dallas, Texas. He was drafted by three different major league clubs in an agreement to be eventually turned back to Sacremento.

There have been other cases similar to this where two or three clubs agree secure a player, so that another team can eventually get him. The Commission has decided that there is no rule in baseball that fully covers a practice of this sort and a new rule will soon be drafted. Action in the Dale case was postponed. The position of player Doescher of Cincinnati for reinstatement was denied. In the cases of player O'Neill of Elmira, who was drafted by the Philadelphia Americans, and Player Smith of Jacksonville, drafted by Pitsburg, for the purpose of "covering up" these players, the Commission ordered that the draft prize be payed to the leagues in question and not to the clubs who let out the players.

The communication offering a Chalmers automobile to the prize batsman was received and placed on file. The prize will be given next season. In the case of catcher Crisp who was bought by St. Louis from Newark, the St. Louis club was ordered to pay the player's salary. St. Louis refused to pay the salary, claiming that Crisp was injured and was unable to be of any service to the club.

Harvard Class Officers Named.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 15.—Athletic stars received honors at the hands of the senior class of Harvard University last night when the class officers for commencement week were announced. The list follows: First Marshal—Lothrop Withington, Honolulu, Captain of the football eleven; Second Marshal—Reginald C. Foster, Boston, Captain of the track team; Third Marshal—Herbert Jaques, Jr., Brookline, Captain of the cross-country team; Treasurer—Arthur Sweetser, Boston, Captain of the tennis team; Ivy Orator—Allen Griggs of Colorado Springs; Poet—C. P. Aiken, Cambridge; Odist—W. C. Greene of Baltimore, recently appointed Rhodes scholar; Chorister—R. G. Williams, Arlington; Orator—C. S. Collier, Kinderhook, N. Y.

SALE OF ST. LOUIS BROWNS HANGS FIRE

American League Committee to Investigate Proposed New Owners of Club.

The American League finished its annual meeting at the Hotel Wolcott yesterday afternoon without taking definite action on the proposed sale of the St. Louis Browns. The committee which has been appointed to investigate the matter, including President Johnson, Charles A. Comiskey of Chicago, and Frank J. Farrell of New York, told the League when it met this morning that the proposed sale should be thoroughly investigated before it was approved. The American League owners are in close combination and have virtually agreed to a compact of twenty years with Ban Johnson at the head, and for that reason they will know thoroughly who the prospective buyers of the club are before they approve of their entrance into the League.

President Johnson said yesterday that it was a mistaken idea that Robert Lee Hedges, the present owner of St. Louis, was being forced out of the League. Mr. Hedges denied it also, and said he was getting out of his own accord. He said that he was tired of baseball, that it was too much excitement for him and was getting on his nerves. He wants to take a long vacation in South America and recover from the worries and tribulations which go along with a tailend club. He says that he has a valuable property in the St. Louis Club and the ball park in that city and believes that he can get close to $1,000,000 for it. The price which has been named in the gossip concerning the proposed sale is $600,000, which includes the franchise and ball park.

There is said to be much ill-feeling against the American League in St. Louis because of the poor showing the team made last season as compared with the fine showing it made with Jimmy McAleer at the head in previous years. Another bone of contention in St. Louis seems to be Fielder Jones, the former manager of the White Sox. Jones, after his tilt with Comiskey in Chicago, which resulted in his refusal to play, was approached by Hedges, so the story goes, and was offered the minority stock in the club and the place of manager. Comiskey still holds Jones on his reserved list and said that St. Louis was meddling with a reserved player.

President Johnson refused to announce who the prospective buyers of the club are. One of the men who is interested in the deal is Benjamin Adkins, the present Vice President and Water Commissioner of St. Louis. Adkins is said to have interested Mark Ewing, a well-known and wealthy St. Louis resident, in the scheme, and also his brother. Ewing is a Councilman in the Mound City. Other St. Louis men interested in the new syndicate are said to be Messrs. Hall and Hodgden, well-known business men.

The only action the American League took in the matter yesterday was to instruct the committee to go to St. Louis next week and interview the men who want to buy the club. President Johnson and Comiskey of Chicago were booked to go to Bermuda at the end of the week for a vacation, but this trip will be postponed until the St. Louis matter is adjusted.

The meeting yesterday was brief and little work was accomplished. The League did not set a date for the schedule meeting, but will wait to see when the National League Schedule Committee meets.

No action was taken on the appointment of a Rules Committee, as in former years, but it is believed that the different committees will be appointed by President Johnson before the February meeting of the League.

No deals of any prominence were put through by the American League yesterday. Barberick, a pitcher which the Boston Red Sox bought from Providence, was turned over to Montreal. Hugh Jennings of Detroit was in conference with several of the American League managers. He is willing to get rid of some of his present material, but after several talks with John I. Taylor he could come to no agreement about trades or sales. Wild Bill Donovan was seen talking with McAleer of Washington, and it is said that if Detroit asks waivers on the pitcher Washington will get him.

Bezdek to Coach Michigan Aggies.

LANSING, Mich., Dec. 15.—Hugo Bezdek, former football coach for Arkansas University, today accepted the position as coach at the Michigan Agricultural College, succeeding C. L. Brewer. Bezdek was full back on the Chicago University team in 1905.

Wm. Vogel & Son

(Clothiers and Outfitters to Men)

OUR LEASE EXPIRES

We Are Discontinuing Our Store At

Broadway and Houston Street

The uptown movement—change of the retail business centre—finds us in the very forefront, with our model and modern clothing and outfitting establishment at Broadway and 44th Street.

The growth and expansion of this newer store demand our entire interest and concentration. As our lease expires at Houston Street, we want to dispose of the entire stock of our Houston Street store in the quickest possible time—so we have cut prices deeply on all the merchandise.

CLOSING-OUT SALE

At Houston Street Store Only

ENTIRE STOCK WITHOUT RESERVE

NO ALTERATIONS. NO C. O. D.'S. NO CHARGES.

Suits & Overcoats that were $15, $16, $17 ..... *Now* **$10.00**
Suits & Overcoats that were $18, $20, $22 ..... *Now* **$13.50**
Suits & Overcoats that were $25 ..... *Now* **$16.50**
Suits & Overcoats that were $27.50 & $30 ... *Now* **$20.00**
Suits & Overcoats that were $35 & $38 ..... *Now* **$23.50**
Silklined Overcoats that were $40, $45, $50 ... *Now* **$30.00**
Spring & Fall Overcoats, short tan coverts, that were $15 & $20 ..... *Now* **$5.00**
Spring & Fall Overcoats, that were $27.50, $30, $35 *Now* **$21.50**
Fur Overcoats, that were $85, *Now* **$55.00**
Trousers, that were $3.50 & $4.00 ..... *Now* **$2.00**
Trousers, that were $5.00 & $6 ..... *Now* **$3.50**
Trousers, that were $7.50 & $10 ..... *Now* **$5.00**
Full Dress Suits, that were $35, $42, $55 ..... *Now* **$25.00, $30.00, $40.00**
Tuxedo Coats, that were $15, $20, $30 ... ... *Now* **$10.00, $15.00, $20.00**
Spring & Summer Suits, that were $20 ..... *Now* **$12.50**
Spring & Summer Suits, that were $25, $27.50, $30 ..... *Now* **$18.50**
Cutaway Coats and Vests, that were $25, $30 & $32 *Now* **$20.00**
London Frock Suits, fancy worsteds, that were $28, $30, $35 and $40 .... *Now* **$16.50**
Rubberized Coats, a special lot, *Now* **$4.00**
Raincoats & Cravenettes, that were $25 & $27.50 *Now* **$16.50**

Furnishings

Fancy Waistcoats, that were $3, $3.50 & $4 ..... *Now* **$2.00**
Fancy Waistcoats, that were $5, $6, $7.50 ..... *Now* **$3.50**
Shirts, that were $2.00 *Now* **$1.35**
Shirts, that were $1.50 *Now* **$1.15**
Neckwear, that was $2, $2.50 & $3 ..... *Now* **$1.35**
Neckwear, that was $1.15 & $1.50 ..... *Now* **.85**
Neckwear, that was $1.00 *Now* **.65**
Neckwear, that was 50c *Now* **.25**
Hosiery, pure silk, 16 colors, that was $1.00 ... *Now* **.65**
Hosiery—pure silk, silk lisle and others, that was 50c *Now* **.35**
Hosiery — Maco perfect lisle finish, that was 25c *Now* **.17**
Gloves—all kinds of the better class, that were $1.15, $1.50 & $2.00 ..... *Now* **.85**
Pajamas, were $1.50 & $2.00 *Now* **$1.15**
All Bath Robes and Slippers now Half Price.
Underwear— American Hosiery Co.'s Shirts and Drawers, that were $3.50 the garment *Now* **$1.65**

Every Hat in the House - - *Now* $1.50
Were $2.00 and $3.00

WM. VOGEL & SON

Broadway & Houston Street

33 1/3% Discount

is offered the public on the ENTIRE STOCK of two of New York's oldest and most reliable jewelers

CHESTER BILLINGS & SON

(Formerly Randel, Baremore & Billings,
and
ALFRED H. SMITH & CO.

(Formerly of 5th Avenue and 40th Street and Broadway and Maiden Lane)

The stock consists of diamonds, pearls, rubies, sapphires and emeralds in exquisite settings of modern design—also a few fine Oriental pearl necklaces from $225.00 up [less a discount of 33 1/3%].

Every article in this store is offered at a discount of 33 1/3%, which means that you can buy here at less than wholesale cost

Chester Billings & Son's Store

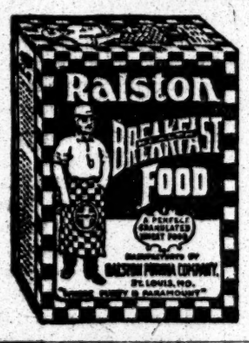
5th Avenue at 34th Street (Opposite the Waldorf)

Children are eager for it

They never tire of Ralston Breakfast Food. It's always satisfying, always enjoyable to them. It supplies the nourishment and bodily warmth so necessary to growing children.

Ralston Health

Breakfast Food



is a good, solid common sense health food, of *natural wheat color*, with all the nutriment of the whole wheat left in. Just the finest, hard winter wheat. Cooks quickly. Digests easily. The most healthful and economical food you can give your children. A 15c package, when cooked, makes fifty good sized saucers.

Ralston Purina Mills, St. Louis, Mo

"Where purity is paramount"

PURINA WHOLE WHEAT FLOUR

contains all the nutriment of whole wheat. Makes delicious whole wheat bread, muffins, rolls, etc. Fine for growing children. Easily digested, highly nutritious. Ask for the checkerboard sack

THERE is one best—one standard—in everything.

The fact that the basic principles in all piano making originated in the

STEINWAY

proves the Steinway to be the standard among pianos.

As an example, see the Steinway Miniature Grand. Ebonized case, $800.

Pianos of all makes taken in exchange.
Time payments if desired. Also pianos for rent.

Steinway Hall is always open to visitors.
Easily reached from all parts of New York.
Subway express station at the door.

STEINWAY & SONS,
Steinway Hall,
107-109 E. 14th St., New York.

B. Altman & Co.

BOYS' CLOTHING AND HATS AT REMARKABLE REDUCTIONS

THE REMAINING STOCK OF BOYS' WINTER CLOTHING HAS BEEN MARKED AT UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES, AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING FOR THIS DAY (FRIDAY) AND SATURDAY:

RUSSIAN COATS . . . $4.50 & 6.00
OVERCOATS . . . . $7.00 & 12.50
SUITS . . . . $6.50, 7.50 & 8.25

AND A NUMBER OF BOYS' FUR COATS, REDUCED TO THE EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES OF

$15.00, $25.00, $35.00 & $38.00

BOYS' BEAVER AND VELOUR HATS

WILL BE OFFERED AT ABOUT ONE-THIRD FORMER PRICES:

BEAVER HATS $1.50 VELOUR HATS $2.00

A QUANTITY OF BOYS' FELT HATS WILL ALSO BE ON SALE AT $1.00

B. Altman & Co.

IMPORTED UMBRELLA HANDLES OF GARNET, PLAIN AND JEWELLED ROCK CRYSTAL, DAMASCENE, JADE, ENAMEL, QUARTZ, GOLD AND STERLING SILVER ARE IN STOCK, FOR THE MAKING OF UMBRELLAS TO SPECIAL ORDER. MARTIN'S LONDON UMBRELLAS, WALKING STICKS, RIDING WHIPS AND CROPS.

FANS, INCLUDING FINE DESIGNS IN VERNIS MARTIN, HAND-MADE LACE, OSTRICH AND MARABOU FEATHERS; SPANGLED FANS, CABINET FANS AND REPRODUCTIONS OF OLD MODELS.

JEWELRY NOVELTIES, INCLUDING OPERA BAGS AND GLASSES, BEADED OR MESH BAGS, PURSES, VANITY CASES, VINAIGRETTES, HAT PINS AND JABOT PINS; CHAINS, PLAQUES, PENDANTS AND NECKLACES; COLLARS OF PEARLS, RHINESTONES AND CUT STEEL; SCARF PINS, VEST BUTTONS, CUFF LINKS, STUDS, FOBS AND TIE CLASPS.

SILVER BON-BON DISHES, TEA AND COFFEE SETS, SALAD SETS, DECANTERS AND CORDIAL SETS, FERN DISHES, CENTERPIECES, PLATEAUX, VASES, CANDLE STICKS, BOUDOIR SETS, PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES, ETC.

TOILET ACCESSORIES, STATIONERY AND LEATHER GOODS.

B. Altman & Co.

DIRECT ATTENTION TO ORNAMENTAL OBJECTS OF ART, APPROPRIATE FOR GIFT PURPOSES,

AMONG WHICH MAY BE MENTIONED BRONZE STATUARY, CLOCKS AND CLOCK SETS, ELECTRIC LAMPS, JARDINIERES, ORNAMENTAL PIECES OF FURNITURE, SUCH AS TABLES, DESKS, CABINETS, ETC.; IVORIES AND RUSSIAN ENAMELS, PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES AND ARTICLES OF DUTCH SILVER. LAMP AND CANDLE SHADES.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

TOMMY MURPHY DEFEATS MOORE

Harlem Boy Outpoints Philadelphian in Latter Part of Bout.

Harlem Tommy Murphy, New York's premier lightweight, defeated Pal Moore, Philadelphia's youthful "phenom" in a stubbornly fought ten-round battle before the Empire A. C. last night. The Harlem boy carried the fight to the Quaker at every stage, and his aggressiveness, coupled with his whirlwind finish entitled him to the honors of the evening. This bout featured the first meeting of the Empire Club this season, and it attracted a crowd of fight fans which completely filled the Manhattan Casino.

The bout was marked by fast work from the opening bell to the finish, but it was not featured by the spectacular kind of fighting which is usually found in a bout in which Moore is a principal. Occasionally the two stood toe to toe and exchanged punches in a manner which had the crowded house in an uproar, but for the most part the fighting was not as fast as might be expected from two boys of such known ability. In the early rounds Moore got in his best work, and often jabbed Murphy and got away without getting a good return, but as the bout wore on the Harlem boy solved the style of the elusive Quaker, and had a decided advantage. At the finish Pal's face bore traces of the hardest kind of usage, and Murphy, while not so badly marked, showed by his battered left ear and bruised countenance that he had figured in a very busy session.

It was announced before the bout that the boys weighed in at 133 pounds. The agreement was that they should box straight rules and protect themselves at all times, and this caused considerable holding after the boys were ordered to break, neither caring to take any chances with the wicked hooks which both are known to possess. There was considerable clinching at all stages of the bout, and Murphy had the better at this style of the game, driving hard uppercuts time and again which rocked Moore's head. Moore did not show to any advantage in the open fighting during the last half of the battle, and had to take a hard pounding from the Harlem boy. The Quaker phenom appeared to be still suffering from the effects of the hard bout he recently figured in with Abe Attell.

The opening round was marked by only one good mix-up, the two fighters devoting most of the time to feeling each other out and clinching. Moore got over a hard left to Murphy's jaw just after the bell, and in the clinches the Quaker worked both hands hard against Tommy's stomach. He changed his tactics occasionally and worked the right arm free for a blow to Tommy's head in the clinches, and in the first round got over four of these wallops. Just before the bell Murphy rushed Moore to the corner and the Quaker's fighting back furnished the only hard fighting of the round. Moore had the better of the exchange, and forced Murphy to give ground. Murphy got in a hard right jab in this round which brought the blood from Moore's lip.

Murphy's rushing tactics were more pronounced in the second round and he carried the fighting to the Quaker. Early in the round Murphy rushed Moore to the ropes and got over a series of right and left jabs to Pal's jaw before the latter broke away and retaliated by handling Tommy three successive jabs without a return. Moore had the better of the open fighting, and his right jab was beginning to show on Murphy's left ear, but in the clinches Murphy was punishing the Philadelphia boy hard and he added enough hard blows to gain him the advantage of the round.

The third round was Moore's best. He jabbed Murphy continually on the head and also some hard punches on Tommy's stomach. Murphy tried to carry the fighting to Moore, but the latter danced out of harm's way at every rush, usually getting over a hard left blow to Murphy's head. Tommy's cauliflower ear was already in full bloom from the stiff jabs which Moore had been delivering at this objective point and in third round the ear broke, the blood spurting all over Murphy's shoulders. Before the bell rang Moore walked into a right swing which landed flush on his jaw and he also took several hard jolts in the clinches, but he completely outboxed the Harlemite during the greater part of the round.

The fourth round again found Murphy boring in and forcing the fighting, but he paid the penalty by taking some straight left jabs and right swings as he waded in. Moore guarded better in the clinches than in the earlier rounds, and Murphy was not as effective in the infighting. Near the close of the round Moore assumed the aggressive and displayed some of the form that made his work a sensation a year ago, but the final bell again found Murphy forcing matters. Moore had a shade the better of the round.

Murphy began to take the lead in the fifth round. There was considerable clinching in this session and the Harlem boy had the advantage of the work. He was stronger than the Quaker, and the latter showed signs of tiring from the aggressive style of fighting which Murphy was following. The two indulged in the best mix-up of the evening in this round and punches to the head and stomach were dealt out in rapid-fire style by both for almost half a minute, with honors slightly in favor of Murphy. Just before the bell Moore landed two hard rights to Murphy's stomach, but the Harlem boy had the better of the round.

Moore got in another bit of flashy work at the opening of the sixth round, when heh anded out almost a dozen jabs to Mruphy's face, without getting a return. Pal danced in and out, and Tommy appeared unable to solve the elusive style. Then came another short spell of mixing, in which Murphy carried off the honors. The Harlem boy landed two hard jolts to Pal's stomach and did telling work in the clinching, gaining the round.

Moore had the better of the seventh round, but the margin was slight. The boys resorted to "giddling" tactics and furnished some good hard fighting, in which Pal carried off the honors. Murphy was playing for the stomach and the blows made Pal wince, but he turned in enough left jabs and guarded well enough to have a shade the better of the fighting.

The last three rounds were fast, with Murphy always the aggressor and in the lead. Moore's right eye was badly puffed in the seventh round, and before the eighth had gone very far it was almost closed. The Quaker's face was much bruised, and, although he fought back gamely, he was unable to solve the strong defense of the Harlem boy; neither could he stop the shower of blows which Murphy sent in. Moore tried to make a whirlwind finish, but he found Murphy stronger, and the latter had a clearer advantage in the closing session than in the earlier rounds.

In the semi-final bout of six rounds Johnny Dundee outpointed Eddie Moran.

POLICE SAVE NELSON.

Accidentally Pushes West Out of Ring and Excites Long Acre Crowd.

Police intervention probably saved Ted Nelson, an Australian pugilist, from a mob beating last night, as the aftermath of his bout with Billy West, a local boxer at the Long Acre Athletic Club in West Twenty-ninth Street. Nelson had handed West a liberal beating in their "go" of ten rounds, and was winning easily, when just before the bell at the end, when West was hanging on, Nelson in his efforts to force himself from his man, swung him through the ropes and to the floor, where West landed with a resounding thud.

The house, mainly composed of West's friends, was imediately in an uproar.

Despite wise counsel it was necessary to call upon the police to protect Nelson, who claimed the event a mere accident, which was the opinion of disinterested spectators.

When Nelson and West shaped up they looked very evenly matched, probably scaling 148 pounds. Each was possessed of a good left, Nelson adding to this with a vicious right, which he brought over in forceful fashion. Honors were easy at the expiration of the initial round. Nelson whipped over a right cross early in the second, which hurt, and with a myriad of left jabs and hooks soon had his man bleeding. Nelson slipped almost out of the ring just before the bell, and was lucky he didn't hurt himself. In the close exchanges West had the worst of the mixes early in the third.

The Australian was right after his man from the bell, and seemed to be content with jabbing West, who, when he got in a punch, set the crowd wild. Leading up to the halfway mark Nelson laughed at West's futile efforts. The latter bored in, and was apparently more willing to fight "rough and tumble" than any other way, refusing to break at the referee's dictation, and otherwise helping to spoil what promised to be a good "go."

West was as wild as a March hare entering the sixth, and proved a mark for his opponent, who stalled through the round without trying but once, when he missed a right-handed cross.

Nelson cut loose in the seventh, and had his man groggy.

Nelson waded in at the start of the eighth with a right to the heart. Successive rights and lefts immediately following sent West down for the count of nine twice, and Nelson let him stay the round out refusing to put his man out.

The final rounds were all Nelson's, but he failed to put his man out during the period, although he tried, and West was on his feet at the end.

Well Done and Young Reid furnished one of the preliminary bouts, and "Well Done" got his in just 45 seconds, going down at the first punch, from which he did not recover.

Young Rockey and Babbling Brook, a negro, furnished the entertainment for the semi-final, [illegible] for six rounds. For the first [illegible]er, the negro carried the fight [illegible] way and beat him [illegible] scored a c[illegible]an all but [illegible] The fifth [illegible]ook's, who beat [illegible] The last round [illegible] of the preceding [illegible] all in favor of the [illegible] himself.

We take a crack at boys' suits to-day!

Cut prices on nearly 3000 boys' Norfolk, double and single breasted suits.

Winter woolens; mixture patterns.

Over a thousand suits lost $4, $6 or $7.50 from former prices.

For example, 220 suits that were $18.50 and 136 suits that were $20.00 are now $12.50.

All now at one of four prices. $6.50, $8.50, $10.50 or $12.50.

Mrs. Xmas Shopper!

May we suggest that [illegible] stores have distinct [illegible] ages these days.

Our Xmas thing[illegible] the things men want.

Leather and Metal Novelties, made specially for men's own everyday use—not merely for Xmas gifts.

New ideas in shirt cases, shaving mirrors, fitted dressing cases, portfolios, traveling clocks, trump markers, ash receivers, cigar and cigarette cases, tobacco pouches—all at moderate prices.

Sweaters, hockey shoes, gloves, fancy waistcoats, silk hosiery and knitted mufflers make good gifts too.

We've still lots of those attractive bargain umbrellas for Christmas presents.

All silk.

One third regular $4.00 values.

Two thirds regular $6.00 values.

$3.15.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

GOODMAN-BURNS BOUT.

West side Lightweights Meet To-night Before National Sporting Club.

Jack Goodman and Kid Burns, both west side lightweights and with a large following, will clash to-night in the main bout before the National Sporting Club and settle the question of supremacy which has been bothering the west side fight fans for some months. Goodman has long been recognized among the leading lightweights, while Burns has only recently joined the top-notch class as a result of his whirlwind work in recent matches. Each boy has been working hard and each is confident of victory.

STUDENTS WANT NO SPORTS CURTAILED

New York University Undergraduates Oppose the Faculty Measure.

At a meeting of the Athletic Association of New York University, held yesterday afternoon, the student body refused to accept the recommendation of the General Committee directing that hereafter any team which shall show a deficit on its year's transactions for three successive years shall be discontinued for one year, and its allowance from the students' fees for that year shall be devoted to the reduction of its debts. The measure was rejected by a large majority after a heated discussion.

Prof. T. W. Edmondson, who acted as Treasurer for the Athletic Association, and is the author of the recommendation, was not present at the meeting yesterday, but sent a communication in defense of the measure. In it he said that the Faculty was not as some supposed trying to abolish any athletic activities at New York University, but they did think that any branch of sport which could not support itself without running behind for three consecutive years should be suspended or abolished. The football team, he admitted, had been very successful in recent years, and had been able to aid materially the other teams, but it could not be asked always to pay the expenses of other less successful activities. He declared that he thought that not more than 40 per cent. of the football surplus should be apportioned to the other teams.

A charge was also made in the letter that some of the managers of the different teams did not conduct their work properly; that they permitted expenses to be incurred which were not necessary. Prof. Edmondson suggested that a rule be adopted making it obligatory for a manager to draw up a budget of proposed expenses at the beginning of each season, and if his expenses should exceed the amount of the budget, he be made to raise by subscription or other methods enough money to wipe out the deficit.

Most of the students voted against the proposed measure. They felt that by passing it at least two sports would be put in a dangerous position. The track and gymnasium teams have seldom paid their own expenses, and there is little likelihood that they shall do so in the future. To pass the motion would mean, they thought, a discontinuance of these two sports within three years. Baseball would probably not be affected, for, although the team sometimes ends the season with a deficit, it usually finishes with a small surplus.

Other recommendations of the General Committee were, however, accepted. It was agreed that not more than 40 per cent. of the football surplus should be apportioned to the other teams, and that all athletic bills must be approved by the manager of the team and the Director of Athletics before they are paid by the Treasurer.

NORTON WINS AGAIN.

Columbia Wrestler Increases His Lead in Competition for Medals.

R. C. Norton materially increased his lead for the Robinson and Kilroe medals offered for competition among the members of the Columbia wrestling squad by winning in two classes yesterday afternoon. As he did the same thing a week ago, taking both the bantamweight and featherweight bouts, he should have an easy time for the rest of the season. Bouts were held in five classes yesterday. In the lightweigh class five bouts were necessary before the winner could be determined.

The summaries follow:

Bantamweight Class, (115 Pounds.)—R. C. Norton, '11, defeated J. M. Badkhamkar, '14, with a crotch and body hold. Time—8:20.

Featherweight Class, (125 Pounds.)—R. C. Norton, '11, defeated A. A. Revson, '13, with a scissors and half nelson hold. Time—6:30.

R. C. Norton, '11, defeated A. J. Meyer, '12, with a head-and-arm chancery. Time—5:30.

L. E. Heyman, '13, defeated R. C. Norton, '11, with a crotch and half nelson. Time—6:25.

Lightweight Class, (135 Pounds.)—M. F. de Augero, '12, defeated F. J. Phipps, '13, with a half nelson and armlock. Time—1:00. S. J. Phipps, '12, defeated A. F. Holzman, '14, with head chancery and body hold. Time—3:55. A. P. Springer, '12, gained the decision over S. Friedman, '11. Time—9:00.

M. F. de Augero, '12, defeated J. M. White, '12, with a crotch and body hold. Time—8:05. A. P. Springer, '12, gained the decision over M. F. de Augero. Time—9:00.

Welterweight Class, (145 Pounds.)—A. W. Carruthers, '12, defeated J. R. Grant, 13L., with headlock and body hold. Time—1:05. A. W. Carruthers, '12, defeated G. D. Fish, '13. Time—9:00.

Middleweight Class, (158 Pounds.)—H. O. Hawes, '13L., defeated J. R. Graff, '12L., with far nelson hold. Time—5:00.

Penn State Beats Pratt Institute.

The Penn State basket ball team defeated the Pratt Institute five in Brooklyn last night by a score of 37 to 18, in a rough game that bristled with excitement and interest. The referee, Mr. Emerson worked as hard as the players, and the game was frequently interrupted by fouls. The Pratt team was outclassed from the start, but had a stubborn defense and made the visitors work for every point they got. Haddon and Shore starred for the Penn State, Shore throwing baskets from all corners of the court. He also tossed nine goals from the foul line. Capt. Tuttle of Pratt Institute did fine work in the first half at right guard, and in the second half played at centre in place of Van Nostrand. The score at the end of the first half was 19 to 8, in favor of Penn State. The line-up:

Penn State.	Position.	Pratt.
McEntire	Left forward	Littlehale
Shore	Right forward	Smith
Haddon	Centre	Van Nostrand, Tuttle
Blythe, (Capt.)	Left guard	Fleming
Young	Right guard.	Tuttle, (Capt.) Van Sickle

Score—Penn State, 37; Pratt, 18. Goals from field—For Penn State: Shore, (6,) Haddon (5,) McEntire, Young. For Pratt Institute: Smith, (2,) Littlehale, Tuttle, Van Nostrand. Goals from fouls—Shore, (9,) Blythe, (2,) Littlehale, (7.) Referee—Mr. Emerson, Columbia.

St. Lawrence Defeats Manhattan.

The Manhattan College basket ball team was defeated by the St. Lawrence University quintet in a fast game at Dr. Savage's court last night by the score of 36 to 20. The first half ended with the score in Manhattan's favor, by 15 to 12. During the second period of the game the play became faster and the St. Lawrence team started the second half with a rush, and at the end of play they had scored 24 to Manhattan's 5, making the total score 36 to 20 in favor of St. Lawrence. The line-up:

St. Lawrence, 36.	Position.	Manhattan, 20.
Canfield	Right forward	Suarez
R. Lafferty	Left forward	Bolton
F. Lafferty	Centre	Loesch
Logan	Right guard	Donahue
Dubbs	Left guard	Flynn

Score—St. Lawrence University, 36; Manhattan College, 20. Goals from field—R. Lafferty, (6,) F. Lafferty, (5,) Suarez, (4,) Loesch, (4,) Welsh, (2,) Logan, (2,) Donahue, Canfield. Goals from foul line—Loesch, (2,) F. Lafferty, (4.) Referee—E. Hanrahan. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

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REMOVE BAN ON AUTO TRUCKS

Insurance Companies Withdraw Restrictions on Steamboat Piers.

Manufacturers, dealers, and users of auto-trucks yesterday received the announcement that insurance companies have withdrawn the restrictions whereby gasoline trucks were denied admittance to steamship piers in New York City.

Some time ago the insurance companies established a rule requiring occupants of piers, railroads, and steamship companies to sign a warranty to the effect that such trucks would not be admitted to their piers, and unless such warranty was signed an extra premium of 50 per cent. would be charged. As a result of this dealers have found that a great many merchants have refused to supplant their horse-drawn delivery systems by motor trucks owing to the necessity of whatever trucks they use frequently visiting the docks and piers to deliver or receive freight. The railroad and steamship lines have pointed to the attitude of the insurance companies as their reason for refusing admittance to the trucks.

Truck manufacturers members of the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers, Inc., brought this condition to the attention of the association, which at once took the matter up with the insurance companies with a view of demonstrating that such restrictions were unnecessary, and although concessions were made by the latter in the amount of extra premium charged, the occupants of the piers were for the most part firm in their refusal to pay any excess premium, and have continued to sign the warranties that they would not admit the trucks.

HARVARD AND PRINCETON.

Football Game Practically Decided On—Tigers Drop Lafayette and Carlisle.

PRINCETON, N. J., Dec. 15.—With the exception of the exact date and final confirmation by Coach Haughton of Harvard, all arrangements have been completed for a football game between Princeton and Harvard here next Fall. Princeton wants the game on Nov. 11, the Saturday preceding the Yale contest, and Harvard wants the game on Nov. 4, so as to give her more time to prepare for Yale.

Princeton's 1911 schedule will be two weeks longer and carry two more games than this season. Lafayette, it is said, will be dropped, as also will be the Carlisle Indians.

Either the Navy or the Army will be taken on and a Southern college and Rutgers will be added.

Mercer to Lead Pennsy Eleven.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—Leroy Mercer, the star full back of the University of Pennsylvania football team, was this afternoon elcted Captain of the squad. Mercer is a second-year medical student. His home is in Mendenhall, Penn.

St. Andrews's Golf Club Dines.

The annual dinner of the St. Andrew's Golf Club at Delmonico's last night attracted about 150 members and guests. It was the twenty-second anniversary of the club's existence, and the dinner was given in honor of John Reid, the first President. Andrew Carnegie was also to have been there, but he had to go to Washington instead. Austin G. Fox, the present Chief Executive of the club, presided, and among the speakers he introduced were Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University; D. P. Kingsley, Frederick M. Wheeler, President of the Metropolitan Golf Association; Walter J. Travis, Charles B. Macdonald, H. J. Whigham, and Findlay S. Douglas, a quartet of former National champions, and James L. Taylor. One of the hits of the evening was the singing of a Scotch song by Mr. Reid. Although in his seventy-third year, the veteran feels almost as young as his two sons, John and Archie, who take turns in winning the St. Andrew's medal year after year. Mr. Reid thinks nothing of playing thirty-six holes in a day, but recently he has been compelled to live a more quiet life, for the hills and dales at old St. Andrew's are hidden under a mantle of snow. The annual reunion was omitted last year because of the death of Joseph B. Thomas, for several years President of the organization.

Ahearn Wins Bout with Stone.

The New Clinton Athletic Club that holds forth in Jefferson Hall, 90 Columbia Street, staged one of the poorest boxing contests last night ever witnessed in this city, as not even the main bout between Young Ahearn, the lightweight, and Harry Stone was of sufficient interest to offset the poor card of preliminaries. Ahearn won the decision over Stone, who knows little of the manly art, and devoted most of his time to holding and hitting after being instructed to break at the order of the referee.

Dyson to Fight Guerini.

To-night at the New Polo Athletic Association, Young Dyson, the New England featherweight, and Young Guerini of Jersey City, meet in the main bout of the evening for ten rounds. The semi-final will bring together Kid Lewis and Tony Leonard in a six-round go. Two heavyweights, Frankie Mack and Tim Thomas, will meet for six rounds, and Kid Rose and Johnny Harvey will hook up in one of the preliminaries for four rounds.

N. Y. Fencers' Club Banquet.

The third annual dinner of the New York Fencers' Club was held at the Harvard Club last night with the commanding officers at West Point as the guests and Lieut. Col. J. M. Carson as the guest of honor. Newbold Morris was toastmaster, and speeches were made by Gano Dunn, Dr. Herbert Clayborne, and Samuel T. Shaw.

Columbia to Play Penn State.

A hard game is expected in the Columbia gymnasium to-night, when the local five meets the Penn State quintet. Last year this game proved to be as hard a tussle for Columbia as any of the games on the schedule. Coach Fisher has expressed himself as satisfied with the playing of the new 'Varsity players, Jacques at centre and Mendelsohn as guard, and these two will in all probability be in the line-up:

Indoor Baseball Game To-night.

At the Seventy-first Regiment Armory, Thirty-fourth Street and Park Avenue, this evening New York and Newark teams will play a regular game of indoor baseball. Larry Doyle, Hal Chace, Jack Knight, Billy Gilbert, and Zimmerman of the Cubs, and Tommy Clarke of Cincinnati, and others will be in the line-up of the New Yorks. George Browne, the former Giant, will lead the Newark team.

An Important Sale of Winter Suits for Men

Special $15.50

Formerly $20.00 and $22.00.

Let this be all the argument beyond the price necessary:—the garments are the product of our own workrooms.

Conservative and radical models in medium and heavy weight fabrics, light and dark mixtures; all sizes.

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841 Broadway, at 13th St. 265 Broadway, near Chambers St.

RACING FEATURES OF 1911 ANNOUNCED

The Belmont Park Entries Close on Dec. 31—Futurity of 1913.

Announcement has been made by the Westchester Racing Association of its usual rich stakes, to be decided at Belmont Park during the coming Spring meeting, the entries for these fixtures closing on Dec. 31.

It is usual that such announcement should be made at this time, but owing to the fact that the racing season was curtailed in 1910 some doubt existed as to whether or not the different associations would continue the stake programmes.

In the list, though the values are not as great as in the more prosperous days of racing, are found all the notable races that have been features of this association since its sport was conducted on the old Morris Park track.

The races advertised to close Dec. 31 are:

The Juvenile, for two-year-olds, at five furlongs, on the straight course, with a value of $2,500.

The Ladies', for three-year-old fillies, at one mile, is worth $2,500.

The Belmont, of $5,000, for three-year-olds, at one mile and three furlongs.

The above classics are to be run during the Spring meeting.

The Matron Stakes, as in former years, is divided, one for colts and geldings, and the other for fillies. Both stakes are worth $2,500 each. They will be decided next Autumn.

In 1912 the Ladies', the Belmont, and both ends of the Matron are the races advertised.

The Matron and the Belmont of 1913 complete the list announced at this time.

All of the above are guaranteed races, but in such events the entrance money in nearly all cases increases their value.

The fact that the association solicits entries for both 1912 and 1913 is evidence of the confidence in the future for the sport.

The Coney Island Jockey Club has issued entry blanks for the Futurity of 1913, to close Monday, Jan. 2, 1911. The conditions are as in other years regarding penalties and allowances, and as breeders throughout the country are sanguine as to racing prospects at present the chances are favorable for a big list of nominations.

The association adds $5,000, and the probabilities are that the stake will be worth $35,000.

Nearly all the owners of extensive breeding establishments have retained the best breeding material, and it is therefore safe to assume that this historic event will bring together a field worthy of the best traditions of the race.

The various tracks on Long Island each have a colony of the best horses that raced during the past season that will be pointed for exclusive racing in the East. The welcome announcement from the Westchester Racing Association will undoubtedly be followed by similar announcements from the Coney Island Jockey Club, the Brooklyn Jockey Club. The other associations that do not have a like number of futures never make their announcements at this time. But turfmen expect these programmes in due season.

Saratoga has already in a great measure made known its 1911 plans, and they contemplate one of the most liberal meetings ever seen at the Springs.

Among the particularly prominent stables that are resting through the Winter with a view of being fit and ready for the opening of the season over the tracks of The Jockey Club are: James R. Keene, Samuel C. Hildreth, Richard T. Wilson, Richard F. Carman, August Belmont, Bartlett McClennan, F. Ambrose Clark, Thomas Hitchcock, Mr. Earle, Silas Veitch and the Brownleigh Park Stable.

STAR POINTER DEAD.

Great Pacer Dies of Apoplexy at Rosewood Farm in Tennessee.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 15.—Star Pointer, 1:59¼, the great pacer, died last night at Rosewood stock farm in Maury County, aged 21. Death was due to apoplexy, with which he had suffered for ten days, the attack being considered as the end of the great horse from the beginning. Star Pointer was owned by J. A. Murphy of New York, who has ordered the pacer mounted, the memorial of him to be presented to the University of Chicago.

Star Pointer was sired by Brown Hal—dam Sweepstakes, the strain being a famous one in Tennessee. His great record was made twelve years ago at Readville. His race record of two minutes and one-half second was made the next year at Springfield, Ill., in 1898. Star Pointer was purchased by W. J. White of Rockport, Ohio, and put in the stud in 1905. He was taken to California for four seasons, and then back to Tennessee.

Americus Throws Dr. Roller Twice.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 15.—Gus Schoenlein (Americus) to-night defeated Dr. B. F. Roller of Seattle, Wash., in an exciting wrestling match, winning the second and third falls. Dr. Roller took the first fall in 0:07½, throwing Schoenlein in such a manner as to momentarily stun him. Schoenlein won the second fall in 0:02, and the third and last in 0:55, the former by a half-Nelson and leg lock, and the latter by a neck-and-body hold.

Queal Makes Crook Quit in Race.

AUBURN, N. Y., Dec. 15.—William Queal of Alexandria Bay forced "Ted" Crook of Fall River to quit in the twelfth mile of a scheduled fifteen-mile running race here to-night. Queal was leading the Fall River runner by a tenth of a mile when the latter threw up the sponge. Both Crook and Queal are well-known professionals. Queal and Hans Holmer as a team won the recent international Marathon relay race, held in Madison Square Garden, New York.

N. Y. YACHT CLUB ELECTION.

C. Ledyard Blair Elected Commodore for 1911—Other Officers.

Arthur Curtiss James, who for three years has served the New York Yacht Club as its Commodore, presided last night at the annual meeting at its clubhouse, in West Forty-fourth Street. It was by far the largest meeting of the year, some 250 members being present, 38 of whom are yacht owners. At the conclusion of Commodore James's address, in which he expressed his satisfaction at the prosperous condition of the club, he was heartily cheered by those present.

The new Commodore, C. Ledyard Blair, who was Vice Commodore for the past two years, was also greeted with applause when his election was announced. The prizes won by the yachts in the various classes last season were on exhibition in the model room, where the meeting was held, also the fifteen silver cups won in English and German waters last Summer by the schooner Westward, owned by Alexander Smith Cochran.

Sixteen new members were elected, and among the well-known yachtsmen present were former Commodores Cornelius Vanderbilt and Frederick G. Bourne, Morton F. Plant, E. W. Clark, George M. Pynchon, H. H. Rogers, Jr., and Frank Bowne Jones.

The officers elected for 1911 were:

Commodore, C. Ledyard Blair, steam yacht Diana; Vice Commodore, Dallas B. Pratt, auxiliary schooner Sea Fox; Rear Commodore, George F. Baker, Jr., steam yacht Viking; Secretary, George A. Cormack; Treasurer, Tarrant Putnam; Regatta Committee, H. de B. Parsons, C. Sherman Hoyt, and L. Vaughan Clark; Measurer, William Hallock; House Committee, Thomas A. Bronson, George A. Freeman, and Lieut. W. P. Cronan, U. S. N.; Committee on Admissions, Henry C. Ward, Albert V. de Goicouria; Henry T. Sloane, Newberry D. Thorne, and W. B. Duncan, Jr.

Library Committee—James A. Metcalf, Charles W. Lee, and Richard T. Wainwright. Model Committee—James D. Sparkman, Albert Bradlee Hunt, and Paul E. Stevenson. Committee on Club Stations and Anchorages—No. 1, Stapleton, Robert E. Tod; No. 2, East Twenty-third Street, J. P. Morgan, Jr.,; No. 3, West Eighty-first Street, Brayton Ives; No. 4, New London, Vernon C. Brown; No. 5, Shelter Island, Charles Lane Poor; No. 6, Newport, Miximilian Agassiz; No. 7, Vineyard Haven, Alfred C. Harrison; No. 9, Ardsley, Franklin Q. Brown; No. 10, Glen Cove, J. Harvey Ladew.

Nominating Committee—R. P. Doremus, Chairman; J. P. Morgan, L. C. Ledyard, F. G. Bourne, S. Wainwright, F. H. Von Stade, Daniel Appleton, Wilson Marshall, N. D. Thorne, and W. B. Duncan, Jr., Secretary.

The reports of the Secretary and Treasurer and of the Regatta and House Committees were read and approved.

Columbia Loses Hockey Players.

The Columbia hockey team will be seriously handicapped through the disqualification yesterday of three players on the squad who were considered to be sure of places on the 'Varsity seven. At a meeting of the university Committee on Athletics, which passes upon the eligibility of candidates for all teams, it was decided that R. M. Stevens, H. L. Hepburn, and M. L. Shiland, all students in the Department of Political Science, were ineligible to represent Columbia because they had not satisfied the rule requiring one year in residence before a man is eligible for a place on a team.

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The agreeable combinations of wide choice in fabrics, perfect fit and perfect value, is assured men who fit the foregoing description.

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ATTENTION.—Two gentlemen's broadcloth overcoats, lined throughout with Canadian mink; beautiful Persian lamb collars; sizes 38-40 and 42-44; cost $200 each in Canada; were never worn; sacrifice $35 each; two elegant cinnamon bear robes, value $175; sell the pair $30. Call or write E. Roberts, 104 West 114th St., New York City.

Oldsmobile, rumble seat, runabout, 1908; fully equipped; excellent car for doctor, collector, or ladies' use; surely pay any one looking for a first-class automobile to inspect same any time. Baldwin's Storage House, 304 West 54th.

1910 Chalmers 40, equipped with 37x5 tires, Continental rims, Jones speedometer, top, wind shield, two extra shoes; in perfect condition. Address George Stowe, 1,627 Broadway.

For Sale—Our 1910 Parry touring car; used as demonstrator; run 1,000 miles; absolutely guaranteed; price, $1,200. New York Auto Supply Co., 219 West 46th St., New York.

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CHALMERS REBUILT CARS.
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Beautiful pair bear robes, perfect condition; also elegant fur coat and fur-lined coat; no cash offer refused. 9 East 52d, near 5th Av.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, DEC. 16, 1910.

AN ARMY OF 450,000 MEN.

It is not easy to see why there should have been so much hurrying to and fro in Washington to prevent the publication of Secretary DICKINSON'S "confidential" letter to the House of Representatives, disclosing with detail and specification our military weakness and unpreparedness for war. It is said that there was alarm as to the effect the document might have on foreign Powers. Is it conceivable that any considerable foreign Power is ignorant of the fact that this Nation is not prepared for war? Is there any military nation whose staff would find any "news" in Mr. DICKINSON'S letter? Everybody knows that we are not prepared for war; it has never been our policy to get ready for war until war has come upon us. Mr. DICKINSON points out our weakness in many branches of the service. We discovered them in the brief Cuban war. There were revealed to us deplorable defects in respect to arms and equipment, commissary, medical service, transportation, and, of course, in respect to discipline and training our plight was absurd. We have to some extent profited by that experience, but not to the extent Mr. DICKINSON points out as eminently desirable.

At the very time when Mr. CARNEGIE'S splendid gift of $10,000,000 "to hasten the abolition of international war, the foulest blot upon our civilization," came to the public knowledge Mr. DICKINSON'S urgent appeal for an army of 450,000 men, transmitted to the House, was being returned to him in haste and secrecy. Military preparation upon the scale recommended by the Secretary of War would in a very short time indeed involve us in expenditures far exceeding the amount of Mr. CARNEGIE'S peace gift. Mr. CARNEGIE'S way is the better way—everybody must admit that. If practicable, if this "foul blot" could be wiped out by substituting adjudication for war, the world would be almost infinitely the better for it. Everybody will hope that the gift will be fruitful, that the work toward universal peace will go on. But in every discussion of that subject one word inevitably occurs to the mind. It is the word "meanwhile." What are we going to do about war so long as war remains unabolished? BISMARCK'S figure of speech was, from his point of view, exceedingly apt. So long as there are pike in the carp pond measures of defense must be taken. If we were all carp, if all nations were bent on peace and determined never to go to war, Mr. DICKINSON might throw into the waste-basket his letter to the House. But there are on this earth two or three powerful military nations, great war Powers. It is most doubtful whether they could now, or within a reasonable time, be brought to assent to any universal peace agreement. It is with an eye on them, it is under the warning of experience that, while we are talking of negotiations that look to universal peace, we all ask, "And meanwhile?"

That our regular army, our standing army of soldiers always present with the colors, should be considerably increased can hardly be doubted. We used to have 25,000 men in the army, and got along very well. With a population twice as large, and with our boundaries much extended, we have a regular army of only 84,000 men and a militia force numbering 86,000. Of the militia as a ready means of enlarging our army in an emergency the Secretary has no very high opinion. Probably no military authority has a very high opinion of it, for the reason that to equip, train, discipline, and harden a militia force to a degree which would fit it for efficient service in time of war would demand a far greater sacrifice of time than in this hard-working Nation militiamen are able or willing to give to the service, and would demand a much larger expenditure than the States are prepared to offer. Undoubtedly the militia is becoming more efficient under the training that results from our Summer manoeuvres, executed in association with regular troops. While the country might not be prepared at once to accept Mr. DICKINSON'S view of our necessities, there is no doubt that it would sanction both an increase in the numbers of the regular army and a progressive policy of preparing the militia for active service.

As to the deficiencies pointed out by the Secretary in our coast-defense system, they should be remedied and remedied forthwith. It is to the last degree illogical that we should provide fortifications and then not furnish troops to man them. The Secretary declares that we need nearly 20,000 trained coast artillery troops for the existing forts. We need, too, guns and war supplies to make the fortifications effective for defense, just as the army needs reserves of field guns and supplies. Congress may be persuaded to a policy of reasonable liberality to make good these defects. So long as we maintain any army at all, so long as we build forts, a reasonable and even a liberal provision for suitable equipment and maintenance would seem to be a National duty.

RELIGION AND THE STAGE.

A Roman Catholic protest against the public performance of a play in which the Founder of Christianity appears in person does not excite wonder. To be sure, the Church first schooled the multitudes in the traditions and symbols of the religion by means of the miracle and mystery plays, and some of these, though they were made to serve their purpose, were coarse and even indecent, according to modern ideas. They do not belong, however, to this complex and sophisticated era. In Latin countries, we believe, there is still generally less feeling among the devout against the representation of sacred things than there is wherever the seeds of Puritanism were sown. But a large proportion of Mr. EDWARD FEENEY'S fellow-countrymen, Catholics and Protestants alike, will sympathize with his protest, and share his point of view. We may as well leave Mme. BERNHARDT'S opinion out of account.

We sincerely trust, however, that the Mayor will not follow up his own suggestion of sending a policeman to see if EDMOND ROSTAND'S dramatic poem is an offense against the law. The policeman's opinion is not needed. "La Samaritaine" is a remarkable work by a famous poet, and it has been acted here once before an audience which received it reverently. Such plays do not belong on our stage, and they are unsuited to the theatrical entertainment of the million. But no repetition of "La Samaritaine" is announced. A public expression of opinion by the Federation of Catholic Societies adverse to the employment of sacred subjects on the theatrical stage and a similar action by representative Protestants about this time would doubtless be regarded by a large proportion of the citizens of New York as just and right. Theatrical speculators should not be emboldened by the respectful reception given to MAETERLINCK'S "Mary Magdalene" and ROSTAND'S drama to any "sensational" efforts in this field. But there is no need of stirring up a tempest in a teapot about "La Samaritaine."

MR. M'ADOO'S WITHDRAWAL.

It seems that the city is not to have a subway built by Mr. MCADOO. He perceived this some time ago, and indicated that he saw it by setting a limit of time within which his bid must be acted upon, or withdrawn. That was a plain acknowledgment that he had been overbid, and such an acknowledgment from such a source signifies that the city should proceed with the bid which surpassed the best to be expected, since there is no other bidder who can offer inducements equal to Mr. MCADOO'S. His withdrawal leaves the Interborough in possession of the field which it conquered by making a bid whose liberality must have surprised itself.

Mr. MCADOO'S withdrawal leaves the city his debtor for a double service. At the time he bid the city was embarrassed by the discovery that the Triborough plans were impossible, and that the Interborough insufficiently appreciated its civic duty to complete its system. At that time there seemed danger that the city, in despair over its discomforts, might commit itself to an enormous expenditure for an unsatisfactory system, from which it stood to lose more in operation than in construction at the cost of $200,000,000. Such an error never could have been retrieved. The city could not have raised another $200,000,000, and the Interborough had plainly declared that it would not build if the city were to be its competitor. This danger was so real that officials of the city openly declared that their honor was pledged to vote for the Triborough, and no other route, and there were published statements that enough votes were so pledged to put the matter through. It is no matter what now becomes of those pledges, or of the arguments by which the Triborough route was supported. Mr. MCADOO'S bid killed it by the disclosure that even he would not build it in its original form. His withdrawal kills what life there was in the dismembered fragments which he selected for his purposes. The doubly killed scheme may be trusted to stay dead, and there is no option in sight but to proceed with the plan which Mr. MCADOO admits to be better than his.

There will be general regret at his withdrawal. The city wants what he wanted to build, and it wanted him to build it. Now is the very time for him to capitalize his popularity and the city's necessity. Is there not something else in the subway line he can make an acceptable offer to build? It would seem that there is something very much in his power to present to the city at a profit to himself. All the subway talk heretofore has been of longitudinal lines, twenty miles of route, more or less, running north and south, except for lateral feeders. Nobody has talked of an "inner circle" within Manhattan itself. Such a circle would give the operator the very profitable short distance ride, and in the case of Mr. MCADOO would collect and distribute riders from New Jersey. Mr. MCADOO'S enterprise in reaching the Grand Central Station has been praised so warmly that it ought to suggest to him the receptiveness of the city toward a proposal to complete his intraborough circle by an extension to the south which should make his system accessible to the wonderful human tides which flow across the East River bridges. There could hardly be a better time for Mr. MCADOO to make such a proposal.

It is true, as Mr. MCADOO says, that the Interborough can supply more rapid transit for less money than any other bidder. It is true that considerations of that sort ought to be decisive, rather than any sentimental feeling regarding monopoly. It is true that the city cannot afford to finance competition on the Triborough scale, and that it will profit by allowing the Interborough to enlarge its profits on terms fixed in the public interest. It is true that the city's need is for a single symmetrical system, and that such a system has no need for a second trunk, such as Mr. MCADOO and the planners of the Triborough designed on a prohibitive scale. No one sees more clearly than Mr. MCADOO why his proposal was not suited to the city's need, and it is too difficult to improve upon his argument showing why the adjustment reached by the withdrawal of his offer is right.

The situation is now ripe for the city to proceed to supply itself with a larger quantity of rapid transit than he offered, of better quality, and at less expense. The question of financing monopoly or financing competition no longer exists. It is a question of allowing the Interborough to finance rapid transit. The existing subway has not cost the taxpayers a cent, and never will. The city has an opportunity to spend again the $53,000,000 of credit it loaned to the Interborough, and the operation can be repeated as long as the city needs rapid transit. It is possible to look ahead to a time distant in the period of a human life, but near in the life of a city, and anticipate that the taxes will be largely reduced by the income from the subways. This could never have been if the city had spent a fortune of tax money in a system which could not have been self-supporting.

THE BLACK HAND.

Can it be true, as stated by Secretary PECORINI at the City Club conference with the Italian-American Civic League, that all but forty-seven of the 700 Italians concerning whom Lieuts. PETROSINO, VACHRIS, and CROWLEY got certificates of criminality from the Italian Government are still at large in this city? Why did not Commissioner BAKER denounce them to the immigration authorities? Why did not the immigration authorities deport them?

By their behavior here these men were suspected to be criminals. Then inquiries were made about them abroad and confirmations obtained. They were prospering without visible means of support. Their companionships were vicious. They were believed by the police to be dangerous men. They should have been deported. By what influence have they been allowed to remain?

Police Commissioner CROPSEY now has the list and the certificates of crime. How many named in these certificates are still subject to deportation within the three-year limit prescribed by law?

The Italian community numbers more than half a million. It is larger than the City of Rome. It is guarded from its criminal element by a mere handful of Italian police, in number less than one-thirtieth of the known Italian criminals. Great Britain has no three-year limit for deporting aliens with criminal records. So long as they remain aliens they are subject to deportation. We might amend our law by a similar provision. We might enlarge the police patrol in the Italian district. We might appropriate a special secret service fund for the employment of skilled men who would ferret out the Black Handers. All these things the city ought to do.

Instead, it lets a company of criminals wanted in Italy frequent its streets without molestation.

CHRISTMAS GIVING.

The annual admonitory remarks on indiscriminate and compulsory Christmas giving are now in order. It is well that the generous spirit should prevail in the holidays, that the happiness of childhood should be augmented, that the poor should be made to feel that they are not forgotten. Christmas giving, however, has grown to be an expensive annoyance. Remembrance is in most cases its sole object. The man or woman of independent mind gives only where it is wise to give, and strives to learn beforehand what manner of gift will be most acceptable. Generally the simple Christmas card serves every purpose. Next to this the gift that most closely approaches the simplicity of the card suffices. Some women are born with the taste and skill for Christmas giving, some patiently acquire them, but hosts of others, who give freely and persistently, burden their acquaintances with useless trumpery and convert friendship into a yearly joke.

It seems that there never was a Christmas season in which the need of charitable giving was stronger, and the agencies for that purpose more numerous and efficient. We have entered upon a long, cold Winter. Resist your inclination to bestow upon reluctant acquaintances patent suspenders, impossible slippers, pottery jugs, and give to the poor.

But if you must make presents, make them with sober thought, and square each gift with your own judgment and your own conscience; while, upon every little ribbon-decked package you send out paste at least one Red Cross seal.

MULTIPLICATION OF HOTELS.

It is almost an assured fact that the new Ritz-Carlton Hotel on Madison Avenue will be profitable; almost assured for the reason that well-appointed new hotels in Manhattan rarely fail. The new house is well appointed, novel in some of its arrangements, imitative in a few features and embellishments, such as its terraced palmroom and its Adam ceilings, of the renowned Carlton in London. It is, in fact, as the famous boniface whose name it bears said years ago of the Waldorf-Astoria, a "conception," and it deserves hearty commendation. To be sure, though nominally an English hotel in New York, in its spaciousness, its provisions for comfort, its ample supply of heat, light, and fresh air, its many bathrooms, it is American rather than English. We may have, in various parts of this country, the poorest hotels in the world, but our good hotels are unquestionably the best in the world. The American traveler can take such comfort in an inn at home as he rarely gets abroad, but the tastes and whims and requirements catered to here do not generally exist abroad, or have not been developed. Manhattan is a city of luxurious, modern hotels.

Various theories are expressed as to the future of the new inn on Madison Avenue. It begins its history as a family hotel. Its development largely depends upon the development of the neighborhood in which it is situated. It is near a great railroad terminus, but the plaza north of the Grand Central is to be occupied, unless plans fail, by many stately public buildings. The improvement of the neighborhood, however, will inevitably be a matter of slow growth.

Every new hotel soon finds its special purpose in the world, like every man who counts for much in the community. One house may be the resort of fashion; Western visitors may take a fancy to another, Southerners make a third their New York centre. If English visitors in large numbers stop at the Ritz-Carlton they will soon give it a distinctive character, but many Englishmen who frequently visit New York already have their hotel preferences. The Ritz-Carlton is a stranger and deserves a stranger's hearty welcome.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Who Are the Real Representatives?

This gathering of the Canadian farmers in Ottawa to make there, where Parliament as a body can hear it, a combined demand for the abolition or lowering of the duties on things they want to buy in the United States, is a curious phenomenon, though less surprising, of course, than it would be if it were not one of many indicating a growing conviction that representative government has not quite justified the full trust that used to be placed in it.

The seemingly natural proceeding for these farmers would be to elect to their Legislature men who knew the needs and the wishes of their constituents, and who would so act as to satisfy the one and carry out the other. Any district that found its representative violating or eluding his obligations might be expected to content itself with expressing to him its disapproval, and, if he proved obstinate, with relegating him to private life at the next election and putting in his place a man whom the voters liked better. That is the theory of such governmental systems as Canada's and ours, and they are supposed to save "the people" from the trouble and expense of doing what these farmers seem to have felt compelled to do.

Moreover, unless the farmers are a majority of the electorate there is no more reason why the legislators should hear them, when talking in Ottawa, with any more docility than when they did their talking at home. Indeed, such an attempt to influence the Ministry and Parliament is open to something of suspicion, for there would be difficulty in proving that the participants in this demonstration are any more truly representative of Canadian opinion and determination than are the regularly chosen representatives whom they are attempting to coerce. Delegates who speak only for minorities can make a large showing in numbers if the minorities be many. They may also speak with much more of emphasis than authority.

That such is the case in the present instance we are not saying; it probably isn't; but the greater their right to speak may be, the more significant is it of the same weakness or partial failure of representative government that is hinted by the growing frequency in this country of demands for popular initiative, the referendum, and the recall.

Seeking a Sign in Vain.

Far be it from us to worry the Interborough with small complaints at this critical moment when the great problems of urban transportation are seemingly on the verge of reaching their long-delayed solution. That company has, however, several men in its employ who are not doing, or expected to do, even now, anything except attend to the practical details of running the Subway, and surely they have the time, since it is their only business, to see to it that patrons of the road are not unnecessarily inconvenienced or irritated. Especially is it reasonable to expect them to be diligent in the accomplishment of tasks that involve the expenditure of intelligence rather than of money, for thus can they do not a little toward lightening the higher labors of their superior officers.

Therefore do we expect gratitude and not resentment for delicately hinting that the present arrangement of signs in the Fulton Street station is ingeniously stupid, and daily misleads scores and scores of people who quit Subway trains at that point. Of course the regular and habitual downtowners get along well enough, for they ignore the signs, but the occasional visitor is almost sure to reach the [illegible] where he would have [illegible] little help toward har-

monizing his going and his desire. This is because "that point," unlike the mathematician's, is of considerable extension.

The so-called Fulton Street station, as it happens, is also the Dey Street station and soon will be the Cortlandt Street station as well, but of this multiplicity the signs give no evidence. Many a passenger who walks from a Fulton Street sign to a nearby stairway finds himself, on reaching the upper air, in a street which, after the most humiliating thing a New Yorker in his own city can do—asking where he is, that is—he learns is not Fulton, but Dey. Thereupon he enters another debit item in the account he keeps with the Interborough, and only too often he is confirmed in what he thinks is dislike for monopoly and love of competition. Which is really a pity, since neither is really involved in the episode.

Mr. Morgan Issues a Warning.

Now it is the Postmaster that is urging those of us who are going to make Christmas presents not to let procrastination steal our time. Mr. MORGAN, unlike the good people who preach the doctrine of buying our gifts before we are ready—or resigned—to make the purchases, does not ask us to hurry ourselves out of consideration for his clerks and carriers. He contents himself with telling us that if we don't mail our gifts until just before Christmas, probably they won't reach their destination until after that day is well—or ill—passed, and that then we'll be sorry.

That is an appealing argument—so appealing that it almost makes one forget that it's just about as bad for a present to arrive too soon as too late, and that just as, in sober truth, it is the business of the shopkeepers, not ours, to meet the exigency of Christmas buying, so it is his, not ours, to meet that of Christmas distribution.

However, it is a condition, not a theory, that confronts us, and it is neither kindly nor sensible to insist upon the full exercise of abstract rights. It's true that we have such a right to shop when we please, and to mail the results of our shopping when we please, but as it happens it is better for ourselves as well as for the Post Office force and the sales folk when we yield something of our preferences and show them a little consideration, so let's all be good and do it. Christmas comes but once a year, and consequently the strain will not be intolerable.

PETROSINO'S LIST.

Marvels That Aliens with Criminal Records Are Not Deported.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your account of the proceedings at the City Club meeting held last night to discuss local Italian criminality, Prof. Pecorini is reported as saying that Commissioner Baker told him that forty-seven Italians arrested on serious charges here had been deported, their names having been found on the criminal list of 700 furnished by Messrs. Petrosino, Crowley, and Vachris of the police.

This would imply that no Italian is arrested for deportation unless he be charged with the commission of a local crime, when the list is scrutinized for his name. It also implies that no immigrant whose name is on the list has been deported on the sole ground that he has a criminal record in Italy.

This is bad enough. The simple truth, however, is worse. From July 1, 1909, not a single Italian whose name is on that famous list has been deported—not a single Italian who has got through the immigration authorities has been deported. Once past Ellis Island the Italian criminal is safe. Or to put the situation in a still more striking aspect, since the date mentioned the Italian Government has not been able to secure the deportation or extradition of one Italian with a criminal record or of one Italian who is a fugitive from Italian justice.

If the confidential information constantly furnished the New York police authorities concerning Italian criminals resident in this city has not been sufficient to secure the deportation of the said criminals, it may become a pressing act of good will toward the United States for the representatives of the Italian Government in this city to remove the confidential ban placed on this information and give it publicity.

G. C.

New York City, Dec. 15, 1910.

The Fitness of Martine.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice in your issue of to-day a letter questioning the ability of Mr. James Martine to fill the office of Senator from the State of New Jersey. We who know Mr. Martine as neighbors and fellow-Jerseymen have no reason to question his ability. He has brains, and with them a spirit of intelligent honesty that will make him a man for the times and a fitting associate to Dr. Woodrow Wilson. It is surprising to us Republicans that our Democratic friends who have put Mr. Martine forward as a candidate for so many important offices in our State have just found out he is not a man of fitness for office.

The Democratic Party in New Jersey has been lifted by the vote of many Republicans to a place of great opportunity. If they will measure up to it by honesty and the keeping of their pledges they will have a successful future. If they betray the interests of the people the scales will turn at the next election. Woodrow Wilson is proving himself to be a great man. Let his party stand by him.

Some of the methods which are being used, not only in this State but in many parts of the Nation at large, to secure the election of Mr. Smith are becoming known. Unusually strong pressure is being used to swerve Woodrow Wilson from his position on the Senatorial question. He will remain firm, but the machine may be broken against this rock. We must not endanger the work of the future.

If Mr. James Smith, Jr., will sink his personal and almost boundless ambition and bow to the wish and will of the people as expressed by the ballot he will show himself a strong man and worthy of future confidence. If he persists he may do himself great harm politically and block the progress of his party and hamper its chosen Governor. Let the Democratic Party be as true to the people and its pledge as its great leader is proving himself to be and they will have a great future.

C. S. WOODRUFF.

Flemington, N. J., Dec. 14, 1910.

An Ancient "Forum."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to your recent article about the New Rochelle "Forum," and the article in to-day's issue stating that another such organization was being started in Jersey City, the Brooklyn Philosophical Association, which has been in existence since 1878, was formed with exactly the same object in view as the "forums" mentioned, and their meetings have always been open free to the public of both sexes over the age of 18 years. No cards of admission are required. The meetings are held every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Long Island Business College, South Eighth Street, between Bedford and Driggs Avenues, Brooklyn. The method of procedure is a lecture for one hour, then the persons in the audience are permitted to take the platform for one hour and discuss the lecture in from five to ten minute addresses, after which the lecturer is given one-half hour to reply to the points brought out by the discussion. Every subject of public interest is discussed in this manner, and this has been the rule for over forty years.

JOSEPH F. RINN,
President Brooklyn Philosophical Association.
Brooklyn, Dec. 14, 1910.

Gov.-Elect Blease.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I want to praise in the highest terms your very admirable editorial article to-day on "Gov.-elect Blease Looking Backward." It is, indeed, looking backward with a vengeance, about fifty years I should say! Gov. Blease must be an ante-bellumite way back.

J. R. D. LOCKWOOD.

New York, Dec. 14, 1910.

THE WOOLEN SCHEDULE.

The Manufacturers' Attitude Toward Its Revision.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Some of the remarks interjected from the audience during Prof. H. C. Emery's speech at the American woolen manufacturers' dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria last week were highly illuminating.

While the Chairman of the Tariff Board was explaining how the board was finding out the cost of manufacture of paper pulp he innocently remarked: "Is there such a definite proposition in the woolen business?" "No," came back the answer. So the great "difference-in-the-cost-of-production" principle must be worked in every industry, but not in the sacred Schedule K, the "indefensible" schedule, according to President Taft.

Then up rose Charles H. Clark of Philadelphia, and unburdened himself of these burning thoughts, as reported in your columns:

> One part of Prof. Emery's speech is offensive to me, and I am going to ask him to allow me to be very frank in saying so. He considers the tariff a favor given to us manufacturers who apply for it.
>
> If he has any such idea he is sadly astray. Who is the Caesar to whom we must go to beg this favor?
>
> Ignorant editors speak of plundering trusts. Why, trusts were formed to keep prices down, and save the waste of competition. If you find a crooked trust, you will find that it was not created by the tariff, but by the crooked railroad officials. The railroad, and not the tariff, is the father of the objectionable, crooked trusts.
>
> The tariff was made so that the industries of our own country should thrive. It simply supplies a fence for the garden.
>
> In my humble opinion, this is a classic utterance on the order of "What are you going to do about it?" It should be carefully preserved. "He considers the tariff a favor given to us manufacturers who apply for it"! Of course, it isn't a favor to get from the Government "protective" duties running close to and over 100 per cent. on competing imports; it is a God-given, natural right! Here is the "infant industry" of a few years ago telling his indulgent father his true place.
>
> "Who is the Caesar to whom we must go to beg this favor?" is asked in haughty tones. Well, I would suggest that "the Caesar" was Nelson W. Aldrich of Rhode Island, but that the last election looks as if the name would soon change. Or I might say that a certain gentleman in Boston (not far from the woolen business) could tell Mr. Clark the full details of the "Caesar" business. But, perhaps, Mr. Clark knows.
>
> But the rarest gem is the statement that "if you find a crooked trust it was not created by the tariff, but by the crooked railroad officials. The railroad and not the tariff is the father of the objectionable, crooked trusts."
>
> How do the long-suffering railroads, bled at every pore by the tariff-fed monopolies, like this sort of talk? How do the "crooked railroad officials" like to pay tariff-inflated prices (not less than 40 per cent. in excess of world levels) for all their materials; be unable to change rates except by hard-fought-for legal permission, and, on top of this, be told that they are the real wolves of the country?
>
> As I remarked before the late election, the railroad managers should wake up! The general consumer has done so. Do the railroads intend to be the tariff "goat" forever?

JOHN JEROME ROONEY.

New York, Dec. 14, 1910.

Our Naval Policy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is with mingled feelings of amusement and contempt that one reads in your issue of Dec. 14 the letter from "E. T. W." on the "Naval Policy of the United States." There is undoubtedly a class of people in this country who, with their policy of disarmament, would delight in putting our great coast line in a totally defenseless state.

Most of us can certainly remember the panicky condition of mind of many of our inhabitants when, during the Spanish-American war, it was reported that a hostile fleet was on its way from Spain to attack our seaboard, and how every city and town on the coast beseeched the Government to hurry warships to protect them. We can see "E. T. W." scampering for the back woods like a scared jack rabbit.

Would the United States have attained the position of influence and power that it does to-day, and command the respect of the world if Spain had been able to bombard our cities and pillage our coast? This she surely would have done if she had not been so pitifully weak herself. Possibly the "lovers of their country" that "E. T. W." mentions would have taken much pride in such a condition, but I venture to say that to the vast majority of Americans it would have caused the keenest mortification and shame. A. C. OAKLEY.

New York, Dec. 14, 1910.

Strength of English Suffragists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Reliable statistics as to how many women want to vote are hard to come by. All we know in this country is such negative evidence as the "million name" petition presented by the Suffragists to Congress last year, which turned out to contain 404,825 names only, of which but 163,433 were girls and women. [Our population is over 91,000,000, of which over 20,000,000 are grown women.] But the English Anti-Suffrage League has undertaken a canvass among the women municipal electors, independent women householders, or with "occupier qualifications" [illegible] for many years for local government, women who have "no man to vote for them." The first returns, covering ten typical and varied districts, show that the women who have the best experience of voting want no more of it.

Out of an electorate of 20,979 of the most responsible women of England, only 12 per cent are in favor of the parliamentary vote. Moreover, 9,845—over 60 per cent. of the remainder—are not only passively, but actively, over their own signatures, opposed to the extension of the franchise. It is no wonder that your news columns report that up to date the English Suffragists have had but two candidates, and that these have polled only twenty-two and thirty-five votes, respectively.

MARGARET DOANE GARDINER.

Albany, Dec. 14, 1910.

The Right to Dwell in Moscow.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I desire to say a few words of comment on the cabled news from St. Petersburg in to-day's issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES concerning the permission granted by the Czar to Jewish merchants of the First Guild to reside in Moscow.

The tone of the cable is such as to convey the impression that the permission referred to is entirely novel, and that the Czar in granting it has handed the Jews a magna charta. The fact is that residence in Moscow of Jews belonging to the First Guild is an old privilege, dating from the reign of Alexander II., but owing to the chicanery of the Russian Government in dealing with Jews it is every now and then withdrawn in a number of cases and then granted anew. The Jewish merchants of the First Guild when deprived of the privilege generally appeal to the Senate or to the Ministry of the Interior, and sometimes with strenuous efforts succeed in regaining what they have lost. The case alluded to in your cable from St. Petersburg is one like many others that preceded it.

ALEXANDER HARKAVY.

New York, Dec. 13, 1910.

Ireland and the Philippines.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial opinions on the political crisis in Great Britain culminate on the desirability of giving Ireland a separate government. This attitude, while suggesting a noble usefulness as to the disposition of other people's property, might undergo a swift change if British conservatives promulgated the idea that the United States should give up the Philippines, which you are unable to treat properly, and that the absorption by the Northern of the Southern States was in defiance of right and reason. Apply your principles of separatism—which are good enough for the United Kingdom—to the United States. What?

BRITISHER.

New York City, Dec. 14, 1910.

FINE PAINTINGS AT LOTOS CLUB

Display Includes Two Magnificent Degas, "L'Ecole de Danse" and "Behind the Scenes."

LANDSCAPES BY BOUDIN

American "Luminists" Represented by Mary Cassatt, John H. Twachtman and J. Alden Weir.

At the Lotos Club is assembled a collection of paintings by French and American "Luminists," which covers an extended field from Pissarro and Sisley to Robert Reid and Childe Hassam. A few painters are included who usually are shown with the Impressionist group without having any of their distinguishing characteristics. Here, for example, are two magnificent specimens of the severe arabesques of Dégas, "L'Ecole de Danse," loaned by W. A. Clark, and "Behind the Scenes," loaned by Messrs. Durand-Ruel. In each the rich, almost sombre color, the highly developed muscles of the women of the ballet, the dusky tonality and carefully rendered textures, are qualities that represent the individual Dégas and none of his contemporaries, however closely connected with him in the history of this period.

Boudin also is present with two grave landscapes, in which the skies dome nobly beyond their masses of air-filled clouds. Then we come to the luminists proper, and it is amazing to see how low in tone the French pictures are, how swathed in gray mists, and weighted with deep shadows. For sake of enlightening comparison the observer may glance from Monet's "The Pool in the Woods" (loaned by Catholina Lambert) to Childe Hassam's "Leda and the Swan," and Willard Metcalf's "The Bower," (both loaned by Mr. Evans.)

The Americans have chased the problem of the representation of light quite as far toward solution as the Frenchman. Their canvases are as dewy cool and light-suffused in the shadowed foliage as his; their patches of light are brighter than his, their colors are gayer, their analysis of forms is more obvious; their pictures sparkle and gleam where his does little more than brood. But Monet here, as in most of the canvases he contributes to this exhibition, shows his monumental side. His shadows are massed in an imposing bulk of soft, dense Summer gloom, his tree at the right flattens into a silhouette of decorative pattern. His eliminations tend toward the ennobling of his effect.

In his "Waterloo Bridge" this monumental mood is felt still more strongly. How massively that succession of mighty arches lies across the canvas, how liquid is the water that laps the stone piers, how unfathomable the sky that shifts and melts and forms again in shapes of steam and cloud—the true London sky made up of the magical mists escaping from the witch's cauldron.

Even in the picture of 1880 "La Seine à Lavacour" we find the compositional balance of forms and tones that make a picture a decorative thing, and in the bold dark cliff, the rugged sky and red, flat sun of the "Etretat" the decorative element outweighs all others. What a strange tack it would be if criticism should swing away from Monet as the discoverer of sunlight and hail him as a master of constructive design.

Sisley's Quiet Canvases.

Sisley, the most unpopular of the French Impressionists, who for a long time sold his small canvases for twenty-five or thirty francs, is represented by four quiet little canvases which arouse our wonder as to the element in them that could have antagonized the French public of the seventies, sensitive, refined little versions of "scenery," nature seen in a complacent tender mood, and quite bewitching in color. There are three fine canvases by Pissarro, one of them, "Washing Day," loaned by Mr. Lambert, a peasant figure of the period when the artist was accused of imitating Millet. M. Duret quotes Pissarro's own answer to that unintelligent gibe. "They are all throwing Millet at my head," he wrote in 1881. "But Millet was biblical! It is curious, but I'm a Hebrew. I seem not to have much of that quality in me."

There is a beautiful little Rafaëlli, loaned by Mr. Alexander Morten, and an example of Maufra's extreme modernity; and there are three figure subjects by Renoir, one, "The Toilette," a wonderful rendering of the brilliancy of fair flesh in full light. Perhaps there is no modern painter who could so perfectly give the quality of the blond skin with the light falling upon it and the flexibility of the form it clothes.

The rest of the exhibition is given over to the Americans, who make a brave showing. Mary Cassatt is so identified with the French Impressionists as to seem of them as well as with them, and her lusty children and buxom feminine types are good to see in juxtaposition with Renoir's slightly ornate charm.

Childe Hassam has two figure paintings in which he is not at his best; and three very brilliant sea and landscapes, loaned by Mr. Evans. His paintings and those of Willard Metcalf are higher in key than any of the French work, and, possibly because time has not yet veiled them, seem more positively the work of men in search of the brightness of the outdoor world.

Twachtman's Fine Winter Scene.

John H. Twachtman is represented by eight pictures, varying greatly in interest. Not one is a more perfect expression of the subject chosen and of the quality of the artist's vision than "Old Holly House in Winter," loaned by Mr. Evans. The crisp, prim outlines of the house, its bleak pale color, and the shroud of white fine snow sifting over it and building soft mountains about it, are a wonderful emanation of the spirit of such winter scenes in our country of passionate contrasts. Theodore Robinson gave a different substance to his snow and a different color to his theme in "Twachtman's House in Winter," loaned by Dr. Humphreys; J. Alden Weir strikes a purely personal note in such canvases as "The Flower Girl," but follows the Impressionists in his "Midday," a cheerful barnyard scene turned into poetry by the benediction of the lovely muffled sunlight. In "The Red Bridge," loaned by Mrs. Rutherford, there is a touch of the Japanese feeling for the precious quality in color. The bridge might be a piece of old lacquer, so subtle is the tone of its pallid red.

Mr. Evans completes the list of American luminists with two of Robert Reid's figure subjects, "The Brown Veil," than which he has done nothing more gracious, and the "Yellow Flower."

The whole display is a capital showing of a class of art not often enough seen in such harmonious arrangement in this city, and those art lovers who can obtain cards of admission are fortunate. The catalogue states that the exhibition is on "Saturday evening and following days," which leaves something to conjecture.

COURT BUILDING INQUIRY ON.

Grand Jury Takes Up Question of the Centre Street Structure's Safety.

The Grand Jury, of which Arthur Curtis James, the banker, is foreman, will start an investigation to-day into the condition of the Criminal Courts Building. About a year ago it was discovered that the building was gradually sinking and that the walls were cracked.

Subpoenaes have been served for the appearance of Rudulph P. Miller, Superintendent of Buildings; Robert B. Insley, Superintendent of Public Buildings and Offices; Nelson P. Lewis, Chief Engineer of the Board of Estimate; Owen Bidwell, of the American Institute of Architects, and James P. Whiteman, former Superintendent of Buildings. The latter three were appointed as a commission to investigate the condition of the building at the time it was declared to be unsafe.

DANCE AT SHERRY'S FOR MISSES PYLE

Mr. and Mrs. James Tolman Pyle Entertain for Their Two Daughters.

DANCE AT THE COLONY CLUB

First of a Series of Four Arranged by Mrs. Howland Davis and Mrs. R. R. Livingston.

Mr. and Mrs. James Tolman Pyle gave a dance last night at Sherry's for their débutante daughter, Miss Sara McAlpin Pyle, and also for their elder daughter, Miss Adelia McAlpin Pyle.

The dance was an early one, the guests being asked for 9 o'clock, and Mrs. Pyle and the Misses Pyle, assisted by Miss Dorothy Merle-Smith, the fiancée of David H. McAlpin Pyle, received at the entrance of the small ballroom, where the dancing, which was general, took place.

At midnight the dancing stopped and supper was served at small tables in the adjoining suite of rooms.

The guests asked, more than 200, included most of the season's débutantes, and among them were the Misses Agnes Le Roy Edgar, Dorothy Dennis, Rosalie Coe, Marjorie Dodd, Mary Chapman Edgar, Anita Merle-Smith, Caro Brown, Aileen Osborn, Susan Colgate, Joanna Auerbach, Harriet Ferry, Alice Damrosch, Katharine Shaw, Dorothea Van Dyck, Julia Dick, and Lilla Gilbert. Also, the Misses Julia Newbold, Agnes and Edith Landon, Olida de Apeztegula, Eleanor Hastings, Rosetta Ford, Emily Coe, Dorothy Potter, Ethel Roosevelt, Jean Roosevelt, Josephine Osborn, Beatrice Flagg, Ruth Welsh, Elinor Lee, Nina Chisholm, Pamela Poor, Catherine Hamersley, Hilah French, Mildred Poor, and Clara Fargo.

Also Frederick Frelinghuysen, Richard Lounsbury, Jr., Alfred Macy, John Whitney, George Greer, Jr., Coster Wilmerding, Courtlandt Dixon, Seymour Johnson, Malcolm Sloane, Walter P. Anderton, Van Santvoord Merle-Smith, Reginald Waterbury, Frederic de Rham, Alfred Greenough, Alfred Ely, Jr., F. W. Kobbé, William Dick, Walbridge Taft, David McAlpin Pyle, J. G. Hoffstot, Tartius Van Dyke, Charles Dana, Allen Fox, Latham Read, John R. Suydam, Oliver Wagstaff, Harrison Tweed, Montague Greer, Jr., Musgrave Hyde, Orson Munn, G. J. S. White, and Rutherford Lawrence.

COLONY CLUB DANCE.

Mrs. Davis and Mrs. Livingston Receive at First of a Series.

The first of a series of four small subscription dances, arranged by Mrs. Howland Davis and Mrs. Robert R. Livingston, was given last night at the Colony Club.

These dances are designed to be small and early, and to include only those who are acquainted, so that they will be more like a private dance than the usual subscription dances are.

The guests were asked for 9:30 and the dancing stopped at midnight, when a supper was served.

Mrs. Livingston and Mrs. Davis received last night. The dancing was general and informal, and those who are members of the dances and those invited included the Misses Leonie Alexandre, Kathryn and Helen Auerbach, Madeline Cook, Bessie Claflin, Ursula Wolcott Brown, Caro Brown, Kathryn Chapin, Emily and Rosalie Coe, Lisa Stillman, Margaret Sloan, Eleanor Townsend, Comfort and Dorothy Tiffany, Cornelia and Isabel Hoyt.

Cornelia Landon, Mary Meyer, Anita Merle-Smith, Kathryn Motley, Julia Newbold, Aileen Osborn, Helen Peabody, Elizabeth Read, Hester and Ruth Davis, Laura Livingston, Rosalie Elliman, Rosette Ford, Harriet Ferry, Dorothy Hurry, Elizabeth Hoyt, Dorothy Hyde, Leila Haven.

Also Noel Armstrong, Edward Burnett, William B. Boulton, Jr., Edward Bladden, Alden Baird, Thomas Barnes, William Bruce Brown, William Baylis, Jr., David Conrad, Howland Davis, Frank Danforth, David Ely, Richard Egleston, Jr., George Franklin, John Farr, Jr., Allan Fox, Albert Greenough, Dawson Glover, Sidney Henshaw, Horace Hill, J. Horton Ijams, Arkley King, Charles King, Frederick Kobbe, Robert R. Livingston, Schuyler Meyer, Peabody Montgomery, Charles Townsend, Howard Turner, William Wendell, Jefferson Newbold, Frederick Osborn, Frank Page, John Peabody, Harford Powell, Johnston Redmond, John Sloane, George Roosevelt, Amos Schermerhorn, and Dr. Francis Sloan.

The dates of the three remaining dances are Jan. 12 and Feb. 2 and 16.

FIRST 'CHANSONS EN CRINOLINE'

Society Women Out in Force at Plaza to Hear Old French Music.

A large and fashionable assembly attended the first of the morning series of "Chansons en Crinoline" yesterday at the Plaza. The programme was made up essentially of French music of the fifteenth, sixteenth, and seventeenth centuries, which was rendered by M. Clement, tenor; Miss Elena Kirmes, soprano, and Arnold Dolmetsch, clavecin.

This sort of entertainment has been in vogue in Paris for years, and the première yesterday was an innovation to many. Standing room was at a premium, and the boxes were filled with prominent society women.

The stage was set in the style of the Nattier period. The walls were hung with tapestries, the Louis XV. furniture and curtains being of Nattier blue embroidered in silver roses. Every detail of the quaint style of Louis XV. was carried out, and those who participated appeared in the costumes of that period.

There will be two more in the morning series, Jan. 5 and 12. Adeline Genee will dance on Jan. 5 and Miss Geraldine Farrar will sing at the third and last. The entertainment was arranged and is being managed by Mrs. R. W. Hawkesworth.

Those occupying boxes yesterday with their friends were Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. Charles N. Harkness, Mrs. Dudley Olcott, Mrs. N. E. Baylies, Mrs. Harry Young, Jr., Mrs. Tew Nichols, Mrs. H. P. Gleason, Mrs. W. Seward Webb, Mrs. George S. Cox, Mrs. John H. Bradshaw, Mrs. Charles Hathaway, Mrs. John O. H. Pitney, Mrs. N. H. Broughton, Mrs. George C. Riggs, Mrs. Von R. Phelps, Mrs. G. Everitt Halsey, Mrs. Moses Taylor Pyne, and Mrs. Myles B. Carpenter.

Albert E. Gallatin's Dinner.

Albert E. Gallatin entertained at dinner last evening at the opening of the Hotel Ritz. Those invited included Mr. and Mrs. Albert Z. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence L. Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. Minus, Mr. and Mrs. Newell Tilton, Mr. and Mrs. Maunsell Schieffelin Crosby, Mr. and Mrs. Newbold Morris, Miss Mabel Gerry, Vincent Astor, and Herbert C. Pell, Jr.

Gift Books

of various styles from the inexpensive and dainty to the choice editions bound by European Artists.

Dutton's

31 West 23rd Street, New York

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Perry (Miss Lounsbery) are being congratulated on the birth of a son, the second born to them.

Mrs. John Dynely Prince will give a dinner on Jan. 6.

Mrs. Philip Lydig has invitations out for a small dinner and theatre party on Dec. 27.

The Hon. Lionel Guest and Mrs. Guest (Miss Flora Bigelow Dodge) have taken a house in Montreal for the Winter, but they go back to their island home for the week-ends. Lord Allister Graham, younger brother of the Marquis of Graham, who is stationed on the Niobe, will spend the holidays with them.

Mrs. Frederick Neilson has returned from Virginia Hot Springs and is at the Plaza. Mrs. Frank Tilford and Miss Tilford of Lakewood, N. J., are also at the Plaza.

Frederick Townsend Martin gave a dinner at Sherry's last night. His guests were Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer, Mrs. William P. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. Archer M. Huntington, and Frederick Weekes.

The dance which Mrs. William Church Osborn will give for her débutante daughter, Miss Aileen Osborn, will be held at the residence of her sister, Miss Grace Dodge, 262 Madison Avenue, on Dec. 22.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Mortimer of Roslyn, L. I., are at the Hotel Gotham for a short visit.

Mrs. Woodbury Kane is returning shortly from Europe with her sons, who have been abroad for several years.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Holland Forbes, who are at their country place at Fairfield, Conn., will return to town immediately after the holidays.

Miss Marion Van Rensselaer Kennedy will make her debut at a dance to be given by her mother, Mrs. H. V. R. Kennedy, to-night at Sherry's.

Mrs. Samuel Frederick Streit will give a reception to-day at her residence, 563 Park Avenue.

Mrs. Cornelius G. Kolff of Concord, S. I., will give a luncheon to-day in honor of the débutantes of this season.

Mrs. John Claflin gave a luncheon yesterday at Sherry's complimentary to Miss Dorothy Tiffany, a débutante of this season.

Mrs. Elisha Dyer, who has recovered from her recent illness, is expected to arrive here to-morrow with Mr. Dyer from Newport.

Mrs. Lorillard Spencer is Chairman of the committee that is arranging a benefit performance at the Metropolitan Opera House, Jan. 14, for the benefit of the Society for the Protection of Italian Immigrants. Miss Doane is the Secretary and William B. Howland is the Treasurer. Some of the members of the committee are Mrs. W. B. Osgood Field, Mrs. J. Hopkins Smith, and Mrs. Cadwalader Jones.

The Entertainment Committee of the Costume Ball to be held at Sherry's on Jan. 9 is sending out invitations. The tickets, at $5 each, may be had from Mrs. Austen Gray and Mrs. Arthur Iselin, and the proceeds of the ball will go to the Lying-in Hospital. Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs will give a dinner of nearly 200 covers at Sherry's before the ball, and there is a long list of fashionable patronesses for the ball.

MISS DOROTHY LAWSON WEDS

T. W. Lawson's Daughter Married to Henry McCall—Xmas Festivities.

EGYPT, Mass., Dec. 15.—A light snowstorm added a finishing touch to the "snow wedding" of Miss Dorothy Lawson, daughter of Thomas W. Lawson, and Henry McCall, son of Congressman Samuel W. McCall, at Mr. Lawson's estate, Dreamwold, late to-day.

Miss Dorothy was the third of Mr. Lawson's daughters to leave Dreamwold, and the wedding, like the two before, was a large one, and combined many original features.

Following old English customs, the day was a holiday in Egypt, and the farm people joined with the invited guests from the city in the wedding dance. A big Christmas tree furnished the entertainment for the younger generation.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. John W. Suter, rector of the Church of the Epiphany, Winchester, in an inclosed veranda, which had been turned into a floral and green bower.

Miss Lawson was accompanied by her younger sister, Miss Jean or "Bunnie" Lawson, while Mr. McCall chose as his best man, S. Dacre Bush, 2d. The ushers were all class mates at Harvard of Mr. McCall.

MISS VIOLET WARD A BRIDE.

Daughter of Late Eugene Ward Married to Francis U. Johnstone.

The marriage of Miss Violet Floyd Ward, daughter of the late Eugene and Susan F. P. Ward of St. Paul, Minn., and Francis Upton Johnstone of 22 West Twenty-fifth Street, took place yesterday at the residence of Mrs. Daniel B. St. John Roosa, 20 East Thirtieth Street. The Rev. George B. Hopson, D. D., officiated.

On account of mourning the wedding was a small one, only the immediate family being present. The bride comes from an old New York family. Her grandfather owned Ward's Island, from whom it derived its name. Mr. Johnstone is the son of Mrs. Francis U. Johnstone, (Miss Margaret A. Babcock)

KUSER—MITCHELL.

The wedding of Miss Lulu Mitchell, niece of Mr. and Mrs. John J. Mitchell of 1 West Seventieth Street, to Peter Doelger Kuser, took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament in West Seventy-first Street.

The bride was attended by Miss Theresa Kuser, sister of the bridegroom. The best man was Frank Doelger and the ushers were Robert Hunt, Jr., A. Bassford, and H. W. Henis of New York, and Sackett M. Dickinson of Trenton, N. J. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. M. A. Taylor, pastor of the Church of the Blessed Sacrament. The wedding was followed by a reception at the Hotel St. Regis.

Mr. Kuser is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Kuser and a grandson of Peter Doelger of this city. He is a graduate of Columbia University.

The bride was educated at the Veltin School. She is an accomplished horsewoman and a golf and tennis player.

LATHROPE—MECABE.

The wedding of Miss Elizabeth Mecabe of Orange, N. J., and Dr. George H. Lathrope of Morristown, N. J., took place last night at the Mecabe home in New England Terrace, Orange. The ceremony, which was attended by only relatives and intimate friends of the couple, was performed by the Rev. Dr. Stanley White of this city, formerly pastor of the Hillside Presbyterian Church, Orange, and was followed by a large reception.

The bride was attended by Miss Edith Danforth of Wilmington, Del. The best man was Dr. Joseph G. Yocum of this city, and the ushers were Dr. Albert Vander Veer, Jr., also of this city, and Ernest W. Mecabe of Orange, brother of the bride.

Dr. and Mrs. Lathrope will make their home in Morristown.

Miss Parmelee to Wed J. A. Milligan.

The engagement is announced of Miss May Arthur Parmelee, daughter of Mrs. Mary C. Parmelee of Stamford, Conn., to James Alexander Milligan of the same place. Miss Parmelee has a large circle of friends in New Haven and in this city. Mr. Milligan is the son of Alexander Hugh Milligan, who has spent the last two years abroad with his daughter. Mr. Milligan will first hear of his son's engagement when he arrives here shortly to spend the holidays. The wedding will probably take place next June.

SALOMON—SHIVERTS.

Cards are out announcing the engagement of Miss Etta H. Shiverts and Harold E. Salomon. Miss Shiverts is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Shiverts, and is well-known in old Greenwich Village. The marriage date has not been set, but it will place early in the Spring.

Luncheon for Debutantes.

Miss Gladys Robbins of 958 Madison Avenue, gave a luncheon yesterday for débutantes. The guests were seated at one large table, decorated with pink rosebuds, and those invited included the Misses Leta Pell Wright, Carol Brown, Helen Johnson, Henrietta Thaw, Katharine Oakley, Margaret Kemp, Katharine Shaw, Sara McAlpin Pyle, Eva Ingersoll Brown, Marjorie Dodd, Thelma Violet, Jeannette McAlpin, Anita Merle-Smith, Katharine and Madeleine Force, Eloise Talcott, Helen Hoffstot, Alice Guernsey, and Julia Dick.

MAJOR HANSON DEAD; WIFE AT POINT LOMA

Quarrels Due to Her Conversion to Theosophy Led to Her Seeking a Divorce.

SUIT IS STILL PENDING

He Was One of the First Republicans of His State and Was President of the Central Railroad.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 15.—Major John F. Hanson, President of the Central of Georgia Railroad Company, died here this morning of heart failure.

He was being sued for divorce by his wife on account of differences, which began with the conversion of his wife and his children, except his daughter, Mrs. Garrett, to Theosophy. Mr. Hanson was a hard-headed business man and had no sympathy with Mme. Blavatsky and the other leaders of the cult. He described them as frauds and Mrs. Hanson resented his attitude so bitterly that, with her son, Walter Hanson, and one of her daughters, Mrs. White, and her children, went to live in the Theosophist colony at Point Loma.

Deserted by his family, Major Hanson plunged into society at Atlanta and was often seen with Mrs. T. Mitchell Horner, daughter of Isaac Emerson of Baltimore, who was then living here. She was at the time suing her husband for divorce and, when the decree was granted, married J. H. McVickar of New York.

Mrs. Hanson, in her suit against her husband for divorce, accused him not only of great cruelty, but of having humiliated her by his attentions to Mrs. McVickar. However, she did not name her as a co-respondent or charge her with any wrongdoing.

Major Hanson, in his reply, indignantly characterized the mention of Mrs. McVickar as "preposterous" and declared that it was part of the campaign "waged against him by the Theosophists of the family, because they could not force him to bow his neck to the yoke of Theosophy."

"The theosophists of the defendant's family," his answer also stated, "soon added to the zeal of new converts the arrogance, intolerance, aggression, and bigotry of fanatics, and sought to lead or drive into theosophy every one around them."

While the suit was in progress Major Hanson's son died and was buried in New York. The Major was not, however, invited to be present.

In his business life Major Hanson was one of the most prominent men in Georgia as a manufacturer, a railroad official, and a politician. The son of a Methodist minister, he had himself been a preacher for a short time in his youth. He fought in the Confederate army, but as he progressed in the manufacturing field, his desire for the protection of the rising industries of the South made him a Republican. He ceased to vote the Democratic ticket after President Cleveland's message of 1887, and became so prominent in the Republican party that he headed the ticket of that party in Georgia in the two McKinley years. President McKinley offered him a place in his Cabinet, but he declined it.

In 1891 he was selected to deliver the Federal Memorial Address at Andersonville, the first ex-Confederate soldier who had ever been so honored. At the time of his death he was a Director in many Southern roads and steamship lines, besides the Central of Georgia.

The body will be taken to the Hanson home at Macon, Ga., to-morrow, but the funeral arrangements will depend on the arrival of his daughter, Mrs. R. Y. Garrett, from Baltimore.

GIVE "ROMEO AND JULIET."

Sothern and Marlowe in Their Third Shakespearian Revival.

ROMEO AND JULIET, a tragedy in six acts, by William Shakespeare. Broadway Theatre.

Escalus	Milano Tilden
Paris	Albert S. Howson
Montague	Malcolm Bradley
Capulet	John Taylor
An old man	Charles Howson
Romeo	E. H. Sothern
Mercutio	Frederick Lewis
Benvolio	Eric Blind
Tybalt	Sydney Mather
Friar Laurence	Thomas Coleman
Balthasar	Frederick Roland
Sampson	France Bendtsen
Gregory	P. J. Kelley
Peter	Rowland Buckstone
Abraham	Ernest Sinclair
An Apothecary	Malcolm Bradley
Lady Montague	Leonore Chippendale
Lady Capulet	Alma Kruger
Juliet	Julia Marlowe
Nurse	Eugenia Woodward
Page	Katharine Wilson

Sothern and Marlowe appeared last night in the third Shakespearean revival of their present engagement at the Broadway Theatre, presenting "Romeo and Juliet." This play has long been among the most popular of their répertoire, and the well-informed production that they gave last night was received with much approval.

The work of Mr. Sothern and Miss Marlowe in the rôles of Romeo and Juliet has been described many times. The principal members of the company are the same that have supported the stars for several seasons.

Last night Albert W. Howson played Paris, Frederick Lewis was seen as Mercutio, Eric Blind as Benvolio, Sydney Mather as Tybalt, Thomas Coleman as Friar Laurence, and Mrs. Eugenia Woodward as the Nurse. The staging, especially in the early acts, was bright and full of action.

ROBIN COOPER MARRIED.

Weds Daughter of President Smith of Louisville & Nashville Railroad.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 15.—Robin Cooper, who, with his father, Col. Duncan B. Cooper, was charged with the murder of ex-United States Senator Edward W. Carmack, in Nashville, Tenn., in the Fall of 1908, was married this evening to Miss Eva Lee Smith, daughter of President Milton H. Smith of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad. The wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents in this city. Later in the evening Mr. and Mrs. Cooper left for New Orleans, where they will sail for Panama on Dec. 17.

The case of young Cooper was recently dismissed and a petition to set aside this dismissal was denied by the court. Col. Cooper, who was convicted, was pardoned by Gov. Patterson.

DO YOUR SAVINGS EARN 5%

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REMEMBER THE PICKANINNIES

They're In Danger of Being Crowded Out of White Folks' Christmas Charity

Those who feel an interest in colored children protest that, in all the flood of Christmas charity, everybody seems to forget the little ones of the city's dusky poor. There is to be a "pickaninny Christmas tree," just the same, and a Christmas dinner, too.

To help these along subscriptions may be sent to Rosalie M. Jonas of 53 East Fifty-sixth Street. Her verses, printed under the title "Crowded Out," are being circulated to arouse Christmas sympathy for the neglected pickaninnies. Here they are:

Nobody ain't Christmas shoppin'
Fur his stockin.'
Nobody ain't cotch no turkey,
Nobody ain't bake no pie,
Nobody's laid nuthin' by,
Santa Claus don't cut no figger
Fur his mammy's little nigger.

Seems lak everybody's rushin'
An 'er crushin'
Crowdin' shops and jammin' trolleys,
Buyin' shoes an' shirts an' toys
Fur de white folks' girls and boys,
But no hobby horse aint rockin'
Fur his little wore out stockin'.

He ain't quar'lin, recolleo';
He don't sayo'
Nuthin,; hit's his not expectin'
Makes his mammy wish—O Lawsi
Fur er nigger Santy Claus
Totin' jus' er toy balloon
Fur his mammy's little coon.

Subscriptions to the tree and dinner may also be sent to the Rev. G. H. Sims, pastor of the Union Baptist Church, at 206 West Sixty-third Street.

COLUMBIA STUDENTS IN PLAY

Sophomores Amusingly Present "A Paper Chase" at the Waldorf.

Columbia sophomores displayed their histrionic ability in the Astor Gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria last night when they acted before a large audience the amusing comedy, "A Paper Chase."

The most delicate creature was Mrs. Pomfret, and she, or rather he, made a clever divorcee. The other "girls," Nellie and Mrs. Baskerville, were almost equally petite. F. J. Latenser as Mr. Baskerville, was the leading man. The cast:

Mr. Busby	R. S. Bousib
Mr. Baskerville	F. J. Lateuser
Captain Kirby	N. B. Ward
Mr. Wagstaff	H. H. Moss
Inspector Glimmer	R. F. Chapman
Dixon	S. P. Houghton
Mrs. Baskerville	A. A. Coates
Mrs. Pomfret	L. S. Gary
Nellie	W. V. Saxe
Pedder	J. K. McCormick

Before the curtain rose and between the acts the Columbia Glee Club sang some selections. "A Paper Chase" will be repeated to-night and to-morrow night, with a matinée to-morrow afternoon.

MRS. WALKER FEARN ENGAGED.

Mother of Mrs. Seth B. French to Marry Arthur Inkersley, a Journalist.

The engagement has been announced abroad of Mrs. Walker Fearn, who is well known socially in New York, and Arthur Inkersley, an English journalist and Oxford graduate who has made his home in San Francisco for many years. Mrs. Fearn is the mother of Mrs. Seth Barton French, and Mr. Inkersley is said to be a comparatively young man.

The report of the engagement reached this side by letter, and the wedding, it is said, will either take place in Paris, where Mrs. Fearn is at present with her daughter, or at Salisbury, England, early in January.

Mrs. Fearn's late husband was at one time American Minister to Greece, and came from a well known Mobile, Ala., family. The bride-elect has long been interested in work to help the blind, and has lectured frequently and written much in their behalf.

HOT SPRINGS ACTIVITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Dec. 15.—Mrs. J. Randolph Coolidge and Miss Webb arrived from Boston this morning and will be joined by a party of friends for the holidays. They are at the Homestead.

Mrs. David Dunlop entertained at tea this afternoon at Barton Lodge, when members of the villa colony and guests in the hotel were among the invited.

At Benvue Mrs. Edgar A. Pole was at home to a large company of callers.

Mrs. Guy Hinsdale has gone to Philadelphia with her sister, Miss Jessie K. Graham, and has closed Edmonstone Lodge. Dr. Hinsdale will remain at the Homestead several weeks longer.

St. Christopher League Dance To-night

The first dance of the newly organized St. Christopher League will be held at Delmonico's to-night. The cotillion will be led by David Dows and E. Kirk Haskell. There will be three more dances during the Winter. The patronesses are Mrs. Henry Clay Adams, Mrs. Francis S. Bangs, Mrs. William Hubert Burr, Mrs. John S. Baird, Mrs. George S. Butterworth, Mrs. G. Morgan Browne, Mrs. Ashton Crosby Clarkson, Mrs. Albert T. Frost, Mrs. James Glover, Mrs. Joseph R. Guernsey, Mrs. William H. Harris, Mrs. Mayo-Smith, Mrs. William H. Parsons, Mrs. Alfred Todd, Mrs. Silas Wodell, and Mrs. Walter Emerson Woodford.

Queen Victoria's Baby Cap Exhibited.

A tiny cap of fine lawn, which was worn by Queen Victoria when a baby is being shown by the Franciscan Missionaries of Mary, who are holding their annual exhibition of needlework at the Plaza. This little cap is said to be one of the most perfect specimens of Flemish needlework now in existence. The cap is entirely covered with open-work designs in more than a hundred different patterns, the details of which are so fine that to see them properly a magnifying glass must be used.

Miss Maud Morgan's Concert.

Miss Maud Morgan gave a concert in Mendelssohn Hall last night assisted by Andrea Sarto, baritone; William C. Carl, organist; George Barrère, flutist; R. A. Guerrière, flutist; a chorus of men's voices, and the following harpists: Mrs. George Henry Bayne, Miss Phoebe Arleigh, Miss Grace Homan, Miss Theresa Lesher, Miss Marjory McClintock, and Miss Eleanor Morgan Neely.

Bernhardt Invites Savage Company.

As a courtesy to Henry W. Savage, Mme. Bernhardt has invited the members of Mr. Savage's "Madame X" company now playing in Philadelphia to attend the special matinée performance of this play at the Globe Theatre this afternoon. Dorothy Donnelly and the members of her company will leave Philadelphia by special train this morning and will return immediately after the Bernhardt matinée, arriving in Philadelphia in time for their evening performance.

Gillette's Final Week Repertoire.

William Gillette announced the repertoire for his final week at the Empire Theatre yesterday. He will begin with a Christmas matinée of "The Private Secretary," which will also be given Christmas night. On Tuesday he will appear in "Too Much Johnson," on Wednesday, matinée and night, the bill will be "Secret Service," and Thursday, Friday, and Saturday nights and Saturday matinée will be devoted to "Sherlock Holmes."

"La Gioconda" Sung Again.

"La Gioconda" was sung again at the Metropolitan Opera House last night with a cast which included Miss Destinn, Mrs. Homer, and Mme. Claessens; and Messrs. Caruso, Amato, and de Segurola. Mr. Toscanini conducted. The audience was large.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The first performance of Henry Arthur Jones's latest play, "We Can't Be as Bad as All That," will be given at Nazimova's Thirty-ninth Street Theatre on Jan. 2.

Arrangements are being made between Sir Charles Wyndham and Klaw & Erlanger and Joseph Brooks for a london production of "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm," with the company that is now playing at the Republic Theatre.

Ida Bernard, an Australian actress, has been engaged by Liebler & Co. for the role of Primrose in C. M. S. McLellan's musical comedy, "Marriage a la Carte."

Henry Ellsworth's Pictorial reproduction of the Oberammergau Passion Play will be given at the Lyric Theatre on Sunday, Dec. 25, afternoon and evening. Mr. Ellsworth tells the story of the Village of Oberammergau and of the Passion Play while exhibiting a series of views showing the people and surroundings of the Bavarian village.

A JOINT RECITAL.

Miss Thompson, Pianist, and Mr. Sokoloff Play Together.

A joint recital was given in Mendelssohn Hall yesterday by Nikolai Sokoloff, violinist, and Edith Thompson, pianist. They played together two sonatas, one by Guillaume Lekeu, one by Grieg, his second for the two instruments in G. Lekeu was a young French composer of rare promise, who died at the untimely age of twenty-four, some seventeen years ago, too early to have had any appreciable influence on the modern French school, as he may have had, if he had lived. He was a pupil of César Franck and of Vincent d'Indy; and there is suggestion of their influence in this music in its harmonic daring. But the clearness, orderliness and logic of his first teacher are woefully lacking in this sonata, which is very diffuse, especially the slow movement. There are glimpses of beauty in the last movement. The two concert givers played it with great devotion and enthusiasm and gave a true account of it in their performance.

M. Sokoloff is a player of no mean powers, with a powerful tone which now and again has moments of harshness, though generally it is of good quality. He has, too, a good technique with the bow and with the fingers, and his feeling is musical. He played some four shorter violin solos, two of which were paraphrases from Paula Szalit and Henry Ketten; this seems like searching minutely for material for public performance.

Miss Thompson's solos were two études by Chopin and his Fantaisie. Her conception of rhythm in Chopin needs fundamental revision. She has a serviceable technique upon the instrument, and a feeling for tonal resonance and quality; but she did not penetrate deeply into Chopin's music.

CONGRESSMAN COOK DEAD.

Philadelphia Representative Was a Correspondent in Civil War.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—Joel Cook, Congressman from the Second Philadelphia District, died early this morning at his home at 849 North Broad Street. He was stricken a week ago with apoplexy.

Joel Cook, who was the son of a Recorder and Alderman of this city of the same name, was born March 20, 1842. During the war Mr. Cook was at the front as correspondent for Forney's Press and for The Public Ledger, for he had abandoned law for journalism. At the time the late George W. Childs purchased The Public Ledger Mr. Cook came upon the staff as editorial writer and dramatic critic. He was also at one time financial editor. It was about this time that he received his appointed as correspondent of The London Times.

During the Civil War Mr. Cook became interested financially in shipping, having a share of the ownership of three clipper ships, the Adam Simpson, the City of Philadelphia, and the Jacob G. Ridgway. He was a large holder in schooners, but lately had relinquished all his interest of this character. From his knowledge of maritime affairs he was elected on the Board of Port Wardens, of which body he was for years President.

In 1868, partly on business connected with his position as American correspondent of The London Times, Mr. Cook went abroad and traveled extensively. In 1878 he made another trip, largely for pleasure, and the outcome of this tour was a largely read book of travels.

MAJOR C. C. MOORE DEAD.

Prominent in Society in This City, Newport, and Paris.

Major Clement Clarke Moore, son of the late Benjamin Moore, died yesterday at his apartments in the Hotel Belmont, Park Avenue and Forty-second Street. He was of an old Colonial family, wealthy, and held a prominent position socially in this city, Newport, and Paris. Major Moore's Paris residence was 82 Avenue Marceau.

Mr. Moore is survived by his wife, who had been seriously ill from a stroke of paralysis which she suffered on Nov. 1, and three sons, William S. Moore, Barrington Moore, and Benjamin Moore. Barrington Moore is engaged to Muriel Barnes, daughter of Thurlow Weed Barnes, and the marriage is to take place Dec. 20. Barrington Moore is connected with the United States Forestry Department, with offices at Silver City, N. M. Benjamin Moore, the youngest son, is confined to the Presbyterian Hospital by a serious illness.

Major Moore was named after his famous grandfather, Bishop Clement Clarke Moore, author of "The Night Before Christmas." The Bishop's children held his great estate intact, but in 1901 it was divided among the grandchildren. Major Moore served with distinction during the civil war. His wife, before marriage was Miss Laura M. Williams. For a number of years they had divided their time between this country and Paris.

Manuel de J. Galvan.

Manuel de J. Galvan, a well-known figure in the literary and political life of Spanish-America and Spain, died at his home in San Juan, Porto Rico, in his seventy-ninth year. He was born in Santo Domingo, and twice was that country's Minister at Washington. Mr. Galvan served five terms as Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Dominican Republic, was Justice of the Supreme Court, and Dean of the Professional Institute. He was a large land owner in Santo Domingo, but had spent the last few years away from his native land. During the Spanish régime he was Treasurer General of Porto Rico. He leaves five sons—Manuel de J., Louis, Rafael O., Enrique, and Antonio, who runs the Spanish newspaper Las Novedades in this city, and one daughter, Mrs. Antonio Baralt Alfau of San Sebastian, Spain, whose husband is a member of the House of Deputies.

Obituary Notes.

WALTER W. HALL, aged 61, State dairy instructor of Cornell University, died at his home in Gouverneur, N. Y., yesterday of apoplexy. Mr. Hall was elected President of the State Dairymen's Association in 1907.

MOSES DWIGHT WELLS, pioneer Chicago shoe merchant, died Wednesday. Mr. Wells, who was 73 years old, recently returned from his Summer home at Lakeville, Conn. He owned large shoe factories in Chicago, Ford Du Lac, and Watertown, Wis., and De Kalb, Ill.

ALEXANDER DAYMOND, and oldtime actor, is dead at his home in Jamaica Plain, Mass. Mr. Daymond under the stage name of Sydney Alexander, was a member of Edwin Booth's company, and supported Kate Claxton in "The Two Orphans." He was born in St. John's, N. F., in 1847.

CHARLES B. O'BRIEN, who was for some years in the employ of the Standard Oil Company, died at his home, 623 Fifty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. He was born in Manhattan thirty-nine years ago.

WILLIAM H. BRIODY died at his home, 201 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday. He was born in Brooklyn forty-three years ago and had been for many years in the employ of W. R. Wynn, in Maiden Lane, Manhattan. His wife and a son survive him.

MICHAEL McNALLY, one of the oldest members of the Jersey City Exempt Firemen's Association, died on Wednesday in the New Jersey State Firemen's Home at Boonton and was buried yesterday in Holy Name Cemetery in Jersey City. Mr. McNally was an inmate of the home for ten years. He was 70 years old and a bachelor.

JOSEPH S. CHENEAY, a retired merchant of Cincinnati, died on Wednesday at the Osborne Apartment House, Fifty-seventh Street and Seventh Avenue, after a twelve months' illness, in his eighty-seventh year. He had lived there for the last four years. A sister and a niece survive him.

Mrs. LUCRETIA HAWES is dead at the Peabody Home for Aged Women, in Boston Road, the Bronx, of acute pneumonia, in her seventy-sixth year. Mrs. Hawes was known to all the keepers at Bronx Park as a daily visitor, and used to feed the birds with pieces of bread and lumps of sugar. She had been in the home for eight years.

Mrs. WILLIAM HARRISON, formerly Miss Rose Myers, who was married on Thanksgiving Day, died at her home in West Orange, N. J., Wednesday night of pneumonia, after an illness of two days.

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Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

MILLIGAN—PARMELEE.—Mrs. Mary C. Parmelee of New York and Stamford, Conn., announces the engagement of her daughter, May Arthur, to Mr. James Alexander Milligan of Stamford.

Married.

KEATINGE—CHASE.—Dr. Ira Carleton Chase of Fort Worth, Texas, to Miss Helene Irene Keatinge of New York City, at Church of the Holy Name, by the Rev. Edward J. Tierney, Dec. 15, 1910, 7 P. M.

TALFORD—BASTABLE.—William Myron Bastable of New York City to Miss Helen Margaret Talford of New York City, at Church of the Holy Name, by the Rev. Edward J. Tierney, Dec. 15, 1910, 7 P. M.

JOHNSTONE—WARD.—On Thursday, Dec. 15, in New York City, by the Rev. George B. Hopson, D. D., Violet Floyd Ward, daughter of the late Eugene and Susan Foster Parker Ward of St. Paul, Minn., to Francis Upton Johnstone of New York.

JORDAN—FINK.—Dec. 14, Adeline J. Fink to John Jordan.

New Jersey.

BOYNTON—STORY.—Dec. 13, Bayside, Ethel B. Story to Frank L. Boynton.

Died.

BODINE.—At her residence, Far Rockaway, L. I., Mary J. Bodine, in her 78th year. Funeral service Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment Saturday morning. Kindly omit flowers.

BRAINERD.—Thursday, Dec. 15, 1910, at his residence, 30 West 46th St., Cebhas Brainerd, in the 80th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BRUENING.—At Lakewood, N. J., Dec. 14, 1910, William Bruening, in his 61st year. Funeral will be held at the New York and New Jersey Crematory, Hudson Boulevard, North Bergen, N. J., Saturday morning at 10:45 A. M

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Dull and Irregular—Call Money Rates, 3@3½ Per Cent.

HEAVY NOVEMBER EXPORTS

Make New Record for Month and Show Large Excess Over Imports—Further Cash Loss by Banks.

At the outset of trading on the Stock Exchange yesterday the upward movement which was in progress when the market closed on Wednesday was carried a little further and incidentally the trading was on a somewhat broader scale than that which accompanied the final dealings of the previous day. After the first hour, however, the transactions again slackened and while for a time prices held firm they finally in the face of continued dullness fell sufficiently to bring a majority of the more active stocks fractionally below the previous close. The losses in all cases were small compared with the net gains recorded in most of the active stocks on Wednesday and interspersed with the declines were many net gains in less active issues, most of them fractional but a few amounting to more than a point. Despite the increased activity during the first hour the total trading for the day was only a little above the meagre record of the previous day. Among the factors which contributed to the moderate reaction of the afternoon were the refusal of the Western Railroad engineers to accept the wage increase offer made by the railways, and an advance in call money following the further cash losses by the banks and some shifting of loans. So far as the money factor is concerned it must be recognized that the chances are that between now and the close of the year, when preparations for the end of the year adjustments will have been completed, interest rates will tend toward increased firmness. While the refusal of the engineers to accept the wage offer of the railways nominally indicates their intention to strike in support of their larger wage demands, the case is almost certain to be settled by arbitration. The railroads have already taken the initial step to adopt this solution of the controversy and it is not to be presumed that the men will refuse to arbitrate.

The Government's statement of the country's foreign trade for the month of November was issued yesterday and it constituted a document of no small significance in that it reflected such a marked change in the relations between exports and imports as compared with a few months ago that the credit balance for the month, with the exception of 1907, is the largest since November, 1908. A decrease in imports and an increase in exports to the highest level ever recorded in November both contributed to the excellent showing made for the month. Exports in November this year of $206,300,000 compared with $193,900,000 in November, 1909, and imports of $130,800,000 compared with $140,500,000 for the same month a year ago resulted in the exceptionally large excess of exports of $75,993,858, which is $22,500,000 greater than the credit balance in November, 1909. November's growth in exports and the falling off in imports have brought the credit balance for the eleven months of the year up very close to the excess of exports reported during the corresponding period last year, which is a gratifying showing in view of the tendency of the country's foreign trade, which showed itself during several of the earlier months of this year. The Bank of England's statement yesterday showed a loss of about $2,750,000 in gold and a decline in the proportion of reserves to liabilities from 50.59 per cent. last week to 49.98 per cent. this week. This recession in the percentage of reserve would be of more significance at this time in reference to possible American demands for gold in the London market were it not for the fact that although below last week the ratio of reserve is still considerably above the average for this date in previous years.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

STOCKS, (Ex Dividend.)
American Brake Shoe and Foundry common and preferred.
American Can preferred.
Atlantic Coast Line common.
Brooklyn Union Gas.
Chicago & Eastern Illinois, (preferred and common stock trust certificates.)
Chicago & Eastern Illinois preferred.
Duluth-Superior Traction common and preferred.
Hedley Gold Mining.
Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis, (preferred stock trust certificates.)
Niagara Navigation.
Republican Iron and Steel preferred.
Twin City Rapid Transit preferred.
Utah Copper.
Washburn Wire preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call money loaned on the Stock Exchange at 3@3½ per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 3½ per cent.

Time money rates, 4@4½ per cent. for thirty to sixty days, 4 per cent. for ninety days and four months, and 4@4½ per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5@5½ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5@5½ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5¾@6 per cent. for others.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3⅜ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Paris, 2½ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4⅜ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $278,479,734; balances, $8,822,809; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,800,347.

The local banks have lost $4,188,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was strong, with demand quoted at $4.8535@$4.8545, sixty days at $4.82@$4.8225 and cables at $4.8570@$4.8580.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.20 less 3-64@5.20 for cables and 5.20⅝ plus 1-64@5.20 less 1-32 for sixty days; reichsmarks, 95 1-16 less 1-64@95 plus 1-32 for cables and 95 less 1-32@95 plus 1-64 for sight.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 5c premium; St. Louis, 10c premium; St. Paul, 35c premium; San Francisco, 25c premium; Savannah, buying, 3-16c discount; selling, par; Charleston, buying, par; selling, 1-10c premium; Montreal, 15c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver 1-16d higher in London, at 23¼d per ounce, and ⅛c higher in New York, at 54⅝c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar A 4s, March 15, 1911	99⅞	100¼
Am. Cigar B 4s, March 15, 1912	98¼	98⅝
Balt. & Ohio 4½s, June, 1913	96⅞	99¼
Bethlehem Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	96⅞	97¼
Chicago & Alton 5s, March 15, 1912	98½	98⅝
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100¼	100⅜
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	100⅜	100⅝
K. C. Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	99¾	99¾
Lack. Steel conv. deb. 5s, Mar., 1915	91¾	92
Minn. & St. L. 5s, Feb., 1911	100	100⅛
St. L. & S. F. 4½s, Feb., 1912	97¾	98⅛
St. L. & S. F. 5s, March 15, 1913	96	96½
Southern Ry. 5s, Feb., 1916	97⅜	98¼
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	101¾	102¼
Western T. & T. 5s, Feb. 1, 1912	99½	100¼
Western T. & T. 5s, Aug., 1913	100⅜	100⅝

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales Dec. 15, 1910. 288,381
From Jan. 1, 1910. 160,838,636
Corresponding period last year. 206,345,348

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
63½	63⅝	8,700	Amalgamated Copper	64	64⅝	63½	63½	−½
46¾	47	200	Am. Agri. Chemical	47⅜	47⅝	47	47	−⅝
49½	49⅝	900	Am. Beet Sugar	40	40	39¼	39¼	−½
50	50¼	1,000	Am. Car & Foundry	50¼	50½	50	50	...
58	60	300	Am. Cotton Oil	59	59	59	59	...
20	22	250	Am. Hide & L. pf	21	21	21	21	...
17	17⅛	200	Am. Ice Securities	17¾	17¾	17½	17½	+⅜
31	32	100	Am. Linseed pf	32	32	32	32	+2
37	37¼	400	Am. Locomotive	37	37½	37	37	...
34	34½	100	American Malt pf	34½	34⅞	34½	34½	+¼
73⅞	74	7,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref	74⅜	75	73¾	73¾	−⅛
103¼	103⅝	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	103⅝	103¾	103¾	103⅝	+⅞
114	115	100	Am. Sugar Refining	115	115	115	115	...
141½	141⅞	1,800	Am. Telephone & Tel	141⅝	142⅛	141⅝	141¾	...
93	94	200	Am. Tobacco pf	93¾	94	93¾	94	−¼
31¼	32	200	American Woolen	32	32	32	32	...
93½	94	200	American Woolen pf	93½	94	93½	94	+1⅝
39½	39⅝	200	Anaconda Copper Min	40	40	39⅝	39⅝	+⅜
100⅝	100⅞	3,100	Atch., Top. & S. F	101	101½	100⅞	100⅞	...
118	120	100	Atlantic Coast Line	119	119	119	119	...
105⅞	106¼	100	Baltimore & Ohio	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	−⅛
2	2½	100	Batopilas Mining	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	...
...	...	17	Bank of Commerce	196	196	196	196	−1
28⅛	29	200	Bethlehem Steel	29	29	29	29	...
58	59½	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	59¼	59¼	59¼	59¼	+⅝
74	74⅝	1,060	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	74½	74½	74⅜	74⅜	+⅛
132½	135	400	Brooklyn Union Gas	132½	132½	132½	132½	+⅞
193	193½	1,400	Canadian Pacific	193½	193⅝	193¼	193¼	+1½
102⅞	31	2,000	Central Leather Co	30⅞	31½	30⅞	31	+⅛
80⅝	80¼	150	Cent. Leather Co. pf	103	103	103	103	...
22	22½	4,650	Chesapeake & Ohio	80¼	80¼	80¼	80½	+⅛
44⅜	45½	100	Chicago Gt. Western	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	+⅛
122½	122¾	4,200	Chicago Gt. West. pf	44¾	45	44¾	45	+⅛
145¼	146	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P	122¾	123¼	122¼	122¼	+⅛
141½	142	700	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	145⅝	145⅝	145⅝	145⅝	+⅛
81¼	81⅛	200	Chi. & Northwestern	141½	142	141½	141½	+⅛
57⅜	58	800	Colorado Fuel & Iron	81⅞	81⅞	81⅝	81⅝	+⅛
132½	133⅜	100	Colorado Southern	58	58	57⅝	57⅝	−⅛
147½	15	700	Consolidated Gas	133¼	133¼	133¼	133¼	−⅛
77¼	78	100	Corn Products Ref	15	15	15	15	−⅛
163	165	300	Corn Products Ref. pf	77½	77⅝	77½	77½	−½
62	67	160	Delaware & Hudson	164	164	164	164	+1
27¼	27⅝	1,000	Detroit United Ry	66	66	66	66	+1
44½	45	1,000	Erie	27½	27¾	27½	27½	+1
...	...	200	Erie 1st pf	45¼	45¼	45	45	...
154	156	119	Fourth Nat. Bank	195	196¼	195	196¼	+⅛
8⅝	8⅝	1,500	General Electric	156	157	155¼	155¼	−⅛
128	128½	1,098	Goldfield Con.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	−⅛
130	134	600	Great Northern pf	123¾	123½	123¼	123⅜	−⅛
20	20½	50	Illinois Central	132	132	132	132⅝	+⅝
54⅝	54⅝	5,115	Interborough-Met	20	20½	20	20	...
111	112¼	5,600	Interborough-Met. pf	54	55⅝	54	54⅝	+⅛
40¼	40¼	600	Int. Harvester	111¾	112	111½	111½	+⅛
18	18⅛	700	Int. Steam Pump	40¾	40¾	40¼	40¼	+⅛
82	85	200	Iowa Central	18¾	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+⅛
30¼	30¾	200	Iowa Central pf	32½	32½	32½	32½	+½
64⅝	65¼	100	Kan. City Southern	31	31	31	31	+½
104¼	104⅜	100	Kan. City South'n pf	65	65	65	65	+½
180	180¼	11,000	Laclede Gas	104⅝	104¾	104⅜	104⅜	+⅝
142½	143¼	100	Lehigh Valley	180¾	181¼	179⅞	180⅛	+⅛
74	75	200	Louisville & Nash	143	143	143	143	−⅛
136⅛	138	200	Mackay Cos. pf	75	75	74⅞	74⅞	−⅛
25	27½	300	Manhattan Elevated	137¾	137¾	137¼	137¼	−⅜
129	131¾	...	Minn. & St. Louis	26	26	26	26½	+⅜
81	82	100	Minn. & St. Louis pf	50¾	50½	50¼	50¼	−½
45½	46	200	M., St. P. & S. S. M	129½	129⅞	129½	129⅞	+⅛
112	112¾	1,100	Mo., Kansas & Texas	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	+⅛
104	106	400	Missouri Pacific	45⅞	47	45⅞	46	+⅛
35	35¼	300	National Biscuit Co	112	112⅞	112	112⅞	+⅛
18⅜	18½	100	National Lead Co. pf	106	106	106	106	...
112⅞	112⅝	500	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf	35	35	35	35	...
150	151½	1,400	Nevada Con. Copper	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18½	−⅛
145	148½	200	New York Central	112¾	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	−⅛
...	...	100	N. Y. N. H. & H	151½	151½	151½	151½	+1⅛
98⅝	99	...	N.Y.,N.H.& H. sub. cfs., 2d paid	147	147	147	147	...
115¼	115⅝	1,400	Norfolk & Western	98⅝	99¼	98⅝	98⅝	+1⅛
28⅝	29	8,150	Northern Pacific	116¾	116⅞	115¾	115¾	−⅛
44⅞	45	200	Pacific Mail	28½	28⅝	28½	28⅝	−⅛
128⅝	128⅞	200	Pacific Tel. & Tel	45	45	45	45	...
104½	105½	1,700	Pennsylvania R. R	129¾	129	128⅝	128⅝	+1
95	99	327	People's Gas, Chicago	105½	105½	105	105	...
96½	96¾	2,000	Philadelphia Co	92	96	92	96	+4
30⅞	31	...	Pitts., C., C. & St. L	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	+1¼
3	3¼	100	Pressed Steel Car	30½	30⅝	30½	30½	−⅛
148¼	148⅞	200	Quicksilver	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	...
30⅜	31¼	67,400	Reading	3	3	3	3	−⅛
94	94⅜	300	Republic Iron & Steel	148¼	148⅞	147⅞	148¼	+⅛
29⅝	30¼	1,800	Republic Iron & S. pf	81	81	81	81	...
61¼	61⅝	100	Rock Island Co	94½	94½	94½	94½	+⅛
37⅛	38	300	Rock Island Co. pf	80	80¾	80	80	+½
24½	25¼	300	St. L. & San F. 2d pf	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	+⅛
60¾	60¾	200	St. Louis Southwest'n	38½	38½	37⅝	37⅝	+⅛
114¾	114⅞	6,400	St. L. Southwest'n pf	25	25⅝	25	25⅝	+⅛
24⅞	25	200	Southern Pacific	60⅜	60½	60⅜	60⅜	+⅛
59⅜	60	1,200	Southern Ry., pf., ext	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	+⅛
34	34½	400	Tennessee Copper	25	25	25	25	...
135¼	136½	100	Texas Co.	59⅝	60¼	59⅝	60	+⅛
25½	25⅝	200	Texas & Pacific	34½	34½	34	34¼	+⅛
9⅝	10	600	Third Avenue	134½	134½	134½	134½	+⅝
50	52¼	300	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	25½	−⅛
52	54	100	Un. Bag & P. Co. pf	10½	10⅝	10	10	−½
169⅜	169⅝	84,200	Union Pacific	53½	52½	52	52¼	−⅛
92	92¼	400	Union Pacific pf	53¼	53¼	53¼	53¼	−⅛
100	102	700	United Dry Goods	170	170⅝	169¾	169¾	−⅛
28	29	700	United Rys. Invest	92	92	92	92	...
15⅛	16¼	30	U. S. Cast I. P. & F	101¼	101½	101¼	101¼	+⅛
34⅞	34⅝	300	U. S. Rubber	27	27	27	29	+3
72⅞	73	76,800	U. S. Steel	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	...
116⅜	116⅝	1,000	U. S. Steel pf	84	84	83⅞	84	+⅛
46⅛	46½	2,000	Utah Copper	73⅝	73⅞	72⅞	72⅞	+⅛
62	62½	300	Va.-Caro. Chemical	116⅞	116⅞	116⅝	116⅝	−⅛
122½	123	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	46¼	46¼	46	46¼	−⅛
16¾	16¾	200	Wabash	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	−⅛
84	84	200	Wabash pf	123	123	123	123	...
48	48¼	2,000	Western Maryland	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	...
72	72⅞	200	Western Union Tel	34	34	34	34	...
68	68⅛	400	Westinghouse 1st pf	47¼	47½	47¼	47¼	+⅛
120	122	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie	72	72	72	72	...
5½	5¾	500	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	68	68	68	68½	+⅝
13½	13¾	100	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	120	120	120	122	+2
6	6	1,200	Wisconsin Central	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	...
55¼	57⅛	...	...	13	13	13	13	+1
				6	6	6	6	−⅛
				55½	57⅛	55½	57⅛	+1½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅜	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100⅜	101¼
2s, r., 1918	102	102⅛
2s, c., 1918	102	102½
4s, r., 1925	115⅛	116½
4s, c., 1925	116⅛	118⅛
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100¼	...
Adams Exp.	230	250
Allis-Chalm.	8¼	8½
Allis-Chalm. pf.	29	30
Am. Ag. C. pf.	90	...
Am. B. S. pf.	88	94
Am. B. S. & Fdy.	89¼	91
Am. B. S. & F. pf.	128¼	...
Am. Can.	9	9⅜
Am. C. pf.	76⅜	77⅛
A. C. & F. pf.	110	115
Am. Coal.	60	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	103	105
Am. Exp.	220	250
A. H. & L.	4½	4½
Am. L. Co.	11	12
A. Loc. pf.	105	106½
Am. Malt.	3¼	4
Am. S. pf.	85	86
Am Snuff, ex div.	275	300
Am. Sm. pf., ex div.	100	102
Am. St. Fd.	42	48
Am. S. Ref. pf.	112	115
A. T. & C.	78	84
Ann Arbor	25	30
Ann A. pf.	65	70
Asso. Oil	45	48
A., T. & S. F. pf.	101¾	102½
B. & O. pf.	89	91
Bruns.-Ter.	8¾	10
B., R. & P.	102	104
B., R. & P. pf.	125	140
But'k Co.	28¾	29¼
Canada So.	69	70½
C. R. R. of N. J.	260	280
C. & S. A. Tel.	117	120
Chi. & Alt.	30	34
Chi. & Alt. pf.	60½	...
C., B. & Q.	200	...
C. & N. W.	180	210
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	130	145
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	180
Chi. Un. T. cfts. sta.	2½	3¼
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	5¾	7
C., C., C. & St. L.	65	69
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	98¾	105
Cleve. & P.	168	...
Col. F. & I. pf.	110¼	117
Col & So. 1st pf.	72	75
Col. & So. 2d pf.	70	73
Col. & H. C. & Iron.	4	5½
C. R. L.	72	...
Crex Carpet	60	70
Cub.-Am. S.	86	89
Cub.-Am. S. pf., ex d.	91½	92½
D., L. & W.	490	575
D. & R. G.	28	28½
D. & R. G. pf.	69¾	70
D. M. & Ft. D.	4½	9
Det. Edison.	102½	107½
Det. M., ex div.	82½	90
Det. & M. pf., ex d.	92½	100
Dist Sec.	32	33
D., S. S. & A.	10	12
D., S. S. & A. pf.	20	22
Erie 2d pf.	33	34½
Ev. & T. H.	55	62
Ev. & T. H. pf.	70	85
F. M. & S.	15	18
F. M. & S. pf.	45	55
Fed. Sugar	32	35
Fed. Sugar pf.	85	...
Gen. C. Co.	94	100
Gen. C. Co. pf.	101	102½
Granby Con.	30	60
Gt. N. Ore ctfs.	65½	66½

	Bid.	Asked.
G. S. & L.	40	50
G. S. & L. pf.	85	90
So. P. R. S.	114¾	116
So. P. R. S. pf.	100	115
So. Ry. M. & O. ctfs.	70	85
T. P. L. Tr.	88	92
T. P. & W.	16½	...
T. R. & L.	7	7½
Tol., St. L. & W.	22	22½
T. C. R. T.	107	109½
U. B. & P.	7	9
Un. Cig. M. pf.	100	108
Un. Dry G. pf.	100	102½
U. Rys. In. pf.	56	60
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	52	53
U. S. Exp.	94	100
U. S. R. & Impt.	66	70
U. S. R. & Ref.	4½	6
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	15	17
U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	109	110
U. S. Rub. 2d pf.	73	74½
U. S. & B. R.	160	165
W. P. Exp.	145	160
West. Md. pf.	73½	74½

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—The Asphalts extended yesterday's gains somewhat. It was said that warrants would be issued in payment of the 8½ per cent. back dividends on the preferred when President Mack returned from his Western trip. Philadelphia Company was shoved up about 3 points. Bids for Electric Storage Battery found the market devoid of offerings. United Gas Improvement also came to life. Buying by persons desirous of taking advantage of the January dividend distribution lifted the price across 86, and talk of a stock dividend in the Storage was revived.

Until the afternoon reaction, the arbitrage group, particularly United States Steel and Reading, responded to the rises in these shares on covering of short contracts in some volume. The tractions were about the only local issues to display a heavy tone until the last hour, when Rapid Transit hardened in face of the reaction elsewhere. Lehigh Valley Transit rose above 6 and the preferred crossed 18.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	American Milling	11-16	11-16	11-16
120	American Railways	42½	42⅝	42⅝
60	Amalgamated Copper	64	64	64
10	Alliance Insurance	134	134	134
185	Cambria Steel	45	42½	42⅝
10	Con. Tr. N. J.	78	78	78
50	Elec. Co. of Am.	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
320	Electric Storage	49¼	49	49¼
1,055	General Asphalt	34½	33⅝	33⅝
1,098	Gen. Asphalt pf.	80½	79⅞	79⅞
8	H. & B. T. pf.	20	20	20
117	Ins. Co. of N. A.	20¼	20¼	20¼
118	Keystone Tel.	9¼	9	9½
10	Keystone Tel. t. c.	8	8	8
88	Lehigh Navigation	92¼	92¼	92¼
420	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	94	94	94
456	Lehigh Valley	90½	89⅞	90
235	Lehigh Valley Tr. t. c.	6¼	6	6¼
325	Lehigh Val. Tr. pf. t. c.	18¼	17¾	18¼
1	Mine Hill	62	62	62
795	Phila. Rapid Transit	18¼	17¾	18¼
20,170	Phila. Co.	64½	63 13-16	64¼
66	Phila. Co. pf.	46¾	45	45¾
912	Phila. Electric	42	41¼	42
80	Penn. Salt	15¾	15½	15¾
2,500	Reading	110	110	110
220	Tono. Belmont	74⅜	73½	73⅝
300	Tono. Mining	4¼	4 5-16	4 5-16
3,781	U. Gas Improvement	86⅜	85¾	86¼
7,850	U. S. Steel	86⅜	85¾	86¼
1,235	Union Traction	73⅜	72½	72½
23	Un. Trac., Phila., pf.	42½	42¼	42¼
35	United Rys.	42	42	42
322	Wat. I. & S.	28	27½	28
*Ex-dividend.		10¼	10	10¼

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Western Stone stock was the leader in activity on the local Exchange to-day, the report that the consolidation of the various crushed stone and building material companies operating in the local field had been affected, causing the shares to advance sharply. Tool shares were also quite active.

Sales. STOCKS.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. Can	9¼	9¼	9¼
75	Am. Can pf. ex div.	75⅞	75⅞	75⅞
464	Chi. Pneu. Tool	42	40¼	41⅛
120	Chi. Rys., Series 2	24½	24¼	24½
120	Chicago Subway	4¼	4¼	4¼
8	Chicago Telephone	122¼	122¼	122¼
25	Com. Edison	115¼	115¼	115¼
120	Diamond Match	95½	95	95½
100	Illinois Brick	66⅜	66	66
10	K. C. R. & L. pf.	22	22	22
10	Met. Elevated	21	21	21
185	National Biscuit	112¾	112	112
35	People's Gas	105¾	105¼	105¼
215	Sears-Roebuck	180⅜	180	180
8	South Side Elevated	88	88	88
111	Swift & Co.	102¾	102¼	102¼
150	United Boxboard	6¾	6¾	6¾
665	Western Stone	26⅜	24½	25

BONDS.				
$11,000	Chi. Rys. 4s, B	80¾	80¼	80¼
1,000	Chicago Gas 5s	106½	103½	103½
1,000	Chicago Rys.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Earthquake Soon Disposed Of.

When the stock market was receding from its early rise yesterday afternoon, somewhere out of the air came a rumor that another earthquake was on in San Francisco. For a few moments there was some concern on the floor, but telephone inquiries of the telegraph companies running to the Pacific Coast brought such quick assurance that everything was all right that the story had little effect on the market. Traders passed it off with the suggestion that it might have had its source in the remark that "it would take an earthquake to move the market." While the rise was in full swing, comment was made on the fact that on the Consolidated Exchange such stocks as Reading and Steel sold ⅛ above the highest levels on the big board. This unusual happening was used as an argument of hopefulness on the part of the small investor, but the later declines did not encourage the contention.

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Broadening Bond Market.

The increasing activity of the bond market strengthened the convictions of those who have seen in the behavior of this branch of the Exchange signs of an enlarging investment demand. As in recent markets, there was wide diversity in the trading, without concentration on any particular issue or class. The upward movement in the Central of Georgia income bonds, which began the day before the court decision favorable to the bondholders was heard of, continued yesterday, and all three classes made new high records, the first and second incomes going to 97 and the thirds to 96¼. The rise was noticeable for the wide movements between sales, which went to as much as a point.

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St. Paul Dividend Talk.

Talk heard from time to time regarding the continuance of the St. Paul dividend, gave interest yesterday to the views of an anonymous Director, who was quoted as saying that current earnings warrant the declaration of the usual 3½ per cent. disbursements on the common and preferred issues when action is taken on dividends in January. Although it is predicted that November earnings will show losses in both gross and net, as compared with last year, the difficulties of operation in December, 1909, when the road suffered from snow blockades, are expected to help out the comparisons for that month. From the returns so far at hand, the anonymous Director was quoted yesterday as saying that December figures will show liberal gains.

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Crops Less Valuable.

Although the total value of farm products this year is the highest on record, largely because of the high prices of animals, poultry and dairy products, the crops, taken alone, have failed to equal last year's figures. In the final estimates put out by the Washington authorities yesterday, the value of the important farm crops aggregates $3,735,464,000, against $3,971,426,000 last year. The loss is attributed to an average reduction in prices of 8.5 per cent.

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Europe's Big Harvests.

While the wheat crop in this country has suffered more than usual this year, the European harvests, on the whole, have turned out better than expected, notwithstanding the floods. Russia's crop is now estimated at 773,000,000 bushels, or almost equal to 1909's record yield, and the entire European crop, the authorities expect, will prove almost, if not quite, equal to the unprecendted harvests last season. In the face of this abundance abroad, the American farmer further loses the compensation of high prices for his short crop, the Agricultural Department predicting that the important countries of Argentina and Australia will also produce more than last year.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

BOSTON, Dec. 15.—The local market was dull to-day, but a strong undertone was maintained. Traders are generally adopting a waiting attitude, and are averse to taking a decided stand on either the long or the short side at the present time. Fluctuations to-day were confined within narrow limits.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	90¾	90⅝	90⅝
101,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	104⅝	104⅜	104⅜
2,000	A., T. & S.F. 4s, 1928	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
11,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	95½	95½	95½
3,000	Gen. Elec. cv. 5s	151⅛	150⅛	151⅛
1,000	K. C., F. S. & M. 6s	116	116	116
1,000	N. E. Cotton Y. 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1,000	N.Y., N.H.&H. cv. 6s	132⅝	132⅝	132⅝
5,000	Western T. & T. 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼

RAILROADS.

50	Atchison	101	101	101
58	Boston Elevated	127⅞	127½	127⅞
91	Boston & Albany	225	225	225
24	Boston & Maine	125	124⅝	125
10	Boston & Providence	298	298	298
10	Boston & Worc. pf.	39	39	39
9	Fitchburg pf.	130	130	130
4	Mass. Electric	17	17⅜	17⅜
10	Mass. Electric pf.	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝
126	N. Y., N. H. & H.	151½	151	151½
6	Old Colony	190	188	188
100	Rutland pf.	35	35	35
5	Union Pacific	170	170	170
2	West End	91	91	91

TELEPHONES.

413	American	142¼	141¾	141¾
26	New England	138	138	138

MISCELLANEOUS.

23	Am. Agr. Chem.	47½	46	47½
167	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	99	99	99
55	Am. G. & W. L. pf.	20½	20½	20½
42	Am. Pneu. Service	4⅞	4½	4⅞
60	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	15	15	15
5	Am. Locomotive pf.	106	103	106
71	Am. Sugar Rfg.	115	114½	115
40	Am. Woolen pf.	93¾	93½	93¾
150	East Boston Land	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
90	Eastern S. S.	82½	82½	82½
8	Edison	283	283	283
5	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf.	87	87	87
50	General Electric	157	157	157
5	Int. Buttonhole	5½	5½	5½
32	Mass. Gas	88½	88½	88½
117	Mass. Gas pf.	94½	94¼	94½
15	Mergenthaler	215	215	215
34	N. E. Cotton Y. pf.	107	107	107
174	Pullman	161	160	160
20	Rotary Ring	6½	6½	6½
22	Seattle Electric pf.	102	102	102
16	Swift	102⅜	102⅛	102⅜
92	Torrington, Class A	36½	36	36
6	United Fruit	194½	194	194
385	United Shoe Machy.	56½	55½	56
365	United Shoe M. pf.	29	28⅝	29
2,465	U. S. Steel	74	72⅝	72⅝
244	U. S. Steel pf.	116⅝	116	116⅛
10	Western Union	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝

MINING.

450	Adventure	7	7	7
650	Amalgamated	64¼	63½	63½
130	Arcadian	3⅜	3½	3½
445	Arizona Com'l	14¼	14¼	14¼
150	Atlantic	6⅛	6	6
20	Boston Corbin	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
1,265	Butte Coalition	19⅝	19	19½
665	Butte Balaklala	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝
165	Calumet & Arizona	49	48	48
1	Calumet & Hecla	560	560	560
100	Cons. Mercur	5c	5c	5c
65	Copper Range	68	67½	67½
267	East Butte	12⅛	12	12
200	Franklin	9½	9½	9½
1,100	Giroux	6⅞	6¾	6¾
10	Granby	39	39	39
250	Greene-Cananea	7	7	7
15	Hancock	22	22	22
285	Indiana	12	11½	11¾
470	Island C. Coal pf.	88	87	87
5	Island Creek Coal	32½	32½	32½
40	Isle Royale	17¾	17½	17½
10	Kerr Lake	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
1,025	Keeweenaw	3¼	3¼	3¼
1,106	Lake	35¼	34½	35
15	La Salle	7½	7½	7½
10	Miami	19½	19½	19½
50	Michigan	3½	3½	3½
17	Mohawk	46	45	45
900	Nevada	18⅝	18½	18½
430	Nipissing	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
495	North Butte	29⅜	29½	29½
15	Parrot	12½	12½	12½
5	Quincy	71½	71½	71½
355	Ray Cons.	19½	18⅞	19¼
175	Shannon	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞
25	Shattuck & Arizona	24	24	24
135	Superior	45¼	43	43
175	Superior & Boston	5⅞	5⅜	5⅞
265	Superior & Pittsburg	14	13⅝	13⅞
120	Trinity	4⅜	4½	4½
2,675	U. S. Smelting	36¼	35	35⅜
1,575	U. S. Smelting pf.	47¼	46¾	47
70	Utah Apex	2¼	2⅛	2¼
25	Utah Cons.	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜
270	Utah Copper	46⅞	46¼	46¼
25	Victoria	2⅜	2¼	2¼
10	Wolverine	117½	117½	117½

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Money was easy and discount rates were steady to-day.

The unchanged bank rate disappointed the discount as well as the stock market, where selling caused a decline in British securities, consols losing an early gain of an eighth. Foreigners and Kaffirs were steadily supported.

American securities were quiet and steady at slight advances during the forenoon. Wall Street orders hardened the market in the afternoon and made the closing firm.

The settlement was concluded without trouble.

Bar silver steady; 25¼d per ounce.

Money, 2@2½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅛ per cent.; for three months' bills, 3⅜@3½ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 7.25; at Lisbon, 9.50.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 97 francs 80 centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 27½ centimes for checks.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—Favorable New York advices caused an improvement on the Boerse to-day, and American railroad shares closed strong.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 43½ pfennigs for checks.

Private discount rate, 4⅝ per cent.

Money, 4 per cent.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£346,000
Circulation decreased	203,000
Bullion decreased	549,593
Other securities decreased	17,000
Other deposits increased	167,000
Public deposits decreased	249,000
Notes reserve decreased	266,000
Government securities increased	300,000

Proportion of the bank's reserve to liability, 49.98 per cent.; last week it was 50.59 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 4½ per cent.

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation decreased	22,100,000
Treasury deposits increased	12,350,000
General deposits decreased	28,550,000
Gold in hand decreased	225,000
Silver in hand increased	2,050,000
Bills discounted decreased	45,250,000
Advances increased	1,875,000

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	79⅛	..	..	..
Consols, account	79⅜	..	..	..
Anaconda	8¼	40⅛	..	..
Atchison	104⅜	101⅝	100⅞	+ ⅛
Canadian Pacific	199¼	193⅝	192⅛	+ 1⅛
St. Paul	126⅜	123⅛	122½	+ ⅜
Erie	28⅛	27⅜	27½	+ ¼
Erie 1st pf.	46¼	44⅞	..	..
Illinois Central	136	132¼	..	..
Louis. & Nash.	147	142½	143	— ½
N. Y. Central	115½	112½	111⅜	+ ⅜
Pennsylvania	130⅛	126⅜	126½	+ ⅛
Reading	76½	148⅛	148	+ ⅛
Southern Pacific	116⅜ ex	114⅝	114¼	+ ⅛
Union Pacific	175½	170¼	169⅝	+ ⅝
U. S. Steel	76	73⅝	73½	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	120	116½	116¼	+ ¼

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	11 11¼	Esperanza	1 7 6
Tomboy, ex d.	0 15 7½	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 6 0	Stratton's Ind.	0 3 3

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to.

5,941. BARB WIRE.—A South American shipping merchant with offices in England informs an American Consulate that he has an urgent shipping order for 500 rolls of the Iowa brand of American barb wire, and requests that the manufacturer of this special brand of barb wire communicate at once with the inquirer.

5,942. FANCY AND STAPLE PAPER BAGS.—An American Consular officer in a Canadian city reports that a company in his district wishes to get in touch with manufacturers of fancy and staple paper bags. As there are few or none of these bags manufactured in Canada, it should be a profitable field for American manufacturers to consider.

5,943. REPAIRS TO PUMPS, BOILERS, &c.—Consul Alfred A. Winslow of Valapraiso, Chile, reports that bids will be opened Jan. 24, 1911, in the offices of the Superintendent of Customs, Valparaiso, Chile, for the renovating of the motive power, pumps, and boilers of the hydraulic plant at the Custom House and of the elevators in the storerooms of the Custom House and Naval Arsenal in that port.

5,944. REPRESENTATION IN PORTO RICO AND CUBA.—An American business firm writes that one of its correspondents who has traveled extensively in Cuba and Porto Rico is open for engagements with manufacturers seeking trade in that territory, as he intends repeating the trip again in the very near future. He states that he has good connections in Cuba, and any manufacturers of agricultural implements, hardware, or a similar line desiring to extend their business will do well to communicate with him.

5,945. CHEMICALS, PAINT, HIDES, AND SKINS.—A report from an American Consular officer in a European country states that a local business house desires to represent a few reliable manufacturers of chemicals, paint, hides, and skins. This firm is a large buyer of American leather and is reported to have done much toward the extension of American trade in that article in the country in question.

HOME TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Further information regarding the following home trade opportunities may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to.

78. SUBSISTENCE STORES.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received at the office of the Purchasing Commissary, 11 East Lake Street, Chicago, Ill., until Dec. 19, 1910, for furnishing and delivering between Jan. and 10, 1911, the following subsistence stores: 15,092 pounds of flour, 20,016 pounds of Issue flour, 392 pounds of family flour, and 196 pounds of family flour. Specifications and conditions can be obtained from the Purchasing Commissary at the above address in Chicago.

79. DREDGING IN BAY RIDGE CHANNEL.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Bay Ridge Channel, New York Harbor, will be received at the United States Engineer Office, New York, N. Y., until Jan. 5, 1911. Information on application to S. W. Roessler, Colonel Engineers.

80. REMOVAL OF WRECK.—Sealed proposals for removal of wreck Magic City, in St. Johns River, Florida, will be received at the United States Engineer Office, Jacksonville, Fla., until Dec. 23, 1910. Information on application to George R. Spalding, Captain Engineers.

81. DREDGING.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Redwood Creek, Cal., will be received at the United States Engineer Office, 720 Chronicle Building, San Francisco, Cal., until Dec. 31, 1910. Information on application to Charles E. L. B. Davis, Brigadier General, United States Agent.

Lewisohn Interests Buy Silver Mine.

The Adolph Lewisohn interests, which control the Kerr Lake Mining Company, a three-million-dollar silver mining company in the Cobalt district of Ontario, have purchased control of the Wettlaufer silver mine at South Lorrain. This mine has been shipping ore for several months. The Wettlaufer property will be under the same management as Kerr Lake.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Abraham B. Baylis, Exchange member of Mayer & Co., 11 Wall Street, has retired, and Justus G. Dettmer, also member of the Stock Exchange, has been admitted to the firm.

These Stock Exchange seats have been posted for transfer: Frank C. Littleton to Frederick H. Smith, Jr.; George H. Robinson to Thomas G. Cook.

At a meeting of the Directors of the National Lead Company Charles E. Field, manager of the Chicago branch, was elected a Director to succeed the late H. M. McCheesney.

Bondholders of the Passaic Steel Company are notified that they must appear before Frank Van Cleve, Master, at Paterson, N. J., at 10 A. M. either Dec. 21 or 23 or Jan. 4 or 18 to prove their holdings and coupons.

Wabash Pittsburgh Terminal Railway

To the Holders of 4% FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS and CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY CERTIFICATES FOR BONDS:

The New York Stock Exchange has admitted to its official list the Certificates of Deposit of the Columbia Trust Company for bonds and Central Trust Company Certificates deposited with the Committee on condition that this Committee will extend the time for deposit for thirty days, which we have consented to do.

You are accordingly herewith notified that the time for the deposit of your bonds and Central Trust Company Certificates with the COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, NUMBER 135 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY, is hereby extended to and including JANUARY 16, 1911. No deposits will be received after that date except in the discretion of the Committee and under such penalties as it may impose.

After the lapse of upwards of two years, during which time the properties of the Wabash Pittsburgh Terminal Railway have been reduced to such a condition of helplessness and their earning power so effectually destroyed that they have not earned their operating expenses, the Committee has finally succeeded, against the opposition of the Wabash Railway, in procuring authority of the Court for the issue of $2,000,000 of Receivers' Certificates for the purpose of acquiring equipment to enable the Company to resume business.

The Committee has employed Mr. Horace G. Burt, formerly President of the Union Pacific Railway, to make a thorough investigation and report on your properties to aid the Committee in formulating a Plan of Reorganization. Your Committee is, however, convinced, from personal inspections of the properties and other investigations already made by them, and from the events of the Receivership, that it is not to the interest of the bondholders to become parties to any plan which contemplates the future domination of the Wabash Railway or any alliance with that Company, or that it shall have any influential voice in the management.

For that reason, among others, the Committee has been unable to agree to any of the Plans of Reorganization that have been suggested.

Your prompt and active co-operation is required to produce the best results for the Bondholders, and you are therefore invited to deposit your bonds and certificates without delay.

Dated, New York, December 15, 1910.

JAMES C. CHAPLIN,
MEIGS H. WHAPLES,
WILLIAM R. NICHOLSON,
CLARENCE L. HARPER,
RICHARD SUTRO,
Committee.

EDGAR A. HICKMAN, Secretary.
37 Wall Street, New York.

SAMUEL UNTERMYER,
Counsel to the Committee.

SAVINGS BANKS.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK

The trustees have ordered interest credited to depositors entitled to it under the by-laws, on January 1, 1911, at the rate of **4% PER ANNUM** on all sums of $5 and upward not exceeding $3,000, payable on and after January 16, 1911.

Deposits made before January 10 will draw interest from January 1, 1911.

Accounts can be opened by mail. Booklet, "Banking by Mail," sent free.

WM. J. ROOME, President.
JOHN G. GRISWOLD, Secretary.

23RD ST. N.E. COR. 6TH AVE.

Established 1827 — Corner Pierrepont and Clinton Streets

Brooklyn Savings Bank

DEPOSITS 46 MILLIONS
Surplus January 1, 1911, Over 5 Millions
Interest at the rate of
4 PER CENT PER ANNUM
will be credited to depositors with this bank January 1st next, on all sums entitled thereto (payable on and after January 20th). Deposits made on or before January 10th will draw interest from January 1st.

BRYAN H. SMITH, President.
EDWIN P. MAYNARD, Comptroller.
LAURUS E. SUTTON, Cashier.

Harlem Savings Bank

125th STR. & LEXINGTON AVE.
The Trustees have declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of
4 PER CENT. PER ANNUM
on all deposits entitled thereto according to the by-laws from $5 up to $5,000, payable on and after Monday, January 16, 1911. Money deposited on or before January 10, 1911, will draw interest from January 1, 1911.

WILLIAM S. COGSWELL, President.
THOMAS R. CROWELL, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION

115 Chambers St., N. Y.
Near 6th Ave. Elevated Station.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1910, at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum, on all sums from $1 to $8,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws, payable on and after Monday, January 16th, 1911.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1st, 1911.

H. E. TENER, President
GEORGE B. DUNNING, Secretary

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS

74 and 76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT INTEREST be paid to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws, and in accordance with the Savings Bank Law, for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1910.

On accounts not exceeding three thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum. Payable on and after Monday, Jan. 16th, 1911.

DANIEL BARNES, President.
GEORGE M. HALSEY, Cashier.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.

New York, Dec. 15th, 1910.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1st.

To the Holders of the First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of
Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling Company.

The undersigned Trustee under the First Mortgage made by Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling Company, dated August 27, 1892, proposes to invest the proceeds of sale of certain properties, released from the lien of said Mortgage, in the purchase of bonds of said issue at the lowest prices obtainable, not, however, exceeding the redemption price of said bonds, viz., $1,100 and accrued interest per bond.

Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to the Franklin Trust Company, No. 166 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., on or before Tuesday, December 27, 1910.

Dated, December 15, 1910.
FRANKLIN TRUST COMPANY.

Executor — Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

LONDON 15 Cookspur St. 18 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator — Guardian

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

This company issues its own foreign drafts and letters of credit, payable in any part of the world. Merchants, individuals, art dealers, and all others, who either buy or sell foreign exchange, can obtain immediate quotations by telephoning to 2600 Bryant.

Fifth Avenue Branch
Guaranty Trust Co. of New York
Fifth Avenue & 43rd Street, New York
Main Office, 28 Nassau St. London Office, 33 Lombard St.

DIVIDENDS.

The Western Union Telegraph Company

NEW YORK, Dec. 14th, 1910.

DIVIDEND NO. 107.

A quarterly dividend of THREE-FOURTHS OF ONE PER CENT. has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Company, payable at the office of the Treasurer on and after the 16th day of January, 1911, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 20th day of December, 1910.

The transfer books will remain open.

A. R. BREWER, Treasurer.

American Gas & Electric Company

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.

New York, December 15th, 1910.

The regular quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. (1½%) on the Preferred Stock of American Gas & Electric Company has been declared for the quarter ending January 31st, 1911, payable February 1st, 1911, to stockholders of record on the books of the Company at the close of business January 21st, 1911, on which day the Transfer Books will close and reopen February 2d, 1911.

FRANK B. BALL, Treasurer.

American Gas & Electric Company

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND.

New York, December 15th, 1910.

The regular quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. (1½%) on the Common Stock of American Gas & Electric Company has been declared for the quarter ending December 31st, 1910, payable January 2d, 1911, to stockholders of record on the books of the Company at the close of business December 21st, 1910, on which day the Transfer Books will close and reopen January 3d, 1911.

FRANK B. BALL, Treasurer.

CHASE NATIONAL BANK.

New York, Dec. 14th, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Three Per Cent., and an extra dividend of Eight Per Cent., payable January 3d, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 31st, 1910.

H. M. CONKEY, Cashier.

FULTON TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK.

30 Nassau St., New York City, December 15, 1910.

87th Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend.

By resolution of the Board of Trustees a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. is payable on January 3, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business, 3 P. M., December 10, 1910.

HENRY W. REIGHLEY, Secretary.

SEABOARD NATIONAL BANK.

18 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors, a quarterly dividend of Three (3) Per Cent. on the capital stock of this bank was declared, payable free of tax on January 3, 1911, to stockholders of record on December 24, 1910.

C. C. THOMPSON, Cashier.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY FOUR AND One-Half Per Cent. Loan.—Interest due January 1st, 1911, on bonds of this loan, will be paid at The National City Bank of New York to bondholders of record at the close of business December 20th, 1910.

T. H. B. McKNIGHT, Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the CLAY-GODSEN CHEMICAL COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office, on this fourteenth day of December, 1910, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation, under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved. Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this 14th day of December, one thousand nine hundred and ten.

[Seal] HORACE G. TENNANT,
Second Deputy-Secretary of State.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

NEW YORK STATE EDUCATION BUILDING.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Secretary of the Trustees of Public Buildings in the Executive Chamber, the Capitol, Albany, N. Y., up to 12 o'clock noon, January 24th, 1911, for, 1—The Electric Lighting Fixtures, 2—The Metal Book Stacks and Metal Cases, 3—The Wood Book Cases, 4—The Electric Wiring for Book Stacks and Book Cases and Extension to Existing Plant, 5—The Elevators and Book Lifts, 6—The Glazed Grilles and Miscellaneous Ornamental Iron and Bronze Items, and 7—The Interior Decoration for the New York State Education Building, situated on the north side of Washington Avenue, extending from Hawk Street to Swan Street, in the City of Albany, N. Y.; and opened publicly by the Trustees of Public Buildings in the Executive Chamber. A separate and distinct proposal is required for each of the seven items of work for which proposals will be received. Each proposal shall be accompanied by a certified check or cash deposit to the amount of 5% of the amount of the proposal. The Trustees of Public Buildings reserve the right to reject any or all proposals received if they consider it to the best interests of the State so to do. The surety required to guarantee the faithful performance of the work will be one or more bonds executed by one or more Guarantee or Surety Companies aggregating in amount 50% of the amount of the contract. The Bond or Bonds shall be executed within thirty (30) days from the date of award of the contract. If the Surety or Sureties shall not execute the Bond or Bonds, or if the Sureties offered by the Contractor are not approved by the Trustees of Public Buildings, and other Sureties are not provided acceptable to the Trustees of Public Buildings, the Contractor will be considered as having abandoned his bid. In event of such default on the part of the Contractor the deposit made by him shall be forfeited and retained by the State of New York as liquidated damages because of such default; the notice of award will be deemed cancelled and the State will be under no obligation to pay the Contractor for any work done and performed by him.

Contractors submitting proposals for Metal Book Stacks and Metal Cases are required to erect in the New York State Education Building a sample Stack, which sample is to be delivered and erected at or before the time fixed for the receipt of the proposals.

Contractors submitting proposals for Electric Lighting Fixtures are required to deliver certain sample fixtures at the office of the Architects, Palmer & Hornbostel, at the corner of Washington Avenue and Hawk Street, Albany, N. Y., at or before the time fixed for the receipt of the proposals.

On and after December 20, 1910, the drawings and specifications, the form of contract, the bond, and blank forms for proposals, may be obtained at the office of the Architects, Palmer & Hornbostel, No. 63 William Street, New York, N. Y. One set of drawings, specifications, &c., will be furnished Contractors intending to submit proposals for any one of the seven items of work, on application to the Architects and upon the payment of a deposit of $50.00, this deposit to be forfeited if the drawings and specifications are not returned to the Architects in good order before February 15, 1911. Additional copies will be furnished upon the payment by the Contractor of the net cost of the same. Plans and specifications will be supplied the Sub-contractors wishing to submit to Contractors figures for the various departments of work, upon reasonable notice to the Architects and payment of the net cost of the plans and specifications retained.

By order of the Trustees of Public Buildings.
FRANKLIN E. WARE, State Architect.
The Capitol, Albany, N. Y.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF
McCOY & COMPANY
181 La Salle Street, Chicago

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND
PUBLIC SECURITIES COMPANY

The Board of Directors of Public Securities Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of three and one-half per cent. (3½%) upon the outstanding 7% cumulative Preferred shares of the company, payable by check January 1, 1911, to stockholders of record as at the close of business December 24, 1910.

JOSEPH H. ROY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
J. G. WHITE & COMPANY, INC.,
43 Exchange Place, New York.
ENGINEERS—MANAGERS.

THE MANILA ELECTRIC RAILROAD AND LIGHTING CORPORATION.

The Board of Directors of The Manila Electric Railroad and Lighting Corporation has declared a dividend of ONE PER CENT. (1%) on the Capital Stock of the Corporation, payable Saturday, December 31, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Saturday, December 24th, 1910.

T. W. MOFFAT, Secretary.

NORTHERN SECURITIES COMPANY,
26 Liberty Street.
New York, 7th December, 1910.

The Directors have declared a dividend of Four Per Cent. (4%) on the capital stock of this Company, payable January 10, 1911, to holders of certificates for full shares of stock of record on the books of the Company on that date.

For the purposes of this dividend the stock transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, December 28, 1910, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, January 11, 1911.

E. T. NICHOLS, Secretary.

49TH CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY,
160 Broadway, N. Y.
December 14, 1910.

A dividend of THREE PER CENT (3%) on the capital stock of this company has been declared this day, payable January 3, 1911. Transfer books will be closed on Saturday, December 17, 1910, at 12 M., and reopened on Wednesday, January 4, 1911, at 10 A. M.

ARCHIBALD FORBES, Treasurer.

NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.

Treasurer's Office, New York, Dec. 7th, 1910.

A dividend of Five Per Cent. on the capital stock of the **New York and Harlem Railroad Company** will be paid by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, Lessee, (under the provisions of the contract between the two companies,) at this office on the 3d day of January next, to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 15th inst.

EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

CITY INVESTING COMPANY,
165 Broadway,
New York, December 15, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared a quarterly dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. upon the preferred capital stock, payable at its office on January 3rd, 1911, to holders of preferred stock of record on the books of the Company at the close of business on Saturday, December 24th, 1910.

MORRIS B. MEAD, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE
LANSTON MONOTYPE MACHINE COMPANY
Philadelphia, Pa.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on the capital stock of this Company, payable on the 30th day of December, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 23, 1910.

J. SELLERS BANCROFT, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, December 6, 1910.

NEW IDRIA QUICKSILVER MINING COMPANY.

Boston, December 15, 1910.

The Directors of the New Idria Quicksilver Mining Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend, No. 110, of 30 cents per share, and a special dividend from surplus of 40 cents per share, payable Jan. 2, 1911, to stockholders of record, December 22, 1910.

W. B. BUCKMINSTER, Treasurer.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.

New York, December 14th, 1910.

A quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the capital stock of this company has been declared, payable on Monday, January 16th, 1911, at the office of the Treasurer, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Thursday, the 22d instant.

EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

Office of International Silver Company.

Meriden, Conn., December 15, 1910.

Coupons No. 16 of the Debenture Bonds of this Company, due January 1, 1911, will be paid on and after that date on presentation at the American Exchange National Bank, 128 Broadway, New York City.

GEORGE M. CURTIS, Treasurer.

THE GARVIN MACHINE CO.

DIVIDEND NO. 24.

The regular semi-annual dividend of 3½% on the preferred stock has been declared, payable Jan. 3d, 1911. The transfer books will close Dec. 24th, and reopen Jan. 5th, 1911.

GEORGE MACLAGAN, Treas.

New York, Dec. 15th, 1910.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. Louis Railway Company; Steubenville & Indiana Railway Company, Extended Five Per Cent. Loan.—Interest due January 1st, 1911, on the bonds of this loan, will be paid at The National City Bank of New York to bondholders of record at the close of business December 20th, 1910.

T. H. B. McKNIGHT, Treasurer.

WEST SIDE BANK.

New York, December 15th, 1910.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Six (6) per cent., free of tax, payable January 3d, 1911, to stockholders of record of this date. The transfer books will remain closed until January 4th, 1911.

WALTER WESTERVELT, Cashier.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

The Franklin Society

Do you want to readjust your saving account in January? Learn about the Franklin Society, 23d year. Bank Department supervision. Mailing size pass book. Begin now or write for booklet. A., Our Bookcase at.

4½%

DIVIDENDS.

The Hocking Valley Railway Co.

New York, Dec. 1, 1910.

A semi-annual dividend of TWO PER CENT

GOOD CROPS BRING FALL IN PRICES

Average on Dec. 1 Was 8.5 Per Cent. Lower Than Last Year —Harvest Figures Large.

FOREIGN PROSPECTS GOOD

But Some Loss in Germany and Austria Is Reported—1910 Crop in Europe Almost Equals 1909 Records.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Final estimates of the important farm crops of the country for 1910 were announced to-day by the Crop Reporting Board of the Department of Agriculture. They were:

Corn, 3,125,713,000 bushels of weight, from 114,002,000 acres; total farm value, $1,523,968,000, or 48.8 cents per bushel.

Winter wheat, 464,044,000 bushels of weight, from 29,427,000 acres; total farm value, $413,675,000, or 89.1 cents per bushel.

Spring wheat, 231,399,000 bushels of weight, from 19,778,000 acres; total farm value, $207,868,000, or 89 cents per bushel.

All wheat, 695,443,000 bushels of weight, from 49,205,000 acres; total farm value, $621,443,000, or 89.4 cents per bushel.

Oats, 1,126,765,000 bushels of weight, from 35,288,000 acres; total farm value, $384,716,000, or 34.1 cents per bushel.

Tobacco, 984,349,000 pounds, from 1,233,800 acres; total farm value, $91,459,000, or 9.3 cents per pound.

Rice, 24,510,000 bushels of weight, equivalent to 5,930,000 bags of 186 pounds, from 722,800 acres; total farm value, $16,624,000, or 67.8 cents per bushel.

Flaxseed, 14,116,000 bushels in weight, from 2,916,000 acres; total farm value, $32,554,000, or $2.306 per bushel.

Barley, 162,227,000 bushels of weight, from 7,257,000 acres; total farm value, $93,785,000, or 57.8 cents per bushel.

Rye, 33,639,000 bushels in weight, from 2,025,000 acres; total farm value, $23,840,000, or 72.2 cents per bushel.

Buckwheat, 17,239,000 bushels in weight, from 826,000 acres; total farm value, $11,321,000, or 65.7 cents per bushel.

Potatoes, 338,811,000 bushels in weight, from 3,891,000 acres; total farm value, $187,985,000, or 55.5 cents per bushel.

Hay, 60,978,000 tons, from 45,691,000 acres; total farm value, $747,769,000, or $12.26 per ton.

The total value of crops above specified on Dec. 1 was $3,735,464,000 against $3,971,426,000 on Dec. 1 last year. The average of prices was about 8.5 per cent. lower on Dec. 1 this year than last year.

Foreign crop conditions, as reported to the United States Department of Agriculture, were also announced to-day. In most of the principal cereal-producing nations, agriculture during the past month has made seasonable progress, the most noteworthy exceptions being in some countries of Western and Central Europe, where the completion of Autumn seeding has been retarded and expected increases in areas sown are not likely to be realized.

In Argentina and Australia, the harvest has begun in the more northern latitudes; and indications suggest an export surplus from the two sources at least larger than that of last year.

In some parts of Europe, Winter has set in early and Autumn seedings are in all probability practically ended. Frequent torrents of rain have thus far prevented their completion in France; much land remains unsown and the area of Autumn-sown wheat is certain to be less even than that of the preceding season.

In parts of Germany, Austria-Hungary, Roumania and the Balkan States, a prolonged drouth in mid-Autumn rendered plowing difficult, in some places impossible; although belated rains ameliorated conditions, seeding is considerably retarded, and the Winter wheat acreage of Central Europe is also expected to show a diminution instead of the increase designed. For the Russian wheat area, however, an increase is claimed.

Early official estimates of the 1910 wheat crop of Europe need revision. The final official estimate of the important crop of Russia exceeds expectation, and puts the 1910 yield of the empire at 773,000,000 bushels, or only 10,000,000 bushels less than the high record output of 1909.

In view of these figures, it is obvious that the total European wheat crop almost, if not quite, equals the unprecedented abundance of the previous season.

WON'T SUBMIT TO WABASH.

New Reorganization Committee of Pittsburg Terminal Against Alliance.

The Committee of the First Mortgage Bondholders of the Wabash Pittsburg Terminal Railway Company, of which James C. Chapman is chairman, has extended the time for the deposit of bonds and Central Trust Company certificates representing them with the Columbia Trust Company to Jan. 16, 1911. The Columbia Trust Company certificates of deposit have been admitted to the Stock Exchange trading list on this condition. In giving notification of the extension yesterday the committee made this statement:

"After the lapse of upward of two years, during which time the properties of the Wabash Pittsburg Terminal Railway have been reduced to such a condition of helplessness that they have not earned their operating expenses, the committee has succeeded in procuring authority of the court for the issue of $2,000,000 of receivers' certificates for equipment to enable the company to resume business.

"The company has employed Horace G. Burt, formerly President of the Union Pacific Railway, to aid in formulating a plan of reorganization. Your committee is convinced that it is not to the interest of the bondholders to become parties to any plan which contemplates the future domination of the Wabash Railway or any alliance with that company. For that reason the committee has been unable to agree to any of the plans of reorganization that have been suggested."

BANKS PAY EXTRA DIVIDENDS.

Chase National and Liberty National Declare the Disbursements.

Extra dividend disbursements were announced yesterday by the Chase National Bank and the Liberty National Bank, two of the important institutions of the financial district. The Chase Bank, in addition to its regular quarterly dividend of 3 per cent., has declared 8 per cent. extra. Both dividends are payable Jan. 3 to stockholders of record Dec. 31.

The Liberty National Bank has declared an extra dividend of 5 per cent. in addition to the quarterly disbursement of the same amount. These dividends are also payable Jan. 3 to stockholders of record Dec. 31. Last year this bank paid 10 per cent. extra in January.

The Mutual Alliance Trust Company resumed dividends yesterday, after a suspension of the old rate of 8 per cent. in 1908. The disbursement announced yesterday is one of 1½ per cent. for the quarter. It is payable Jan. 3 to stockholders of record Dec. 31.

SUPPORT FOR CENTRAL BANK

Produce Exchange Committee Reviews Monetary Commission Report.

The Produce Exchange's special committee, appointed by the Board of Managers to study the reports of the National Monetary Commission and make suggestions, has drawn up its conclusions which were made public in pamphlet form yesterday.

The report of the committee will be made at the convention of the National Board of Trade, to be held in Washington on Jan. 17.

It emphasizes the necessity for money instead of credit paper in time of stress and lays emphasis on the failure of a rigid bank note circulation to meet emergencies. The suggestions formulated in the report are in support of the central bank idea.

Besides the Produce Exchange, about 60 other commercial Exchanges throughout the country have appointed similar committees, which will also make their reports at the National Board of Trade convention.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Fluctuations continue to be confined to narrow limits, and after a session of rather quiet trading prices reacted to levels slightly below the previous finals at the close. The easiness was in the nature of tardy response to rather bearish news factors and it was evident that the advance of Wednesday had eliminated many of the weaker shorts, thereby reducing the buying power.

Indifferent cables were received from Liverpool, and, while some interests attempted to make capital of the fact that Continental markets were higher, it was pointed out during Wednesday's session the reverse was the case, and but little attention was paid to that fact. Crop advices as a whole from abroad are favorable, with improved conditions noted in Russian and also pertaining to Australia, while complaints from Argentine are generally conspicuous by their absence. There was quite a little foreign selling reported in the Chicago market during the morning, which was taken by many as indicating the placing of hedges on Argentine purchases, but on the whole pressure was not heavy, with the dry conditions in the American winter wheat belt restricting selling. Receipts continue liberal, while shipments are smaller, which fact ought to result in an increase in the visible supply, but recently these calculations have been totally upset by the movement of wheat on lakes and other waters. The market failed to maintain the rally, however, and in the afternoon sagged, with recent buyers endeavoring to accept profits. This selling was induced by the lack of aggressiveness on the part of bulls, rather slow cash demand at the Northwest, and the five year average of 3,378,000,000 bushels. This, in other words, would mean that the shortage in the American crops this year has been made up by the larger outturn of foreign crops, which yields were equal to last year, and at that time resulted in large carryovers, notwithstanding the fact that in 1908 the world emerged from a scarcity of supplies. The Government report, issued after the close of the market, was slightly bearish, notwithstanding the assertions recently made that the official figures were liberal in the preliminary estimates. The winter wheat crop was given at 464,044,000, against a preliminary estimate of 458,294,000, and final last year of 446,366,000 bushels. Spring wheat was given at 231,399,000 bushels, against 223,475,000 bushels as a preliminary estimate, and 200,823,000 bushels last year. Export business yesterday amounted to 16,000 bushels at outports, with No. 2 red quoted at 98⅛c elevator, and 98¼c free on board, afloat, for export. No. 2 hard, $1.02½; No. 1 Northern spring, $1.08½, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.03⅝.

CORN.—The fact that farmers have shown an inclination to withdraw offerings at the recent decline induced short covering at the early part of yesterday's session, with the steadiness in wheat also a factor. Argentine promised to ship in smaller volume this week, but an offsetting factor was that an estimate in regard to their acreage for next year for that country was for an enlargement in acreage of approximately 1,900,000 acres. Offerings tended to increase, however, in the afternoon, and the early advance was almost completely lost. The Government report was slightly bearish, showing a final crop of 3,126,000,000 bushels, against the preliminary estimate of 3,121,000,000 bushels, and a final last year of 2,772,000,000 bushels. Export demand was slow, with business yesterday only amounting to 40,000 bushels. Cash No. 2 Western was nominal, and 64½c, free on board, afloat, for export.

OATS.—The market was steady during the day, with the good cash situation against bears, but in the afternoon prices eased with other markets. On the bulge the tendency is still for offerings to increase, with sentiment rather bearish. The Government report showed 1,127,000,000 bushels, against the preliminary estimate of 1,096,000,000 bushels, and a final last year of 1,007,000,000 bushels. Cash standards quoted at 38¼c, No. 2 white, 39¾c, and No. 3 white, 37½c.

PROVISIONS.—Irregularity prevailed during the session, with active covering of shorts especially in the January option resulting in a firm undertone, but later values eased, with offerings freer. Hogs were lower, with packing for the week 545,000, against 500,000 last week, and 575,000 a year ago.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Wheat—				
December	..	..	97¼	97½
May	$1.08¼	$1.02⅝	$1.02⅝	$1.02⅞
July	..	..	1.00½	1.00¾
Corn—				
December	..	..	55	..
May	..	..	56	55¾
Oats—				
December	..	..	38¼	38
January	..	..	38½	38½
May	..	..	40	40¼
July	..	..	40	40

	Close.	Wed. Close.
Lard—		
Spot	10.50@10.80	10.40
December	10.50@10.65	10.40
January	10.45@10.60	10.40
February	10.40@10.55	10.35
March	10.35@10.50	10.35
May	10.25@10.40	10.40

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Wheat—				
December ..	92¼	92⅛	92⅛	92⅜
May	96¾	96¼	96¼	96⅝
July	94	93½	93½	93⅞
Corn—				
December ..	46⅜	45⅝	46	45¾
May	48¼	47½	47⅝	47¾
July	49	48⅜	48½	48½
Oats—				
December ..	32	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝
May	34½	34⅛	34⅛	34⅜
July	34⅜	34¼	34¼	34¼
Lard—				
January	10.35	10.25	10.25	10.32½
May	10.15	9.97½	9.97½	10.10
Ribs—				
January	10.25	10.07½	10.17½	10.07½
May	9.75	9.55	9.57½	9.67½
Pork—				
January	19.40	19.05	19.20	19.17½
May	18.30	18.00	18.00	18.20

COTTONSEED OIL.

Aside from the operations of professionals and the switching of contracts there was but little of importance that transpired in yesterday's market. Prices were well maintained in sympathy with the strength of crude oil at the South, but the fact that offerings tend to increase on the bulge makes traders cautious toward following any advance. The many reports which are being received from the South relative to the small amount of ginning to be done and pointing to the probabilities of the Government estimate having been liberal, are having but little effect, although recently the South has been a buyer in small volumes. On the Curb following the close there was a slightly better demand noticeable with purchases thought to be for the account of refiners representing the undoing of hedges, while a part of the sales were said to be against crude oil, although selling by ring traders in a small way was also noticeable.

	High.	Low.	Closing— Bid.	Asked.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.10@7.15		7.10
December	7.16	7.15	7.12@7.15		7.12
January			7.15@7.17		7.17
February			7.18@7.22		7.19
March	7.25	7.25	7.25@7.26		7.25
April			7.29@7.31		7.27
May	7.34	7.33	7.32@7.34		7.32
July	7.42	7.41	7.40@7.42		7.41

COFFEE.

Coffee was easier and the close was 5 to 25 points net lower, with sales of 50,750 bags. The greatest declines were in the near position, due largely to the fact that leading roasting interests, which have been the best buyers in the near months recently, withdrew their support. The French market was also easier, and after opening at ½f to ¾f advance, declined sharply, and at the close was unchanged to ¼f net lower. Hamburg was unchanged to ½ pfennig advance. Rio was 75 reis higher, and Santos showed an advance of 50 reis. Operators predict a quiet trade until after the holidays. Spot coffee inactive, 13½c. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	..	..	10.95@11.00	11.20
January	11.12	11.00	10.99@11.00	11.15
February	..	..	11.02@11.04	11.15
March	11.10	11.02	11.03@11.04	11.16
April	11.00	10.98	10.97@10.99	11.08
May	10.95	10.92	10.90@10.92	11.00
June	..	..	10.85@10.87	10.90
July	10.79	10.75	10.75@10.76	10.83
August	..	..	10.68@10.70	10.76
September	10.68	10.63	10.63@10.64	10.70
October	10.55	10.55	10.54@10.55	10.60
November	10.50	10.50	10.50@10.51	10.60

COTTON.

The market was irregular during the day, and although the underlying buying power of the market seemed to be quite as strong and as impressive as was shown on Wednesday, it was apparent that the bulls were encountering more opposition, with offerings tending to increase on the rallies. The net changes for the day were small, but transactions in the aggregate larger than these changes would lead one to believe.

Cables from Liverpool failed to offer any initiative toward trading either way, but the advices received, however, were not regarded as particularly encouraging when trade accounts at Lancashire are taken into consideration. These reports are extremely encouraging, and it was thought that the fact that Liverpool is just about inclined to follow New York indicated a rather weak technical position there. Quite a little realizing developed at the outset, with large interest selling, among whom could be identified prominent bulls, but as spot interests were fair buyers and better support developed on the decline, an improved undertone resulted. Reports from the South are insistent to the effect that fully 95 per cent. of the crop has been already ginned, with advices from other centres even more bullish, while reports relative to the amount of business being done are also optimistic. It was said that Europe was in the market buying liberally at the high prices of the season, and although it is natural for offerings to increase at this time of the year levels are being maintained or bettered. These sort of dispatches naturally foreshadow a bullish ginning report next week, with rumors to the effect that the National Ginners' Association would show approximately only 475,000 bales ginned for the period. After advancing, however, to near the season's high record, selling again developed in liberal volume, prompted in some quarters by the fact that a bullish ginning report next week had already received wide publicity, and the effect of such a document if realized naturally would not be so great after a period of heavy buying. Outside interests also continue rather small, with the public cautious, and it is evident that the present levels of cotton, combined with the knowledge of the fact that there is a large long interest outstanding, and that trade conditions in this country are still mixed, are having a decided effect on sentiment. Southern spots were unchanged to 1-16c higher, with New York spot cotton quiet, 5c advance from the previous close. Middling upland, 15.20c.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Asked.	Prev. Close.
December	14.90	14.82	14.83@14.84		14.87
January	14.96	14.87	14.89@14.90		14.91
February	..	..	15.02@15.04		15.04
March	15.26	15.16	15.18@15.19		15.21
April	..	..	15.27@15.30		15.30
May	15.46	15.36	15.38@15.40		15.42
June	15.46	15.46	15.38@15.40		15.42
July	15.47	15.37	15.39@15.40		15.42
August	15.11	15.03	15.05@15.06		14.05
October	13.74	13.64	13.70@	..	13.71

The market closed steady at unchanged to 4 points decline.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—			
1st week Dec....	$80,296	$71,820	$8,476
July 1-Dec. 7...	1,979,789	1,725,506	254,233
ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC—			
1st week Dec....	64,785	51,629	13,156
July 1-Dec. 7...	1,223,716	1,123,501	100,215
CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC—			
1st week Dec....	170,813	168,195	2,618
July 1---Dec. 7.	4,172,329	3,852,951	319,378
DETROIT UNITED—			
1st week Dec....	157,018	143,205	13,813
Jan. 1-Dec. 7...	8,684,527	7,449,525	1,235,002
SEABOARD AIR LINE—			
1st week Dec....	469,320	450,541	18,779
July 1-Dec. 7...	8,804,057	8,211,807	592,250

ATLANTIC COAST LINE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	4,492.19	4,477.58	14.61
Freight rev....	1,798,870	1,810,767	*11,897
Passenger rev..	580,973	516,090	64,883
Oth. trans. rev.	154,504	155,899	*1,395
Non-trans rev..	22,906	21,018	1,888
Total op. rev...	2,557,254	2,503,776	53,478
Main. w. & str.	337,590	339,277	*1,687
Maint. of equip.	399,006	355,536	43,469
Traffic exp....	44,630	38,983	5,647
Transp. exp....	813,735	727,463	86,321
General exp....	65,696	60,333	5,363
Total op. exp...	1,660,709	1,521,595	139,114
Total net rev..	896,545	982,180	*85,635
Taxes	95,500	95,500	....
Oper. income...	801,045	886,680	*85,635

July 1 to Oct. 31—

Freight rev.....	6,099,620	5,826,190	273,430
Passenger rev..	2,290,756	1,932,026	358,730
Oth. trans. rev..	546,808	501,354	45,454
Non-trans. rev..	84,656	74,938	9,718
Total op. rev...	9,021,842	8,334,508	687,334
Main. w. & str..	1,324,235	1,281,672	42,562
Maint. of equip.	1,455,737	1,392,164	93,573
Traffic exp....	174,453	149,231	25,222
Transp. exp.....	3,092,917	2,688,918	403,999
General exp.....	266,181	236,127	30,054
Total op. exp...	6,343,525	5,748,114	595,411
Total net rev...	2,678,317	2,586,394	91,923
Taxes	376,500	*76,500	....
Oper. income...	2,301,817	2,209,894	91,923

*Decrease.

CHICAGO & ALTON for October—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Mileage	1,025	908	908
Gross	1,305,758	1,203,341	1,204,467
Exp. and taxes..	1,024,506	776,834	702,721
Net	281,252	526,507	501,746
Other inc., deb.	87,080	39,527	32,070
Total inc.	194,171	486,980	469,676
Gross, 10 mos.	5,252,203	4,804,670	4,583,595
Exp. and taxes..	3,792,024	2,891,408	2,547,679
Net, 4 mos.....	1,460,188	2,003,262	2,036,286
Other inc., deb..	295,302	157,898	184,189
Total inc.	1,164,887	1,845,364	1,852,091

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	1,490.22	1,510.53	*21.31
Freight rev....	893,468	810,129	83,339
Passenger rev....	257,403	235,173	22,229
Other trans. rev.	74,285	64,931	9,354
Non-trans. rev..	7,435	5,820	1,614
Total op. rev...	1,232,593	1,116,054	116,538
Mt. way and str.	146,261	120,656	25,605
Mt. equipment..	117,853	114,871	62,981
Traffic exp.	43,382	39,799	3,582
Trans. exp.	460,908	405,271	55,727
General exp. ...	37,890	33,731	4,158
Total op. exp...	806,386	714,330	152,056
Net. op. rev....	366,207	401,724	*35,517
Outside op., deb.	1,709	985	1,709
Total net rev...	365,423	402,709	*37,285
Taxes	32,822	27,318	5,503
Operating inc...	332,601	375,390	*42,789

The earnings from July 1 to Oct. 31, 1910, follow: Total operating revenues, $4,430,980; total operating expenses, $3,147,790; net operating revenues, $1,283,180; outside operations, net, $1,501; total net revenue, $1,284,757; taxes, $131,290; operating income, $1,153,466.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1910.	1909.	Inc.
Mileage	7,895.71	7,393.16	2.55
Freight rev.....	4,212,533	4,015,316	198,217
Passenger rev..	1,746,156	1,709,180	36,975
Other tran. rev.	298,049	287,847	10,201
Non-tran. rev...	36,754	38,013	*1,258
Total oper. rev.	6,293,493	6,049,357	244,135
Maint. of way and structures	960,196	930,286	29,950
Maint. of equip.	856,828	656,126	200,701
Traffic exp.....	161,951	129,991	31,959
Transp. exp....	2,203,540	1,963,579	239,960
General exp....	129,057	134,168	*5,111
Total oper. exp.	4,311,572	3,814,103	497,469
Net oper. rev...	1,981,920	2,235,254	*253,333
Out. oper., deb..	10,164	19,547	9,382
Total net rev...	1,971,756	2,215,707	*243,950
Taxes	228,270	194,201	34,069
Oper. income...	1,743,486	2,021,506	*278,020

July 1 to Oct. 31—

Freight rev....	14,416,150	13,969,648	446,501
Passenger rev..	7,339,804	7,225,190	114,613
Other tran. rev.	1,172,996	1,114,799	58,197
Non-tran. rev...	147,225	145,059	2,165
Total oper. rev.	23,076,176	22,434,698	621,478
Maint. of way and structures	3,883,354	3,626,828	206,526
Maint. of equip.	3,150,101	2,600,411	549,690
Traffic exp.....	630,778	485,002	145,776
Transp. exp....	8,175,242	7,384,068	791,173
General exp....	565,278	538,720	26,558
Total oper. exp.	16,354,755	14,635,081	1,719,724
Net oper. rev...	6,721,420	7,819,667	*1,098,246
Out oper., deb..	36,756	55,290	18,533
Total net rev...	6,684,663	7,764,376	*1,079,713
Taxes	942,193	779,028	163,164
Oper. income...	5,742,470	6,985,348	*1,242,877

*Decrease.

COPPER RANGE for September—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	60,179	69,518	74,709
Net	23,079	55,198	22,497
Surplus	7,367	43,256	10,560
3 mos. gross....	197,687	209,997	221,729
Net	76,219	116,421	56,208
3 mos. surplus..	29,081	80,609	20,396

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN for October—

Mileage	450	450	450
Gross	341,283	340,721	305,578
Exp. and tax...	233,646	221,029	211,664
Net	107,636	119,691	93,709
Other inc. (debit)	7,837	9,929	*13,007
Total inc.....	99,796	109,762	106,716
4 mos. gross....	1,320,377	1,305,078	1,212,908
Exp. and tax...	906,262	849,007	816,930
4 mos. net	414,115	455,171	395,978
Other inc. (debit)	27,802	38,610	31,831
Total inc.....	386,513	416,561	364,147

*Credit.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 15.—Following were the transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10..	Crucible Steel	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞
10..	Crucible Steel pf.....	75¾	75¾	75¾
1,295..	Mfrs. L. & H.....	20¼	19¾	20
60..	Ohio Fuel	43¾	43	43¼
10..	People's Pipe	30	30	30
20..	Pitts. Plate Glass...	102¼	102¼	102¼
100..	River Coal	8½	8½	8½
55..	River Coal pf.....	21¾	21¾	21¾
200..	Shoshone	8c.	8c.	8c.
550..	Tonopah Extension..	$1.02	$1.00	$1.00
95..	Union Switch	127	127	127
25..	United States Glass..	40	40	40
60..	U. S. Steel	73¾	73¾	73⅞
60..	Westinghouse A. B...	140	140	140

BONDS.

$4,000..	Independent Brew. 6s.	80¼	80	80¼

UNLISTED.

80..	Kansas Gas	27	27	27
3,000..	Mount Elliott	3c.	3c.	3c.
1,000..	San Toy	26c.	25c.	25c.
1,000..	Silver Peak	60c.	60c.	60c.
10..	Union Gas	132	132	132

BOND.

$2,554..	Ohio Fuel Sup. 6s..	96	95¾	96

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 15.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alpha Con.....	.02	Hale & Norcross..	.22
Andes	.03	Julia	.03
Belcher	.42	Mexican	.70
Best & Belcher ..	.13	Occidental Con....	.41
Bullion	.08	Ophir	1.12½
Caledonia	.37	Overman	.32
Challenge Con.....	.12	Savage	.09
Chollar	.13	Sag Belcher	.10
Confidence	.46	Sierra Nevada	.13
Con. Cal. & Va....	.82	Union Con	.18
Con. Imperial	.02	Utah Con.	.02
Crown Point	.34	Yellow Jacket	.24
Gould & Curry....	.12		

Silver bars, 54¾; Mexican dollars, 48@50; drafts, sight, 26@26½; cheques on bankers, 26½; telegraph, 26⅝ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Combination Fract.	.19
Belmont	4.50	Jackrabbit	.01
Jim Butler	.23	Goldfield Con. M..	8.30
McNamara	.18	Great Bend	.01
Midway	.16	Jumbo Extension ..	.26
Montana	.80	Lone Star	.02
North Star	.04	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Extension.	.99	Silver Pick	.06
West End	.02	BULLFROG.	
GOLDFIELD.		Bullfrog, N. B....	.01
Atlanta	.12	Tramps Cons.	.02
Blue Bell	.02		

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Following were the Supreme Court of the United States proceedings to-day:

78—The Government of His Majesty the King of Italy, through A. Rayboudi Massiglia, its Consul General at New York, appellant, vs. Girolamo Asaro, alias Vincenzo Fuliera.—Passed per stipulation of counsel.

614—The Sac and Fox Indians of the Mississippi in Iowa, appellants, vs. the Sac and Fox Indians of the Mississippi in Oklahoma and the United States.—Argument concluded for the appellants and continued for the appellee Indians and for the United States.

703—Morris Engel, appellant, vs. Edward R. O'Malley et al.—Argument commenced for the appellant and continued for the appellees.

Day call for Dec. 16: Nos. 703, 290, 72, 74, 75, 76, 77, 79, (and 80,) 81, (and 87,) and 83.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—115—Foster Hose Supporter Co v. Taylor. 100—Berwind-White Coal Co v. Cunard S S Co. 101—Coxe Bros v. same. 102—Smith & Sons Co v. same. 125—In re Brown. 117—Central Vermont Ry Co v. Robbins. 119—Underwood Typewriter Co v. Typewriter Insp Co. 120—Car Trust Inv Co v. Met Trust Co. 122—In re Donnelly. 124—Povensledt v. Ins Co of N A. 126—Dunn v. Cavanaugh.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Platt, J.—Jury calendar. Case on. 17—Allport v. Collier's.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Ward, J.—Motion calendar. 1—Patterson v. Patterson. 2—Robinson v. Mutual Reserve. 3—Polmenberg v. Frankel. 4—Rogers v. White. 5—Hitchings v. Cobolt. 6—Huston v. Shepard. 7—Kinsman B S Co v. Penn T & T Co. 8—A Stern Co v. Scheftel. 9—Victor T M Co v. Mandel. 10—Motion Picture P Co v. Powers. 11—Scott v. Washington L I Co. 12—Irvine v. Delaney. 13—Columbia v. Sauren. 14—Metzger v. Goodman. 15—Irvine v. Putnam. 16—D & W Fuse Co v. Trumbull. 17—Winston v. Croton Falls Const Co. 18—Kmetz v. N Y, N H & H R R. 19—U S v. Cologera. 20—Hillard v. Fisher. 21—Waterproofing Co v. Farnham. 22—N Y Bank-note Co v. Thomas. 23—Gen Elec Co v. Lincoln Elec Co. 24—Westinghouse v. same. 25—Owsley v. Yerkes. 26—McKinnon v. Morse.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J.—Equity calendar. 8—U S v. Luria. 22—Same v. Streeter.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; Clarke, Scott, Miller, and Dowling, JJ. Court opens to-day at 10 A. M. Motions. Non-enumerated motions. 13—Herbert v. Hanley. 16, 17—Technical Press v. Silverman. 28—Kates v. Bok. 30—Matter of Cummings. 31—Matter of Mateau Sales Co. 33—Wheeler v. Wheeler. 34—Bracher v. Lozier Motor Co. 35—Carolan v. O'Donnell. 36—Man R'y v. Woodbury. 37—Hird v. Dittman. 39—Hauser v. Herzog. 40—Wallace v. Bouvier. 42—Davenport v. Davenport. 43—Berardini v. Berardini. 44—Matter of Hines. 45—Schnell v. Schnell. 46—People, &c, v. Herbert. 47—Horn v. Horn. 48—Barnet v. Fosdick. 50—Goldezier v. Foerst. 51—Korn v. Lipman. 52—Matter of Miller. 53—Glinzburg v. Joseph. 54—Apollo Woolen Mills v. Stearns. 55—Doebler v. Doebler. 56—Kingsburg v. Jackson Bros Realty Co. 58—Hilz v. Baker, Smith & Co. 59—Cosby v. Robinson. 60—Hans Mahler Co v. Mahler. 61—Sheridan v. Dockendorff. 62—Crowley v. Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Co. 63—Nickel v. Ayer. 64—Latham v. Latham. 65—Lawrence v. Lawrence.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Amend, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Zuckerman v. Mutual Coal Co. 2—Krim v. Korman. 3—Seinfeld v. City of N Y. 4—Blumenthal v. same. 5—Casey v. same. 6—Shapiro v. Requa. 7—Nat Cloak & Suit Co v. Gelbsmith. 8—Cohnfeld v. Blumenthal. 9—Drummond v. Dick. 10—In re Beakes Dairy Co. 11—Montross v. Montross. 12—Smith v. Smith. 13—In re Plant. 14—Shrady v. Appley. 15—Wright Co v. Aero Corp. 16—Morgan v. Smith. 17—King v. Miller. 18—Hawley v. same. 19—Curtin v. Thompson. 20—Michael v. Maxwell. 21—O'Keefe v. same. 22—Gluck v. same. 23—Renault Freres Selling Branch v. Sewall. 24—Zuckerman v. Mutual Coal Co. 25—Penfield v. Penfield. 26—Barry v. Woolverton. 27—Sabella v. Miner. 28—Kiss v. Johnson. 29—Zidko v. Gillespie Co. 30—Mullen v. Holbrook. 31—Th

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Big Trade in Midtown Loft Zone—W. F. Havemeyer Residence Sold—Masonic Temple Soon to Go—Hebrew Infant Asylum Sells Its Old Home.

Herbert A. Sherman has sold for William F. Havemeyer 19 East Sixty-fourth Street, a four-story high-stoop house, on plot 22 by 100, with a dining-room and butler's pantry extension, to Howard Taylor for occupancy. This is the fourth time the house has been sold within a year. The north side of that block is now controlled by only five owners. Orme Wilson's sixty-five-foot house adjoins the corner of Fifth Avenue; the old Duncan house and vacant lot, in all 70 feet, were sold about a year ago by Mr. Sherman to James J. Hill; 11, 13, and 15 East Sixty-fourth Street are owned by Charles Steele of J. P. Morgan & Co., and all are rented; 17 East Sixty-fourth Street belongs to Miss Meyer, and 19 has just been purchased by Mr. Taylor.

Masonic Temple Soon to Go.

It was learned yesterday that bids will be opened to-day by the Trustees of the Masonic Temple for the erection on that site of the long-contemplated commercial building, on the northeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street. The old Masonic Temple has been vacant, with the exception of a bank on the Sixth Avenue side, for several months. It adjoins the new Masonic headquarters, on Twenty-fourth Street, an eighteen-story structure, recently completed, and the intention is to make the new building on the site of the old Temple similar in size and architectural features. The old Masonic Temple was completed in 1875, and has long been an interesting landmark in the locality. The new building will cost somewhat over $1,000,000.

Big Trade in Midtown Loft Zone.

An important deal in the midtown loft section was announced yesterday by the Fabian Construction Company, which purchased from L. and A. Pincus and Henry Harburger, 151 to 159 West Twenty-sixth Street, 4 and 5-story tenements, on plot 106.1 by 98.9, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues. From the Criterion Construction Company, the Fabian Company also purchased the adjoining property, 161 and 163 West Twenty-sixth Street, 3-story front and rear tenements, on plot 44 by 107.6. H. D. Baker negotiated the deal, Messrs. Pincus and Harburger being represented by the Henry M. Weil Company.

In exchange for 151-159 West Twenty-sixth Street the Fabian Company gives to Messrs. Pincus and Harburger the new 6-story elevator apartment house at the southeast corner of Broadway and 161st Street, on plot 100 by 100.

The Fabian Company gave in exchange for 161-163 West Twenty-sixth Street to the Criterion Construction Company the lot 25 by 92 at 21 West Nineteenth Street.

Moses Crystal, President of the Fabian Company, stated yesterday that it was the intention of his company to erect a 12-story loft on the combined plot which measures 150.1 by 107.5 by irregular.

Deal in the "Penn" Loft Zone.

The 3 and 4-story buildings, 230 and 232 West Thirty-eighth Street, which for several years past have been used as a clinic by the Manhattan Ear and Eye Hospital, has been sold by the directors of the institution.

The property was sold at $75,000. A well-known realty company, interested in the loft section, is said to be the buyer and it is probable that a loft will be erected on the site.

Investors Buying Apartments.

Apartment house property continues in demand, three parcels being sold to investors yesterday. The 5-story apartment, 109 East Fifty-sixth Street, on a lot 20 by 100.5 was purchased by Ennis & Sinnot from Anna McGovern. It adjoins the corner of Park Avenue. In West Harlem, the 5-story flat, 58 West 129th Street, on a lot 25.1 by 99.11, was sold by Joseph P. Day. On the east side, Jennie Stern sold to M. Lewin the 6-story flat with stores 886 and 888 East 119th Street, on a plot 55 by 100.11.

Buys on Cathedral Parkway.

The two 6-story apartment houses at 229 to 237 Cathedral Parkway, about seventy-five feet from the northeast corner of Eighth Avenue, have been purchased by Eberhard Faber, from Weil & Mayer. Each building is on a plot 62.6 by 70 feet. In part payment Mr. Faber gives Staten Island property.

West 75th Street Dwelling Sold.

The 3-story and basement dwelling, 234 West Seventy-fifth Street, has been sold by Emily Ferguson to a client of Slawson & Hobbs. The dwelling, which will be occupied by the buyer, stands on a lot 19.6 by 55 by 102.2.

Uptown Tenements in Demand.

Duff & Brown Company have sold for the Hooper estate to an investor 1,722 and 1,724 Amsterdam Avenue, two five-story tenements and stores, on plot 50 by 100. The property was held at $110,000. The houses are twenty-five feet north of the corner of 145th Street, at the very centre of the Washington Heights busiest section.

Robert Levers, in conjunction with Rothwell & Co., has sold for Sadie H. Jacobs, to an investor, 8 East 133d Street, a four-story tenement on lot 25 by 100 feet.

Hebrew Infant Asylum Sells Old Home.

The old stone mansion on Eagle Avenue just north of 161st Street, which for years has been occupied by the Hebrew Infant Asylum, has been sold to a builder for improvement. The property has a frontage of 175 feet on Eagle Avenue and has been reported sold several times. The asylum has purchased a new site.

Bronx Sales.

The Scribner mansion on Throggs Neck has been sold by Agnes M. Scoville to the Brown Realty Company. The old building occupies a plot 200 by 100 feet at the corner of Barclay and Clarence Avenues.

Ernst Keller has sold through Lauter and Blackner and Bauer & Co. the plot 100 by 100 feet at the northeast corner of Katonah Avenue and 241st Street; also the plot, 100 by 100 feet, at the northwest corner of Martha Avenue and 241st Street, and the plot, 100 by 145 feet, on the west side of Fulton Avenue, extending through to Crotona Place, 86 feet north of St. Paul's Place. The buyer of the Fulton Avenue parcel is said to be a well-known Bronx builder, who will erect apartment houses.

Marshall P. Wilder has sold to A. L. Lowenstein the northwest corner of Webster Avenue and 174th Street, a plot 99 by 40.

Walski & Greene have sold 728 Tinton Avenue, Bronx, a two-family frame, with stores, for Jacob Bashein.

Brooklyn Sales.

The three-story brick building, with stores, at 700 Washington Avenue, near Washington Place, has been sold by I. & S. Gobus, through Henry Pierson & Co. The same firm has also sold 699 President near Sixth Avenue, a two-story-and-basement brownstone private dwelling, for the John Robertson estate to a client for occupancy.

Robert Levers has sold the two-story building at 435 Baltic Street, on plot 25 by 100 feet, for Harry Harris.

Staten Island.

Gustaf Johanson has purchased six acres near Bradley Avenue from the South New York Investors. The buyer will develop the property.

735 Lots Sold at Passaic.

Rowland, Shafto & Johnson, Inc., of Passaic, N. J., have sold 735 lots to I. Friedus for John T. Fenlon. The property lies just west of the city line of Passaic, and adjoins the 400 lots purchased about three years ago by the Passaic Realty Construction Company, of which I. Friedus is President, and also adjoins 65 acres taken by Mr. Friedus last week. It is close to the property which the same brokers recently sold for a high-class residence park called Rosemawr and which is now in course of development. The lots just purchased will be developed for the market in the Spring. Mr. Friedus's recent purchases also adjoin the property purchased by the Passaic Ridge Development Company, through the same brokers, and which will be developed in conjunction with the others.

Buys Tract in Kearny, N. J.

John J. Jones of Brooklyn has purchased from Samuel M. Basten of Newark a tract of eight acres in the town of Kearny. The property is located on the easterly side of Frank Creek at the north line of the Erie Railroad and has a frontage of 875 feet on the creek and a depth of 660 feet.

Suburban Sales.

The Godfrey Land and Building Company has sold at Oakcroft, Upper Montclair, a house on plot, 100 by 125, on Edgemont Road to Dr. E. W. Tate of East Orange; also a plot on south side of Godfrey Road, with a frontage of 175 feet, to A. P. Clark of Montclair.

Old Mission to be Amusement House.

The old Jerry McAuley Cremorne Mission house at 104 West Thirty-second Street is to be converted into an amusement house. The mission recently moved to its new building at 108 West Thirty-first Street, and the old site has been rented by Ames & Co., together with 528 Sixth Avenue, to the Specialty Amusement Company.

Agents for Wronkow Estate.

Pease & Elliman have been appointed agents for the various city properties owned by the estate of Herman Wronkow. Among the properties are the Ardsley Hall apartment house on Central Park West, the Hotel Schuyler in West Forty-fifth Street, the Sorrento apartment at Madison Avenue and Thirty-first Street, 5 State Street, 18 and 20 Pearl Street, 1,045 and 1,047 Madison Avenue, 203 and 205 Wooster Street, and the Hotel Normandie on Broadway and Thirty-eighth Street. Mr. Wronkow leased the Normandie in June, 1908, for a period of twenty-one years and contemplated turning it into an office building.

Upper Broadway Apartment.

Plans have been filed by Paterno Brothers with Building Supt. Miller for a twelve-story fireproof elevator apartment house, to be erected on the southwest corner of Broadway and 115th Street. The building will have a façade of brick with terra cotta and limestone trimmings, with a frontage of 75 feet on the street by 90.11 feet on the avenue. The avenue side of the building will have stores on the ground floor. There will be accommodation for forty-two families. Gaetan Ajello, the architect, estimates the cost at $375,000.

70th Street Private Dwelling.

Plans have been filed for a six-story residence for L. M. Starr on the south side of Seventieth Street, 225 feet east of Madison Avenue, at a cost of $50,000. It will have a frontage of 25 feet and a depth of 68.11 feet with a façade of granite and limestone in the old Colonial style of architecture. E. Swartwout is the architect. The building will occupy a portion of the old Union Theological Seminary grounds.

$150,000 Plan for Kearny.

Mendel Samuels & Co. of Newark are having plans prepared for the erection of a $150,000 factory building on Harrison Avenue, Kearny, N. J.

Rockaway Will Secede.

The Taxpayers' Association of Rockaway Beach have voted in favor of seceding from Greater New York and the Arverne Association will meet next Sunday afternoon, when similar resolutions will be adopted by that body. It is claimed by property owners in general that the Rockaways have suffered generally through the neglect of the city and borough officials and they have banded together and will ask to be severed from Greater New York, and a special meeting of the Allied Civic Associations will be held in the Masonic Temple at Far Rockaway next Tuesday evening, when the proposition will be finally discussed and plans made for the bringing about of the separation.

Property owners point to their streets, sewers and other things they enjoyed prior to consolidation and which are now going to ruin simply because the borough and city officials will do nothing to preserve them.

Receiver of Rents.

Henry M. Stevenson has been appointed receiver of the rents of the seven-story apartment house on the south side of 138th Street, 300 feet east of Willis Avenue, on plot 150 by 200, to the north side of 137th Street, pending a suit brought by the Knickerbocker Trust Company to foreclose a mortgage of $240,000 made by the Llewellyn Realty Company on April 30, 1909.

Albert P. Massey has been appointed receiver of the rents of 312 and 314 East Ninety-sixth Street, pending a suit brought by Annie Oppenheimer to foreclose a mortgage of $15,000.

Notes.

Hector M. Hitchings took title yesterday to the Rockfall apartment house on the northeast corner of 111th Street and Broadway, a ten-story building, fronting 75 feet on Broadway and 225 feet on 111th Street. The Rockfall Realty Company, Aleck Kahn, President, took in part payment 161 lots on Kings Highway and adjoining avenues in the Flatbush section of Brooklyn. The total amount involved was $1,500,000. John H. Berry was the broker who negotiated the deal.

Frederick W. Janssen was the broker in the recent sale of the late Col. Robert C. Clowry's residence on the northwest corner of West End Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street to Eberhard Fobt, who will occupy the dwelling.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

96th St, s s, 102.2 ft e of 5th Av, 100x100.8, vacant; voluntary sale, withdrawn.

112th St, 241, n s, 159 ft w of 2d Av, 17.6x100.11; four-story flat; voluntary sale, to T. B. Furey, $8,000.

129th St, 53, s s, 199.10 ft e of Lenox Av, 25.1x99.11, five-story flat; voluntary sale, withdrawn; sold at private sale.

Front St, 189, n e corner of De Peyster St, 17.10x68.4, five-story store and loft building; also 27 and 29 De Peyster St, adjoining, 50.8x50.6x irregular, two three-story buildings; voluntary sale, to Nathan Horwitz, $44,750.

Lafayette St, 316, w s, 58.7 ft n of Houston St, 24.11x78.9 to 151 Crosby St, x25x78.5, five-story loft building; voluntary sale, bid in at $50,000.

Bowery, 207, e s, 45.11 ft s of Rivington St, 27.10x100, four-story building; voluntary sale, bid in at $42,450.

178th St, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av 50x90x irregular, vacant; voluntary sale, bid in at $16,000.

143d St, 306, s s, 100 ft w of 8th Av, 25x99.11, five-story flat; voluntary sale, adjourned to Jan. 24.

61st St, 308, n s, 75 ft e of 2d Av, 25x75, five-story flat, voluntary sale, knocked down to J. Golden for $16,250.

Wooster St, 40, e s, 100 ft n of Grand St, 20x100, six-story loft building; voluntary sale, knocked down to H. B. Henze, $37,500.

1624 St, 523, n s, 458 ft e of Broadway, 18x99.11, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale, to H. A. Knox, $13,175.

181st St, 554 to 558, s s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av, 125x119.6, three five-story flats and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Atlantic Realty Co., $224,000.

Pleasant Av, 337, s w corner of 118th St, 20x75, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to Louis Capobianco, $10,350.

8th Av, 2,547, w s, 50 ft n of 196th St, 25x85, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, H. S. Ogden, $25,000.

8th Av, 2,553, w s, 50 ft s of 197th St, 25x85, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, H. S. Ogden, $25,000.

8th Av, 2,555, w s, 25 ft e of 197th St, 25x85, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, H. S. Ogden, $25,000.

Washington Av, s e corner of 164th St, 100x180, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, L. S. Davis, $36,000.

By A. H. Muller & Son.

Vyse Av, 1,121, s e corner of 94th St, 22x76, five-story dwelling; executor's sale, estate of John Weber, deceased; bid in at $54,500. By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Rosedale Av, w s, 467 ft e of West Farms Road, 50x68x50.3x72.2; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, E. F. Rontey, $2,500.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Broadway, s w corner of 115th St, for a twelve-story brick apartment, 75x90.11; Paterno Bros., 445 Riverside Drive, owners; G. Ajello, architect; cost $375,000

70th St, s s, 125 ft e of Madison Av, for a six-story brick dwelling, 25x68.11; L. M. Starr, Madison Square and 25th St, owner; E. Swartwout, architect; cost $50,000

89th St, n s, 150 ft w of Broadway, for an eight-story brick tenement, 74.11x84.8; North Holding Co., 103 Park Av, owner; Mulliken & Moeller, architects; cost $250,000

Parker Av, s e corner of Lyon Av, for a one-story frame garage, 10x12; Dr. A. C. Palmateer, 1,237 St. Lawrence Av, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, architect; cost $250

Crotona Av, s e corner of 183d St, for a three-story brick hotel, 35x45; Charles Lambach, 2,200 Crotona Av, owner; Robert E. La Velle, architect; cost $20,000

Alterations.

Items involving lass than $5,000 omitted.

Hudson St, n w corner of Horatio St, to a four-story brick tenement and store; J. Everard, 12 East 133d St, owner; Temple & Wein, architects; cost $12,500

113th St, 6 and 8 West, to a three-story and basement dwelling; S. Williams, 71 West 113th St, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, architects; cost $7,000

10th Av, w s, 58th to 59th St, to a five-story public school; City of New York, owner; C. B. J. Snyder, architect; cost $18,000

2d St, 107, e to a five-story brick tenement and store; Mrs. I. Metzger, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, architects; cost $5,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, DEC. 15.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney.

125TH ST, s s, 472.6 ft w of 5th Av, 15.1x100.11; Charles Repetti to Louise M. Repetti, his wife, 58 West 124th St., (mtg $27,000.) Dec. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

86TH ST, 230 to 234 East, s s, 80x102.2; Ida K. Levy to William Jasie, 854 Kelly St, quitclaim, Dec. 14; address, party of second part $1

86TH ST, s s, 120 ft w of 8th Av, 55x98.9; Atlantic Realty Co. to Manhattan Island Equities Co., 29 West 34th St, (mtg $46,000,) Dec. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

BROADWAY, w s, 690.10 ft n of 187th St, 37.1x100.3; Bennett Av, e s, 654.8 ft n of 187th St, 37.3x100.3; Ensign Realty Co. to William C. Olds, 230 West 108th St, Dec. 12, (mtg $4,400;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

BROADWAY, West 253d St, Riverside Av, and Spuyten Duyvil Parkway; John Fenwick and others to Parkway Heights Co., 25 Broad St, (mtgs $120,000.) Dec. 7; attorneys, Iselin & Delafield, 25 Broad St $100

MADISON AV, 1,780, w s, 25x90; Eva Davis to Benjamin H. Davis, 551 West 157th St, ½ part, (mtg $25,500, Dec. 12; attorneys, Goldfogle, C. & L., 271 Broadway $100

182D ST, 7 East, s s, 25x99.11; William J. Gregor and others to Pauline Goodhart, 1,335 53d St, Brooklyn, (mtg $12,000,) Dec. 10; attorney, W. J. Goodhart, 99 Nassau St..$100

2D ST, 116 East, n s, 24.8x121.11; Anna C. Storner to John H. Miller, 116 2d St, (mtg $46,250.) Dec. 15; address, party of second part $1

Grand St, s e corner of 183d St, for a three-story brick hotel, 35x45; Charles Lambach, 2,200 Crotona Av, owner; Robert E. La Velle, architect; cost $20,000

Alterations.

Items involving lass than $5,000 omitted.

Hudson St, n w corner of Horatio St, to a four-story brick tenement and store; J. Everard, 12 East 133d St, owner; Temple & Wein, architects; cost $12,500

113th St, 6 and 8 West, to a three-story and basement dwelling; S. Williams, 71 West 113th St, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, architects; cost $7,000

10th Av, w s, 58th to 59th St, to a five-story public school; City of New York, owner; C. B. J. Snyder, architect; cost $18,000

2d St, 107, to a five-story brick tenement and store; Mrs. I. Metzger, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, architects; cost $5,000

15; attorneys, Atterbourg, S. & H., 487 Broadway $100

106TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of Columbus Av, 75x100.11; the Crest Realty Co. to Seymour Realty Co., 25 Broad St, B. & S., all liens, Dec. 15; attorneys, Kurzman & Frankenhelmer, 25 Broad St $100

86TH ST, 74 West, s s, 25x100.5; William Z. Larned to Margaret B. Newington, 323 West 106th St, all liens, Dec. 13; attorneys, Harris, C. G. & Meyers, 140 Nassau St $1

BROADWAY, n e corner of 111th St, 75.8x225x irregular; Rockfall Realty Co. to Rockfall Apartments, a corporation, 545 West 111th St, (mtgs $700,000,) and all liens, Dec. 15; attorney, William Cohen, 40 Wall St..$100

LENOX AV, w s, 39.11 ft s of 142d St, 120x100; Joseph Goldin Realty Co. to Jacob Stiegelfest, 188 West 128th St, (mtgs $165,000,) all liens, Dec. 15; attorney, William Cohen, 40 Wall St $100

184TH ST, s e s, 6.7 ft s w of Fordham Road, 6x46; Central Holding Co. to Francis E. McKiernan, 325 East 69th St, (mtg $24,000,) Dec. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

FULTON AV, w s, 175 ft s of 171st St, 100x146.9 to e s of Crotona Place x100.1x141.11, Lillian G. Sullivan to John C. Glese, 75 Neptune Av, New Rochelle, N. Y., (mtgs $16,500,) Dec. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

SOUTH ST, 226, n s, 20x80, foreclosure, Nov. 17, 1910; Raymond V. Ingersoll, referee, to Emma L. Neppert, 572 West 173d St, (mtg $10,000 on this and 227 South St,) Dec. 15; attorney, Paul Hellinger, 320 Broadway..$6,500

SOUTH ST, 227, n s, 20x80, foreclosure, Nov. 17, 1910; same to same, (mtg $10,000 on this and 226 South St,) Dec. 15; attorney same $8,150

LOTS 1 and 14, map 1,237 of 26 lots, property of David B. Cocks at Fordham; Sarah Langan to Francis E McKiernan, 325 East 69th St, all liens, Dec. 10; attorney, William G. Mulligan, 151 Tremont Av $1

LOTS 1, 4, 16 to 22, and 24 to 26, same map; Francis E. McKiernan to Central Holding Co., 2 Rector St, (mtg $32,010,) Dec. 15; attorney same $1

LOT 151, map 29 of Unionport, except part for Tremont Av; Alice Duff to Lillian E. Kern, 1,922 ft e of 177th St, (mtg $3,000,) Dec. 13; attorney, George Costar, Tremont Av, near Westchester Av $100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,326, e s, 33.4x100; Southern Boulevard, 1,322, e s, 33.4x100; Wahlig & Sonsin Co. to Helen McCartney, 41 West 84th St, (mtgs $60,000,) Dec. 1; attorneys, Corbin & O'Ryan, 220 Broadway $60,000

WAVERLEY PLACE, e s, 70 ft n of Christopher St, strip 1.2x60; Charles Seidel to Margaret and Sarah Switzer Institute and Home at n e corner of Christopher St and Waverley Place, quitclaim, Dec. 10; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway...$1

144TH ST, s s, 75 ft w of Leggett Av, 125x100; Francis J. Kearney to Bridget, his wife, Barry St, near Spofford Av, (mtg $2,000,) Dec. 13; attorney, George Price, 138th St and 3d Av .....Gift and $2,000

90TH ST, 309 West, n s, 19.11x100.8; Frances L. Button to Charles Gulden, 818 West 102d St, (mtgs $20,000,) Dec. 15; attorneys, Butts & Vining, 57 Chambers St $100

57TH ST, 12 West, s s, 25x100.5; Frank W. Savin to Sydney Lewinson, 577 West 144th St, (mtg $140,000 and all liens,) Dec. 15; attorney, Benjamin F. Felner, 35 Nassau St $100

FULTON AV, w s, 133 ft s of 168th St, 200x100x irregular; Helen McCartney, individually and as executrix of James McCartney, to Wahlig & Sonsin Co., 1,322 Southern Boulevard, (mtg $6,000,) Nov. 30; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,000

WESTCHESTER AV, n s, 272.6 ft e of Tinton Av, 33.9x111x25x88.3; Rose Dentz to William Oppenheim, 1,018 East 163d St, all liens, Dec. 14; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St $1

NEREID AV, s w corner of Matilda St or Av, 50x100; Augusta M. de Peyster and others to Harry McGlade, 450 East 144th St, Dec. 13; attorney, Francis J. Kelly, 590 Willis Av...$1

PERRY ST, 37, (35,) n s, 17x74; Charles Gronich to Leon Ottinger, 175 West 72d St, (mtg $8,500,) Dec. 13; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

COLUMBUS AV, 971, e s, 25x100; Ada M. Ramos and others to Flow Realty Co., 1,336 3d Av, (mtg $25,000,) Dec. 12; attorneys, Merrill & Rogers, 128 Broadway $100

ANTHONY AV, w s, 178.10 ft s of 173d St, 98.11x90x104.5x101.6; Anthony Avenue Construction Co. to the Associate Contractors and Builders, Inc., 87 Nassau St, (mtg $65,000,) Dec. 9; address, party of the second part $1

WATER ST, 445, s s, 20x80, (foreclosure Nov. 17, 1910;) Raymond V. Ingersoll, referee, to Francis Hendricks and Harmon W. Hendricks, executors, 10 East 44th St, (mtg $12,000,) Dec. 15; attorney, Samuel Rikes, Jr., 46 Cedar St $4,000

2D AV, w s, 79.11 ft n of 34th St, 19.8x76; Henrietta Gossett to Joseph Gossett, 857 Fox St, all liens, Dec. 6; address, M. E. Gossett, 820 Broadway $1,000

83D ST, 606, 128 ft e of East End Av, 25x80.8x25.8x76.10; Ninety-first Street Realty Co. to Fritz Monatsberger, 828 East 92d St, (mtg $14,500,) Dec. 15; attorneys, Philips, H. & W., 51 Chambers St $16,928

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified:

TERRY, Charles A., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 105th St, 310 West, s s, 19x100.11, Dec. 13, due as per bond. $22,500

REPETTI, Louise M., to Union Trust Co., 80 Broadway; 125th St, s s, 472.6 w of 5th Av, 15.7x100.11, Dec. 14, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $38,000

OLDS, William C., to Theodore E. Tomlinson, Ansonia Hotel, 73d St and Broadway; Bennett Av, e s, 654.8 ft n of 187th St, 37.3x100.3, Dec. 12, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $30,000

LEVETT, Alexander, to New York County National Bank, 79 8th Av; Grand St, 10 to 14, n s, 66x83, (prior mtg $65,000,) Dec. 14, due as per notes; attorney, F. B. Colton, 52 Wall St $37,000

O'DONNELL RESTAURANT CO. to George Ehret, 167 Park Av; Broadway, 1,545 and 1,547, leasehold, (prior mtg $55,000,) demand; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 120 Broadway. $6,000

WESTRUP, William H., to Margaretha Werner, 436 East 6th St; 236th St, s s, 72.8 ft e of Verio Av, 20x100, (prior mtg $3,500,) Dec. 14, due Jan. 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Hermann, 391 East 149th St $1,700

SAVOY IMPROVEMENT CO. to Savoy Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway; Paulding Av, e s, 95 ft n of 217th St, 19.4x100; Paulding Av, n e corner of 217th St, 95x20; 217th St, n s, 40 ft e of Paulding Av, 40x95, Dec. 14, due Jan. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; address party of the second part $6,500

PASSARELLI, Alfonso, to Guiseppe D'Alessio, 2,030 1st Av; 2d Av, n e corner of 115th St, 20.10x80, (prior mtg $15,000,) Dec. 15, due as per bond; attorney, M. Elsner, 258 Broadway $2,000

PAPE, John P., to Herman Hohns, 444 West 162d St; Katonah Av, n w corner of 238th St, 25x60, Dec. 15, 5 years, 5 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000

KOELLSTED, Edward J., to 101st St. Co., 103 Park Av; Sherman Av, w s, 214.7 ft n of 167th St, 125xirreg to Sheridan Av, (prior mtg $1,200,) Nov. 21, due July 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, Central Mortgage Co., 103 Park Av $2,550

JOSEPH GOLDING REALTY CO. to Henry Bendheim, 42 West 89th St; Lenox Av, w s, 39.11 ft s of 142d St, 40x100.11, Dec. 14, 5 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $45,000

SAME to Isidor Blumenkrohn, 569 West 150th St; same property, prior mtg $45,000, Dec. 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. S. Marx, 128 Broadway $12,000

SAME to Sophie Marx, 419 Convent Av; Lenox Av, n w corner of 141st St, 39.11x100, Dec. 14, 5 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $65,000

SAME to same; same property, prior mtg $65,000, Dec. 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. S. Marx, 128 Broadway $12,500

SAME to Adolph D. Bendheim, 42 West 89th St; Lenox Av, w s, 79.11 ft s of 142d St, 40x100, Dec. 14, 5 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $45,000

SAME to Isidor Blumenkrohn, 569 West 150th St; same property, prior mtg $45,000, Dec. 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. S. Marx, 128 Broadway $9,000

SAME to Henrietta Pappenheimer, 981 Madison Av; Lenox Av, w s, 119.11 ft s of 142d St, 40x100, Dec. 14, 5 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $45,000

SAME to Isidor Blumenkrohn, 569 West 150th St; same property, prior mtg $45,000, Dec. 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. S. Marx, 128 Broadway $9,000

BERGEN, William C., to Alice C. Holden, 323 Riverside Drive; Andrews Av, w s, 198.5 ft n of 181st St, 50x100, Dec. 14, 5 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $15,000

BLOCH, Lena, to Julius Goebel, 120 East 95th St; Bradhurst Av, e s, 89.11 ft s of 153d St, 89.11x100, Dec. 15, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $30,000

KELLER, Ernst, to John C. Glese, 75 Neptune Av, New Rochelle, N. Y.; Westchester Av, 690, s s, 45x irregular, prior mtg $48,000, Dec. 14, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$8,000

ECKLEY, Ernst R., to Frank Ritter, 369 East Av, Rochester, N. Y.; Morris Av, s w corner of Mount Hope Place, 32.7x95; Mount Hope Place, n s, 80 ft e of Walton Av, 45x125; Buckhout St, s s, 300 ft w of Anthony Av, 50.9x100, prior mtg $22,250, Dec. 14, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. H. Rowe, 165 Broadway $12,000

HAMBURGER, Bessie, to Jacob Boss, 49 Lenox Av; 144th St, 526 and 528 East, s s, 50x103.5, prior mtg $19,000, July 2, 2 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Hamburger & G., 78 Nassau St $3,000

L. & S. CONSTRUCTION CO. to Julia L. Butterfield, Cold Spring, N. Y.; Washington Av, 1,632, e s, 50x109.10, Dec. 14, 5 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $38,000

SAME to James M., Anderson, trustee, 128 West 2d St, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Washington Av, e s, 30 ft n of 172d St, 50x109.10x50x109.9, Dec. 14, 5 years; attorneys same. $38,000

ABRAHAMS, Hiram, to George W. Dibble, trustee, 72 Stratton Av; Arverne, L. I.; 8th Av, 2,075, w s, 50 ft n of 112th St; 25.2x100, Dec. 14, due Jan. 1, 1915; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $32,000

SAME to William K. Leeman, 2,745 Creston Av; same property, prior mtg $32,000, Dec. 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys same....$5,000

NATHAN B. LEVIN CO. to Commonwealth Savings Bank, 2,007 Amsterdam Av; Briggs Av, w s, 200 ft n of 196th St, 20x93.5x20x93, Dec. 15, due Feb. 1, 1913; attorney, George H. Hyde, 41 Park Row $7,000

AUGUST JACOB CONSTRUCTION CO. to prior mtg $40,000, Dec. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frederick H. Schwegler, 5 Beekman St $9,000

BARNEY ESTATE CO. to Title Ins. Co., 135 Broadway; St. Nicholas Av, n s, 101.4 ft s of 145th St, 519.5x irregular, Dec. 14, 1 year, 6 p. c $85,000

WATSON, HENRY R., CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 88th St, n s, 305 ft w of Columbus Av, 10x100.8, Dec. 15, 5 years $15,000

SAME to same; 88th St, n s, 324 ft w of Columbus Av, 18x100.8, Dec. 15, 5 years..$15,000

HELLER, Helene, and another to Zacharias Bendheim, 1,194 Park Av; 45th St, 555 West, n s, 25x100.5, prior mtg $17,000, Dec. 13, 2 years, 6 p. c $350

WETZSTEIN, Max, to Letitia A. Tyson, 47 West 51st St, and another; 10th Av, 514, e s, 24.8x100, Dec. 14, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St $12,000

BUSHER, Eugene J., to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,808 3d Av; 149th St, n s, 250 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 25x80, Dec. 15, due Dec. 1, 1911; attorneys, Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St..

WINSTON HOLDING CO. to Sender Jarmulowsky, 16 East 93d St; 7th Av, n w corner of Cathedral Parkway, 70.11x100, prior mtg $98,400, Dec. 15, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. Clark, 54 Canal St $125,000

ROCKFALL APARTMENTS to Rockfall Realty Co., 55 West 111th St; Broadway, n w corner of 111th St, 75.8x irregular, prior mtg $700,000, Dec. 15, 5 years; attorney, William D. Coles, 40 Wall St $225,000

McGLADE, Harry, to Augusta M. de Peyster, 11 East 86th St; Nereid Av, s w corner of Matilda St, 90x50, Dec. 13, 3 years; attorneys, Bauchuck & Bauchuck, 320 Broadway....$2,150

CAPOZZI, Antonio, to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway; 116th St, 325 East, n s, 17x100.11, Dec. 14, 5 years; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $8,000

BAILEY, William A., to Franklin Society for Home Building and Savings, 1 Beekman St; Perry Av, e s, 325 ft s of Woodlawn Road, 25x100, Dec. 15, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,000

BRANE, John D., to Julius Levy, 285 Central Park West; 1st Av, 1,108, e s, 25x100, due Jan. 1, 1916; attorneys, Cooper & Baer, 20 Vesey St $15,000

SAME to same; same property, prior mtg $15,000, Dec. 15, due Jan. 1, 1916; same attorneys. $9,000

HYNES, Nellie, to Elizabeth Kuhn, 508 West 142d St; 206th St, n s, 314.11 ft w of Perry Av, 25x100, Dec. 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph Fennelly, 2 Rector St $1,000

BRUHNS, Charles A., to Northeastern Dispensary, 222 East 59th St; 66th St, 227 West, n s, 25x100.5, Dec. 13, 2 years; attorney, B. W. B. Brown, 52 Wall St $11,000

SAME to Carrie F. McMullin, 319 West 95th St; same property, prior mtg $11,000, Dec. 13, 2 years, 6 p. c.; same attorney $2,000

NEPPERT, Emma L., to Julie E. Cameron, 572 West 173d St; South St, 226 and 227, n s, 40x80, Dec. 15, due as per bond; attorney, S. Elker, Jr., 46 Cedar St $17,000

SAME to Harmon W. Hendricks, 10 East 44th St; same property, Dec. 15, 2 years, 6 p. c.; same attorney $2,000

JONES, Oliver L., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 81st St, s s, 80 ft e of 6th Av, 20x63, Dec. 5, 3 years; address, 160 Broadway $50,000

LEVINSON, Sydney W., to Frank W. Savin, Pory Chester, N. Y.; 57th St, s s, 250 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.5, Dec. 15, due as per bond; attorney, M. H. Oppenheimer, 135 Front St..

UGHETTA, Adele R. and Gabriel L., to Central Trust Co., 54 Wall St., 2 Columbus Av, 825, e s, 25.3x100, Dec. 15, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St..

OPPENHEIMER, William, to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St.; Westchester Av, n s, 272.5 ft e of Tinton Av, 33.9x111x

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Kinship of Nations Shown by Toys

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Suppressed Article on Russian Courts-Martial

Written by one of the foremost editors in that country, will be printed in next Sunday's Times.

Does a Political Career Pay?

Examples cited of well-known men in the public eye.

Togo, Detective, Discovers Santa Claus

Another great mystery solved by the Japanese sleuth.

The Pictorial Section

Will contain these features:

"The Girl of the Golden West," Puccini's New Opera.
Funeral of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy.
Recent Weddings in New York Society.
Fall Exhibition of the National Academy of Design.
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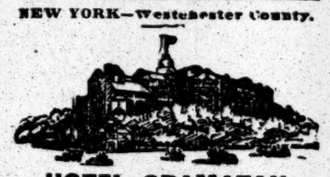

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260 Rooms. 120 Private Baths. Exceptional Cuisine. NEW A LA CARTE RESTAURANT. Electric Train Service 28 Minutes.
Hotel Gramatan, Inc.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

WINTER SEASON AT LAKEWOOD
Among the Pines of New Jersey.
Season October to June.
Offers Exceptional Attractions for the Enjoyment of Outdoor Life. Ideal Conditions for Motoring.
LAUREL HOUSE,
NOW OPEN.
A. J. MURPHY, Manager.
LAUREL-IN-THE-PINES,
NOW OPEN.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.
THESE HOTELS ARE FAVORABLY KNOWN FOR THEIR STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. Reached via New Jersey Central.

LAKEWOOD, N. J.—The popular season of social diversions, outdoor life, and delightful resort activity is NOW AT ITS HEIGHT.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL RUDOLF
Directly on ocean front. Capacity 1,000. Open all year. American or European plan. Sea and fresh water in all baths; no extra charge for use of baths. Elaborate entertainment prepared for Christmas week and big New Year's Eve celebration. Holiday bookings now being made.
A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

HOTEL WESTMONT
Ocean end Rhode Island Avenue. Splendid table and service. Special rate for the Winter, $12.50, $15 per week, without bath; $15 to $25 per week, with bath. Sea water and other baths. Booklet. W. H. Moore, Manager.

Marlborough-Blenheim
DECEMBER AND JANUARY RATES IN FORCE.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

HOTEL PIERREPONT
Atlantic City, N. J. Special rates for Xmas and New Year reservations. Sea water baths free. Mrs. GERSON L. KAHN.

Ask **Mr. Foster**—Free Information, Flatiron Building Arcade.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

FOR RENT.—Hamilton, Bermuda, twelve-room bungalow, furnished; ocean front; bathing, fishing, boating, beautiful grounds, pier, tennis court; stables; suitable for private family or party of gentlemen; also servants if wanted. For particulars, Clark H. Abbott, 29 Broadway, New York.

LONDON'S LATEST and BEST PICCADILLY HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.

BERMUDA.

BERMUDA
Hamilton Hotel
THE LEADING HOTEL OF BERMUDA.
Capacity 550 Guests. Open throughout year.
All modern improvements.
Private Baths—Elevators—Electric Lights.
Stone and Concrete Construction Throughout
Special Tariff During December.
HAMILTON HOTEL CO., LTD.,
W. A. BARRON, Winter Mgr., Now at N. Y. Office, care of Town & Country, 389 Fifth Av.

FLORIDA.

A Tropical Paradise—Lee County, Florida
Illustrated booklet free on request of
ATLANTIC COAST LINE, 1218 Broadway, New York

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND
FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:00 P. M. Steamers PRISCILLA and PROVIDENCE. Orchestra on each.
NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.
NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and North, week days only, leave Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M., Str. RICHARD PECK.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only leave Pier 27, E. R., 11:00 A. M., Str. NAUGATUCK.
Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

HOTEL ROLAND
59th St., Between Madison & Park Avs., Block from Grand Plaza
Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY.

The Mansfield
12 WEST 44TH ST.
BACHELOR APARTMENTS
E. S. Willard & Co., 45 Pine St.

Hotel Belmore
N. E. corner 25th St. & Lexington Av.
Up-to-Date. Modern Improvements.
Restaurant & Private Dining Rooms.

Boston.
Massachusetts.

HOTEL OXFORD
COPLEY SQUARE, BOSTON, MASS.
Nearest hotel to Back Bay Stations of B. & A. R. R. and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.
250 ROOMS WITH 150 BATHS
Single rooms without bath, $1 & up; with bath, $1.50.
Double rooms without bath, $2 & up; with bath, $2.50.
GEORGE E. STEARNS, Mgr.

SCHOOLS.

THE Y. M. C. A.
can train you for better work and better pay in spare time.
23d St. Branch, 215 West 23d St.
East Side Branch, 153 E. 86th St.
Harlem Branch, 5 W. 125th St.
West Side Branch, 318 W. 57th St.

THE BEN GREET SCHOOL OF ACTING. Term now on. Practical stagecraft, correct speaking and style especially taught. Address care of Langer & Juckes, 1-3-5 Broadway, New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

†S. S. **AMERIKA** 22,500 Tons Leaving New York JAN. 5, 11 A. M.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE SAFETY COMFORT SERVICE

LONDON-PARIS-HAMBURG EUROPE Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa

¶PRESIDENT GRANT.Dec. 17, 10 AM
‡**PENNSYLVANIA...Dec. 22, 11 AM
†AMERIKA.....Jan. 5, 11 AM
¶PRESIDENT LINCOLN.Jan. 12, 9 AM
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *2nd cabin only. ‡Hamburg direct. ¶Hamburg via Cherbourg.

By new 17,000 ton steamers, equipped with all modern safety appliances. Electric Baths, Gymnasium, Elevator, etc.
S. S. CINCINNATI....Jan. 5, 12 noon
S. S. CLEVELAND.....Jan. 28
S. S. CINCINNATI.....Feb. 14
Tourist Department for Trips Everywhere.

PLEASURE CRUISES
THE ORIENT, WEST INDIES, SOUTH AMERICA, AROUND THE WORLD, Etc.
TWO GRAND CRUISES
AROUND THE WORLD
These cruises will be made by the large new transatlantic liner "CLEVELAND," (17,000 tons), about three and one-half months' duration each, the first to leave New York on November 1, 1911, and the second from San Francisco on February 17, 1912. Rates $650.00 and up, including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore.
Write for Detailed Itineraries of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
HOLIDAY SEASON SAILINGS
All our steamers have Wireless Telegraph and Submarine Signals.

Philadelphia Dec. 16, 10:00 A. M. **Teutonic** Dec. 21, 3:00 P. M.
Arabic Dec. 17, 11:00 A. M. **Minnetonka** Dec. 24, 12:00 Noon
Minnehaha Dec. 17, 10:30 A. M. **Baltic** Dec. 24, 12:00 Noon

CRUISES WEST INDIES SPANISH MAIN PANAMA CANAL **S. S. New York** Jan. 28 Mar. 4 **1911** Send for Particulars.

American Line Pier 62 N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Phil'a..Fri., Dec. 16, 10 AM|St. Louis..Dec. 31
*Teutonic...Dec. 21, 3 PM|*Oceanic..Jan. 7
*White Star Line Steamer, Pier 61, N. R.

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct Pier 58 N. R.
Minne'ha..Dec. 17, 10:30 AM|Min'waska..Jan. 7
Min'tonka..Dec. 24, noon|Min'polis..Jan. 14

Red Star Line Pier 39 N. R.
New York—Cherbourg—Dover—Antwerp.
Vaderland..Dec. 28, 10 AM|Finland..Jan. 11
Kroonland..Jan. 4, 10 AM|L'pl'd(nw)Jan.25

White Star Line
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Teutonic.....Dec. 21, 3 PM|†Oceanic..Jan. 7
†St. Louis..Dec. 31, 10 AM|†St. Paul..Jan. 11
†American Line Steamer from Pier 62 N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Arabic.....Dec. 17, 11 AM|Megantic..Jan. 14
Baltic.....Dec. 24, noon|Baltic.....Jan. 28

New York and Boston to
RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
The Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria.
★ CEDRIC (21,035 tons)....Jan. 11, Feb. 22
★ CELTIC (20,904 tons)....Jan. 25, Mar. 8
★ Largest Steamers in the Mediterranean.
Romanic..Feb. 4, 2:30 PM|Canopic.....April 8
Romanic..Mar. 18, noon|Romanic.....April 29
Cretic..Mar. 29, noon|Cretic .....May 10

PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 RECTOR,) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN.
Steamship "GEORGE WASHINGTON," 27,000 Tons,
Sails January 3rd.
7 days to Plymouth and Cherbourg, 8 days to Bremen.
Algiers and Italy connections for Egypt, INDIA, FAR EAST, AUSTRALIA.
Steamship "BERLIN," 20,000 Tons,
Sails January 7th.

LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
TUESDAYS 10 A. M. Express Sailings.
G. Washington..Jan. 3
K'prins Wm..Jan. 17
Prins F. Wm..Jan. 31
K'prins Wm..Feb. 14
THURSDAYS 10 A. M. Twin-Screw and Fast Mail Sailings.
*Rhein.....Dec. 22
Fried'h d. Gr..Jan. 14
*Rhein...Tues., Feb. 7
Bremen...Tues., Feb. 21
*Bremen Direct.

GIBRALTAR—ALGIERS—NAPLES—GENOA
SATURDAYS, 11 A. M.
Berlin (new).....Jan. 7|K. Albert.....Feb. 4
†K. Luise.....Jan. 21|Berlin (new).....Feb. 18
†Omits Gibraltar.
Connections made for all Mediterranean, Black Sea and Far Eastern Ports. Wireless and Submarine Signals. Travelers' Checks Good All Over the World. Independent Around the World Trips.
OELRICHS & CO., General Agents, 5 B'way, N. Y.

BERMUDA
MOST BEAUTIFUL SPOT IN THE WORLD.
ONE DAY from NEW YORK
(Two Nights)
BY THE MAGNIFICENT FAST MAIL
Twin Screw S. S. "Oceana"
14,000 Tons Displacement; 8,000 Tons Register; 535 Feet Long; 55 Feet Beam; 38 Feet Deep; Wireless Telegraph; Bilge Keels; Submarine Signals.
LARGEST, FASTEST, AND MOST LUXURIOUS STEAMER TO BERMUDA.
FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP FARE, including Stateroom Berth and Meals **$20 up**
FINEST CUISINE ON THE ATLANTIC.
Special trips, including Carriage Drives, Launch Trips, numerous Shore Excursions, and Best Hotel Accommodations for Eight Days, $25, in addition to steamship fare. Booklet and full particulars of BERMUDA-ATLANTIC LINE, 290 BROADWAY, N. Y. 'PHONE WORTH 710.

$45.00 TO EUROPE
New York to Rotterdam
EXCELLENT CABIN ACCOMMODATION.
Volturno .....Dec. 22|Uranium.....Jan. 19
Companello....Jan. 5|Volturno.....Feb. 2
URANIUM S. S. CO., 17 B'way, N. Y., 1st floor, rear.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

NEW MEXICO
VIA
Southern Pacific
New Orleans to San Francisco
"Sunset Route"
Trains of Latest Equipment
Oil Burning Locomotives
Automatic Block Signals
Dining Car Service Best in the World
SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.
366, 1158 or 1 Broadway
New York

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOARD OF ELECTIONS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
107 WEST 41ST STREET,
BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN.
New York, December 7th, 1910.

Statement of the Board of Elections of the City of New York, acting as the Board of Canvassers of the City of New York, In relation to votes given for

JUSTICE OF THE CITY COURT.

The Board of Elections of the City of New York, having met on the fifth and seventh days of December, 1910, pursuant to the provisions of Section 440, Chapter 22, of the Laws of 1909, constituting Chapter 17 of the Consolidated Laws, as the Board of Canvassers of the City of New York, to canvass and estimate the votes given for candidates for the office of Justice of the City Court, in New York County, at the General Election held on the eighth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and ten, DO CERTIFY as follows:

FOR JUSTICE OF THE CITY COURT.

That it appears upon such estimate and canvass that the whole number of votes given for the office of Justice of the City Court was Three Hundred and Three Thousand Five Hundred and Eighteen....303,518
Of which
Francis B. Delehanty received two hundred and sixty thousand two hundred and forty-six..... 260,246
Edward Mieliing received twenty-two thousand and thirty-seven..... 22,037
Samuel W. Eilges received fifteen thousand six hundred and seventy-nine..... 15,679
Joseph P. Johnson received fifteen hundred and thirty-nine..... 1,539
Of which there were
Blank twenty-six hundred and thirteen..... 2,613
Of which there were
Void fourteen hundred and four..... 1,404
303,518

The number of general ballots "Protested as Marked for Identification," all of which were counted for the several candidates voted thereon for the office of Justice of the City Court, was three hundred and sixty-eight..... 368

WE CERTIFY this statement to be correct and have signed the same as members of the Board of Canvassers of the City of New York and attested by the Secretary thereof this seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred and ten.

JAS. KANE, Chairman.
JOHN T. DOOLING,
JOHN E. SMITH.
Attest: CHARLES B. PAGE, Secretary.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Caledonia..Dec. 17, 10 A.M.|Furnessia.....Jan. 7, noon
California..Dec. 24, 3 P.M.|Columbia...Jan. 21, 1 PM
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 AND $31.25.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

Magnificent S. S. "Arabic" leaves Feb. 4; rates $400 up, including shore excursions; 71 enchanting days. Stop-over privileges. Round World Tour Jan. 25; Trans-Siberian, Mar. 14; Riviera in Jan. and Feb., and 30 European Tours. Specify program desired. FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York. **CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE**

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA.
SAILING FROM NEW YORK WED'DAYS.
Through Bookings to the Orient and Far East.
Special Through Trip of SS. Martha Washington From New York JAN. 28th, 1911 TO Alexandria
With stops at the Azores, Gibraltar, Naples, and Taormina; thence Trieste via Piraeus and Gravosa.
PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, 17 Battery Place, N. Y. City.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

COOK'S NILE STEAMERS
Cairo to Luxor and the First Cataract.
Egypt .....Dec. 27|Egypt .....Jan. 17
Rameses .....Jan. 3|Rameses .....Jan. 24
Rameses the Gt. Jan. 10|Rameses the Gt. Jan. 31
and weekly thereafter, connecting with service for the Second Cataract, Khartoum, Uganda, &c. In addition, Cook's Express Steamers sail every Monday and Friday. Luxurious dahabeahs and special steamers for charter to families and private parties.
TOURS AND TICKETS EVERYWHERE.
Booklets Free.
THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 364 and 543 Fifth Av., 649 Madison Av., New York.
Cook's Travellers' Cheques Are Good All Over the World.

CUNARD Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, opposite Battery.
Largest, Fastest, Finest Ships afloat. Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE.
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Fishguard and Liverpool
Lusitania, Dec. 28, 9 A.M.|Lusitania, Jan. 18

Special Christmas Sailing
S. S. MAURETANIA, DEC. 17, 6 P. M.
A special train will run from Fishguard direct to Dover for Continental passengers.

Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool
Campania, Jan. 4, 10 A.M.|Campania, Jan. 25

GIBRALTAR GENOA NAPLES
TRIESTE FIUME
Pannonia..Feb. 25, noon|Saxonia.....Mar. 30
Ultonia..Mar. 23, noon|Pannonia.....April 13

SPECIAL CRUISES
RIVIERA ITALY EGYPT
Madeira Gibraltar Algiers Villefranche Genoa Naples Alexandria Piraeus. *Omits Piraeus.
Carmania 20,000 tons.....Jan. 7, *Feb. 18
Caronia 20,000 tons.....Jan. 21.....
Franconia 18,000 tons, new steamer. *March 11

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Touraine..Dec. 22|*La Savoie...Jan. 12
La Bretagne..Dec. 29|*La Provence..Jan. 19
*La Lorraine..Jan. 5|La Bretagne..Jan. 26
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING.
One class (II) Cabin Passengers only.
*Chicago .....Dec. 24
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

Go To **Bermuda**
$20 UP ROUND TRIP FROM JAN. 1ST.
Tours including hotels, shore excursions, etc., at moderate rates.
Fast Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 5330 tons, sails Dec. 24th, Jan. 4th, and every Wednesday, 10 A. M. Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy.

WEST INDIES
New S. S. "Guiana" sails Jan. 10th, Feb. 18th, and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes, and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts. Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York. THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 649 Madison Av., 563 and 264 Fifth Av., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
Winter Cruises West Indies
3 Cruises de Luxe by New Twin Screw R.M.S.P. "AVON," 11,073 tons, from New York, Jan. 21, 27 days; Feb. 18, 32 days; March 25, 19 days, visiting West Indies; Spanish Main, and Panama Canal.
Rates $5 Per Day and Up.
Sanderson & Son, Agts., 22 State St., N. Y.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises 7:18|Sun sets 4:34|Moon rises —

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:10	7:47	12:50	1:37
Governors Island	7:30	8:02	1:20	2:07
Hell Gate	9:20	9:32	2:55	3:42

Arrived—Thursday, Dec. 15.

SS Samland, Antwerp, Dec. 3.
SS Mauretania, Liverpool, Dec. 10.
SS Iroquois, Jacksonville, Dec. 12.
SS American, Antwerp, Nov. 13.
SS Teutonic, Southampton, Dec. 7.
SS Paloma, Sagua, Dec. 10.
SS Trent, Bermuda, Dec. 12.
SS Rossano, Trinidad, Dec. 4.
SS Basil, Para, Dec. 2.
SS Calderon, Santos, Nov. 20.
SS Santa Marta, Kingston, Dec. 10.
SS Princess Anne, Norfolk, Dec. 14.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah, Dec. 12.
SS Proteus, New Orleans, Dec. 10.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Philadelphia, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Prins der Nederlanden, Haiti	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Alliance, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Seguranca, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Mauretania, Liverpool	2:30 P.M.	6:00 P.M.
Minnehaha, London	——	10:30 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	——	10:00 A.M.
Arabic, Liverpool	——	11:00 A.M.
President Grant, Hamburg	——	10:00 A.M.
Trent, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Philadelphia, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Florizel, Newfoundland	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz August Wilhelm, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Toscantins, Pernambuco	12:00 M.	8:00 P.M.
Carolina, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Denver, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Crown of Grenada	Port Spain	Dec. 6
Themistocles	Palermo	Nov. 29
Val Salice	Algiers	Nov. 27
Pennsylvania	Hamburg	Dec. 3
Rhein	Bremen	Dec. 3
Russia	Copenhagen	Dec. 5
Monterey	Havana	Dec. 12
Colon	Colon	Dec. 10
Evalie	Galveston	Dec. 10
Derbent	Antwerp	Nov. 30
San Marcos	Galveston	Dec. 10

DUE TO-MORROW.

Touraine	Havre	Dec. 16
Koenigin Luise	Naples	Dec. 8
El Dorado	New Orleans	Dec. 12
El Paso	New Orleans	Dec. 12
Re d'Italia	Palermo	Dec. 2

DUE SUNDAY.

Cincinnati	Naples	Dec. 6
Baltic	Queenstown	Dec. 11
Duca degli Abruzzi	Palermo	Dec. 8
California	Glasgow	Dec. 10
Floride	Havre	Dec. 3
Alleghany	Havana	Dec. 14

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Baltic, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 1,285 miles east of Sandy Hook at 1 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Sunday night or Monday morning.

SS California, incoming from Glasgow, was reported 1,200 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Sunday afternoon.

SS Pennsylvania, incoming from Hamburg, was reported 216 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Rhein, incoming from Bremen, was reported 233 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Floride, incoming from Havre, was reported 775 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5:55 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, about noon Sunday.

By United Wireless.

SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, 330 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8:10 P. M., 15th.
SS Ligonier, Fort Arthur, 210 m. E. of Sabine Bar at 7 P. M., 15th.
SS Brazos, Galveston, 344 m. E. of Galveston Bar at 7 P. M., 15th.
SS Colon, Cristobal, 186 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 15th.
Tug Astral, towing barge 94, Baltimore, passed Romain Shoals at 8 A. M., 15th.
SS Monterey, Havana, 330 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 6 P. M., 15th.
SS Russia, Copenhagen, 350 m. E. of Ambrose Channel at noon, 15th.
SS Comal, Tampa, 220 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 15th.
SS Momus, New Orleans, 172 m. W. of Tortugas at noon, 15th.
SS San Marcos, Galveston, 695 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 15th.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, 499 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 15th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Kansas, at Calcutta, Dec. 15.
SS Savoie, at Havre, Dec. 15.
SS Majestic, at Southampton, Dec. 15.
SS Corsican Prince, at River Plate, Dec. 13.
SS Eastern, at Cabedillo, Dec. 13.
SS Cressby, at Rotterdam, Dec. 14.
SS Shimosa, at Shanghai, Dec. 15.

Sailed.

SS St. Louis, from South

Wants for Inner Man

Do you long for a home-cooked dinner—a good, old-fashioned meal such as mother used to prepare? Would you like to be one of the steady boarders at a neat, bounteously laden table where there are good things to eat and good cheer and good fellowship among the diners?

There are many good boarding houses and they may be easily located if you consult the Boarders Wanted Advertisements or send one of your own telling just what you would like.

It's a good habit to watch the Want Advertisements carefully. Next to the last Page. Telephone your Want Advertisements to *The New York Times*, Bryant 1000.

LOST

35c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Southern Pacific Company common stock certificates Nos. B46732 and B48547, for ten shares each, and Certificate No. S104410 for ten shares Erie Railroad Company common stock, in the name of "John B. O'Brien." Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicates should not be issued. John B. O'Brien.

LOST—Will pay $10 for return of two loose-leaf ledger books wrapped in brown paper and bound with two large rubber bands, left in taxicab going from Hotel Astor to 112th St. and Broadway, Saturday, Dec. 10, at 10:30 P. M. My name and address on cover of books. Harry E. Blood, 45 Broadway.

LOST or STOLEN.—Two barrels containing brass goods; one trunk, with musical instruments; one dress suitcase, with lady's apparel, initial T; liberal reward. Return Eagle Express, 1,276 Lexington Av.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch with fleur de lis of diamonds, on Tuesday afternoon, going from 21st St. to Williamsburg Bridge, Brooklyn. Liberal reward. Grice, 227 Keap St., Brooklyn

LOST.—Pocketbook, in 5th Av. stage or on 5th Av., between 38th and 45th Sts. Reward if returned to address on card inside, or to Mr. Mallen, Guarantee Trust Co., corner 5th Av. and 43d St.

LOST—Black bag containing gold watch with chain and gold pencil; all marked K. S. F.; on Thursday forenoon, between 44th and 50th Sts.; liberal reward. K. S. F., 4 East 36th St.

LOST.—Amethyst and emerald pendant, on 5th Av. bus, or 18th St, between 5th Av. and Broadway, 2 o'clock Thursday. Liberal reward. Fisher 611 West 136th St.

LOST.—At O'Donnell's, or on Broadway to 76th St., on Wednesday, a gold seal ring. Liberal reward will be paid. James K. Holly, 3,879 Broadway.

LOST—Turquoise and diamond earring between Bath Beach and Grand Opera House, New York; reward. Sheridan, Bay 18th St., Bath Beach.

LOST some days ago, package of seven valuable rings; $100 reward. Return to C. F. Sheville, 615 West 135th St., New York.

LOST—Tuesday, black lynx neck scarf at Macy's or in neighborhood; suitable reward. Williams, 34 St. Nicholas Place.

LOST.—Gold fob, with dog standing on bloodstone; old English H on stone; suitable reward. M. K. H., 62 Leonard St.

LOST—Tuesday evening in Subway $10 in bills; finder will bestow great favor by returning to owner. M 55 Times.

LOST—Gold Phi Beta Kappa key; has Amherst, '99, and name on it; reward. E. E. Thompson, care American Book Co.

LOST—Large topaz brooch, pearls and diamonds; sentimental value; liberal reward. Loew, 432 West 160th St.

LOST.—Reward. Dec. 14, bill folder, containing about $42, region 84th St. and Columbus Av. Notify P., 503 Columbus Av.

LOST—Silver vanity case, initials C. R.; in Gus's, 37 Avenue A; $6 inside; reward. M. Weiss, 51 Avenue A.

LOST.—Wednesday night, gold bracelet, on Broadway, between 40th and 58th Sts. Reward. M 77 Times.

LOST—Horseshoe pin containing 31 diamonds; liberal reward if returned to Mrs. Postely, 611 West 137th St.

LOST—Gold chain scarab bracelet; Broadway-5th Av., 26th-48th Sts.; reward. Frost, 123 West 88th St.

LOST—Silver cigarette case, engraved E. W. K.; very liberal reward. Address C 263 Times Downtown.

LOST—Walking cane, with silver top, monogram "J. N. F." Reward, return 64 and 66 Spring St.

LOST.—Thursday afternoon, lady's open-faced gold watch, initials L. T.; reward. M 75 Times.

LOST—Dec. 14, Chinese necklace, green enamel silver daisy design; reward. 8 West 10th St.

LOST—Diamond pendant, four diamond rings, in small bag; reward. V., 210 West 72d St.

Notice is hereby given that Certificate No. 156, dated October 30, 1910, and made out to Frederick K. Gaston, for twenty-five shares of the Common Stock of the Thompson-Starrett Company, has been lost, and the public is warned against purchasing or loaning upon such certificate.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY.
New York, December 16, 1910.

$100 REWARD
for the return of a diamond dog brooch, lost Dec. 14. Return
Black, Starr & Frost, 638 Fifth Av.

FOUND

35c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND.—Times Square, silver mesh bag. C E. Weeks, Coleman St., Bridgeport, Conn.

FOUND, Dec. 14.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO., (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 137 Christopher St.: Badge, umbrella, gloves, vest, knife, books, check, candy, sheet music.

FOUND, Dec. 14.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Room, 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV.—Toilet paper, music, pigeons, overalls and jumper, shelf paper, cologne, &c., cover, dress, &c., fur piece, lampblack. THIRD AV.—Music, two umbrellas, handbag, five purses, books, papers, books, papers, hat, strop, soap, pipe, box pipes, meat. SIXTH AV.—Umbrella, glasses, satchels, case gloves, thirty odd gloves, two books, letter, roll paper, muff, pillow covers, shirt, neckties, clothes, iron, muffler, hat, rubber, liquor, case, handbag, pipe. NINTH AV.—Eyeglasses, comb, papers, two books, shirt. SUBWAY.—Cane, handbag, four purses, spectacles, eyeglasses, two checkbooks, two boots, magazine, wallpaper, roll plans, photo, two odd gloves, two pair gloves, keys, papers, rosary, belt, shoes, rubbers, ball tickets, dress, waist, envelopes, thread, brass rods, collars and ties, draughtsman's materials, boxes, metallic bottles, chewing gum.

FOUND, Dec. 14.—BROOKLYN R. T. CO. Apply 167 Montague St., Brooklyn: SURFACE AND ELEVATED—Books, white jacket, black skirt, trousers, muff, fur collar, music, slippers, Testament, overalls, laundry, check book, printed matter, sample case, satchel, books and lunch box, dress suit case, pocketbook, umbrellas.

FOUND, Dec. 14—JERSEY CENTRAL RAILROAD. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: ON FERRYBOAT—Pair gloves, railroad ticket.

FOUND, Dec. 14—N. Y. CENTRAL RAILROAD. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Muff, pair gloves, 2 umbrellas, neckpiece, grip, 2 pair rubbers, veil, paper box.

FOUND, Dec. 14—LONG ISLAND RAILROAD. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two packages, pair eyeglasses, pair gloves.

FOUND, Dec. 14—LACKAWANNA RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Three muffs, 4 packages, pair gloves, eyeglasses, umbrella.

FOUND, Dec. 14—ERIE RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Package, 1 rubber, pocketbook, pair gloves, eyeglasses, book, slippers, packages of writing, coffee, box of collars, vase, china,

FOUND, Dec. 14—PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Room, 2 muffs, pair gloves, umbrella, [illegible]

FOUND, Dec. 14—PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: [illegible]

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Wanted—An energetic man of means who could handle and manufacture abroad a new patented article of merit, which is the best of its kind but not the cheapest; to the hustler who could afford to take it up an excellent return on his investment is assured; references as to personal integrity and ability are as essential as financial responsibility. Address Energ, M 43 Times.

Manufacturers—The advertiser wants to buy specialties for Canada, something that can be sold by agents and canvassers, or an installment article. Give full particulars what you have and your lowest cash prices. C 264 Times Downtown.

MANAGER WANTED with good financial connections to take $5,000 interest in publishing house; good salary; permanent position. Call, Newlife Publication Society, 65 Central Park West. Ask for Dr. New.

Man, good salary, wishes to borrow $2,000 at once, can give good personal security, to be paid back by monthly allotment, interest to run for entire amount for full length of time. H. B. Ashton, Norfolk, Va.

If you have $500 and time to manage office, I can give you unusual income; exceptional opportunity for the right man. Telephone today, 10 to 12, Bryant 6934.

Drug Store.—Excellent opportunity; fine location; eight years; little cash required; other business reason for selling. Drugs, 704 Broad St., Newark.

Partner with $300, half interest, act as Treasurer and manager vaudeville show. Call at once, Globe Amusement Co., 8 West 125th.

LOST AND FOUND. CATS. DOGS

35c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND—Bulldog. Joe Quinn, 1 West 101st St.

LOST.—White terrier, weight about 17 pounds; white rough coat, black nose, and thick ears; answers to name Rhue; license and white leather collar and address of owner, A. H. Vesey. Good reward. 135 East 61st St.

LOST—A Japanese spaniel, black and white, answering to the name of Togo; liberal reward if returned to Mrs. William Levy, 61 East 74th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

LADY CANVASSERS ON NEW, POPULAR-PRICED EDUCATIONAL WORK; THOSE WHO HAVE HAD EXPERIENCE SELLING LIBRARIES FOR CHILDREN OR WORKS OF TRAVEL PREFERRED. 315 5TH AV., ROOM 906.

HELP WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A WELL-EDUCATED MAN, now unemployed, over 25, for outside position requiring more than ordinary tact and ability, but pays accordingly. Room 909, 110 West 34th St.

BUTLER, competent, wanted in private family; state salary expected and references. Address M 66 Times.

ENGRAVERS.
Wanted by GIMBEL BROS. Experienced men. Best salaries paid. Every convenience and comfort for employes.
Apply at once, to
Employment Bureau,
5th floor, 32d Street side.

HIGH SCHOOL graduates who understand bookkeeping for accounting work; state age, education, experience, and salary expected. Address by letter only to Books, care Allen, 45 West 34th St.

MAN WANTED for Middle West, thoroughly acquainted with large department store trade, to handle popular price line of linens, coats, and suits; liberal commission paid right party; write giving reference, Box M 61 Times.

SECRETARY.—Protestant man as secretary; good writer, speller; must thoroughly understand real estate, renting, collecting; $70 monthly. Call 18 West 75th.

SALESMAN.—EXPERIENCED, TO SELL LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR THROUGH NEW YORK STATE, PART OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PART OF MICHIGAN; COMMISSION BASIS ONLY. SCHILLER BROS., 134 SPRING ST.

SALESMAN wanted for city and vicinity, to handle fine line of ladies' waists; must have established trade and good references; only right man should apply. Call after 2 P. M., Pearl Waist Company, 456 Broome St.

SALESMAN.—Tailors' trimmings; experienced and acquainted with merchant tailors city and vicinity; good opportunity right man. D 90 Times.

SALESMAN.—Would like to place popular-priced skirts as side line, commission basis; any territory. Novelty Skirt Co., 36 East 9th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, Christian, neat, careful, accurate, steady; familiar with detail work; not afraid of hard work; salary $12; good future. Address, stating qualifications and experience, K 170 Times.

WANTED.—CAPABLE HARD ROCK DRILLMEN; MEN WHO CAN DRILL 10 FEET PER HOUR IN HARD ROCK; UNION SCALE AND BETTER ON THE BONUS BASIS. APPLY AT OFFICE OF COMPANY, SEMINARY AVENUE, YONKERS, N. Y. GEORGE W. JACKSON, INC.

WANTED—Salesman by well-known misses' and children's cloak house to cover Ohio, Michigan, and Indiana; a first-class proposition open for right party; only long-experienced men will be considered. State experience and lines carried. Box 7, 352 6th Av.

WANTED.—A bright, active young man, with experience as private secretary; must be expert stenographer and bookkeeper and understand indexing. Address, stating references and compensation expected. M 40 Times.

WANT YOU TO SELL 6-family flat house, four rooms to each flat; improvements; value of same is $8,000; will take $7,500 and pay you $500 commission on sale. Call or address Owner, 62 Webster Av., Jersey City, N. J.

WANTED—Lithographic sketch artist for commercial work; must be up-to-date letterer; permanent position to good man. Address Superintendent the Whitehead & Hoag Co., Newark, N. J.

WANTED—Salesman familiar with the large buyers of jute, American, Russian, and Italian twines. Apply, giving age, experience, and salary wanted, in confidence, Box M 86 Times.

WANTED.—A thoroughly experienced and competent bookkeeper to handle a large number of accounts; only one who can furnish best of references need answer. Box M 45 Times.

WANTED—A young man to lead a boys' camera club in the Educational Alliance; no compensation. Apply in person Saturday evening at 8 o'clock at 197 East Broadway.

WANTED—An experienced salesman on a cheap line of ladies' waists for the jobbing trade and department stores; good inducement for the right party. C 246 Times Downtown.

WANTED—A1 salesman to handle popular-priced dresses; one who is well acquainted in city preferred. M 72 Times.

HELP WANTED
Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 15c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

BOY SOLO, soprano, for city Episcopal Church; $200. Webster Choir Agency, 136 5th Av.

MALE ALTO for city Episcopal Church; $20 monthly. Webster Choir Agency, 136 5th Av.

Commercial.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experience coffee line, $20; young man, publishing house, gentile, $10 to start; assistant bookkeeper, grocery experience, $10 to start; also other good positions open. Employers' Reference Service (agency), 144 West 28d St.

BOOKKEEPER, female; hotel position; $50 month and board; head bookkeeper, $18; same, $12, $7, $6. Universal Exchange Agency, 1 West 34th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET
Furnished.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 15c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUR, five rooms, complete housekeeping linen, silver; elevator, telephone. Hazelton Court, 3,099 Broadway.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 15c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Furnished 7-room apartment; all improvements; for winter months; private family; full particulars, [illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED. FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ELLIOTT FISHER BILLER, accurate, rapid, desires position in mercantile establishment where faithful service is appreciated. B. Myers, 923 Eagle Av., Bronx.

SECRETARY.—College graduate as secretary; literary experience; executive ability; best references. Box 172, Westwood, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; excellent education; quick, careful operator; understands office work thoroughly; excellent speller; references furnished from former employer; salary desired, $15. Exceptional, C 232 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent speller; understands office work; good education; operates machine quickly and neatly; very best references furnished; salary desired, $8 to begin. Reliable, C 230 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent education; four years' practical experience; transcribes accurately, rapidly; conscientious worker; refined; unquestionable references; $12. C 233 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, business college graduate, willing worker, desires position with good firm; will start with moderate salary. Elenor Brown, 691 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, one year's experience with insurance broker; neat and accurate; $9-$10. E. Margaret Burrow, 247 Jewett Av., Jersey City.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent young woman; rapid, neat, accurate worker; references. Ambitious, 231 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; can handle large correspondence quickly, intelligently; references; $15. Competent, 212 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Ambitious beginner will accept low salary with advancement opportunities. Executive, 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Good worker; excellent education; references furnished; salary desired, $8. Accurate, 244 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience, general lines; familiar office detail; references, Steno, 243 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; neat typist; familiar with office work; references; $10. Capable, 211 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, some experience, good foundation, expert, seeks opportunity; show worth. C 220 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED. MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

APARTMENT HOUSE MANAGER.
A GENTLEMAN OF LONG EXPERIENCE IN THE MANAGEMENT OF APARTMENT HOUSES DESIRES TO TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE OF THE PROPERTY OF AN INVESTOR WHO REQUIRES EFFICIENT, HONEST AND SATISFACTORY RESULTS. HIGHEST REFERENCES FURNISHED. ADDRESS M. R. T., 76 TIMES.

A—A—A—ACCOUNTANT EXPERT.—Periodical audits, investigations; books opened, closed, written up, balanced, systematized; reliable work moderate. Address Accountant, 55 Wall St., Room 212. Telephone 4337 Broad.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,317. 'Phone 2963—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT. — Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT. AUDITOR.
HERMANN E. GOLDSCHMIDT.
High grade. Moderate. References.
150 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 4317.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss business statement. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, utilizing best modern methods, systematizing, corporation tax law requirements, defalcations, etc., desires additional clients; terms reasonable. Expert, L 148 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER. — Books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 184, 280 B'way. Tel. 2825—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Age 40, engaged auditing and cost systematizing past ten years, seeks permanent connection; testimonials; salary desired, $2,400. L 77 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Certified public; experienced; moderate; good references. M. C., 263 West 125th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Energetic; fully competent; good correspondent; executive ability; moderate salary. Bookkeeper, 1,047 Westchester Av.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, married, eleven years' office experience, disires steady position. M 50 Times.

BOY to help in office, H. Schiller, 1,867 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

CAPABLE, energetic, reliable young man, (21,) Christian, good appearance and address, with selling ability, first-class commercial education, about three years' business experience as correspondent and salesman, and best references, desires employment by reputable firm in a capacity offering opportunity to sell and presenting prospect of good future; no agencies. M 78 Times.

CLERK.—Young man, 17, desires position as clerk where there is a chance for advancement; good penman; neat appearance; ambitious. D. J. Levine, 1,252 Clay Av., Bronx.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 22, commercially inclined, desires position with business house. "H.," 263 West 125th St.

COOK—BUTLER.
Skillful, neat young couple wish positions; country only. M. W. H., 67 Lexington Av., New York.

EXPERT LAW STENOGRAPHER; Spanish, Italian, French, Portuguese translator, desires work evenings; moderate charges; highest references. C 244 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN in clothing alteration department wishes position; 28 years' experience; speaks French, English, Italian; references. F. Lombardi, 136 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn.

FOR VISITING VALET and masseur. A. H. Symonds, 163 West 64th St.

PACIFIC COAST.
Salesman well acquainted west of Denver wants to represent responsible firm in that territory; clean record and best references. C 237 Times Downtown.

POSITION WANTED by clean-cut, aggressive young man, 30 years old; ten years' experience in railroad work, five years in factory and cost work; would prefer situation outside of New York City. M 53 Times.

PROOFREADER and editorial follower-up of printing desires position; salary, $20. "Caslon," M 8 Times.

TEACHER.—Catholic man as teacher; well recommended; low salary. C 265 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, desires position in manufacturing concern where there is a chance for advancement; can furnish best of references. Abraham Geist, 2 Willett St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes position in auto repairing shop as mechanic's helper. C 252 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) high school graduate, desires clerical position. Charles, 816 Blake Av., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED
Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 15c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3167 John

Domestic.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, firemen; city, country. Hendersons' 110 West 134th St. Telephone 486 Morningside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 88 West 134th.—Bond, $1,000; guaranteed colored help. 1,119—Harlem.

RIVERSIDE AGENCY, 12 West 99th St. Tel. 1838—Riverside. Competent help of all trades supplied.

APARTMENTS TO LET
Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 15c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

A few desirable suites of 2, 3, and 4 rooms, with bath, furnished or unfurnished, in high-class apartment house. Schuyler Arms, 307 West 93th St.

1,231 Madison Av., southeast corner of 89th St.—Corner [illegible] bath; all light; [illegible] per year.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Sunny rooms; comfortably furnished; running water; telephone; with board.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large and small; private baths; 'phone; exclusive; table guests.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Rooms with board; table guests; first-class.

58TH ST.,133-135 WEST.—Desirable large, sunny rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; references.

69TH ST., 103 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, large and small; running water; home cooking; telephone.

71ST ST., 122 WEST.—Charming second floor front room; private bath and telephone. Mrs. Cory.

72D, 159 WEST.—Two desirable rooms, en suite, with board; parlor dining room; references.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Clean, bright suite; private bath; single rooms; quiet, refined; table guests.

74TH ST., 128 WEST.—Desirable rooms; near L, Subway; table guests; every convenience; references.

76TH ST., 237 WEST.—Two large rooms and bath, and other rooms; newly furnished, decorated; large closets; parlor dining room; excellent table; table board; telephone; Christians; references.

77TH ST., 126 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, single or suites; French-American cuisine; reasonable terms; table guests; refined neighborhood; convenient to traffic.

80TH, 154 WEST.—Heated rooms, comfortably furnished; single and suite; superior table; telephone; references.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; parlor diningroom; telephone.

80TH ST., 141-143 WEST.—Large second-floor front; southern exposure; 1 small room; references.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Private baths, steam, parquet floors, electricity, excellent cooking; reasonable; special suite.

84TH ST., 108 WEST.—Private French family; light room; refined people; moderate; permanent; references. Arendt.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegant, warm, large, front room; second floor; excellent French cuisine; moderate.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Elegant large, small rooms; homelike; superior table; parlor dining; references.

95TH ST., 53 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; large closets; running water; conveniences; table guests accommodated.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Large front room, beautifully furnished; medium, single rooms; table a specialty.

117TH ST., 407 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other room; excellent table; Broadway Subway.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Large and small rooms; elevator apartment; excellent dining room.

122D ST., 312 WEST.—Cozy room, private family; moderate apartment; gentleman; $7; Subway, "L." Laforge.

123D ST., (2,053 7th Av.)—Large rooms; steam; telephone; well-kept house; first-class board.

142D ST., 512 WEST.—Cheerful, large room, steam heated; bathroom same floor; parlor dining room.

149TH ST., 544 WEST., Near Broadway Subway.—The Audubon; two cozy rooms; good home board; $14 to $18 weekly for two; every comfort. Tel. 2757 Oudubon.

156TH, 540 WEST.
Bright, well-furnished rooms; good table board; one block from Subway; private house. 'Phone 4678 Audubon.

157TH ST. SUBWAY, Washington Heights.—Pleasant outside room; southern exposure; elevator apartment, telephone 208 Audubon.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service, baths, and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

EXCEPTIONAL MEALS.—122 West 71st St.; new management and service.

TABLE BOARD.
142d St., 512 West.—Parlor dining room,

1.—WEST END AV., 879, (Corner 103d.)—Block from Riverside Park; Subway express station, surface cars, and Riverside buses; finest location in New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; telephone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Homelike; first-class table board; nicely furnished large, small rooms; telephone.

25TH, 116 EAST (Pembroke.)—Single room and board, $10-$12; double, $23-25; steam heat; luxurious parlor; nutritious home food; telephone.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Large, elegant room; private bath; elevator; select house; excellent table.

1.—GRAMERCY PARK, 1.—Tenant wishes to sublet one room; second floor.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large, small rooms; private baths; excellent board. Telephone 1978 Gramercy.

MADISON AV., 694-696.—Large and single rooms, with superior table; parlor dining rooms.

1.—MADISON AV., 73.—Desirable single and double rooms with board; references.

MADISON AVENUE, 108-110.
Large room, second floor, adjoining bath.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; comfortable, attractive, homelike; special Winter rates. Telephone Flushing 290.

BOARD WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

TO SOME PHYSICIAN, College Professor.—Young man, 26 years old, no boy, would like room and board, and will offer in exchange clerical work or some other work. M 14 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25, (refined surroundings.)—Beautiful large room; running water; bath; breakfast optional.

5TH AV., 61.—Corner apartment; one flight; running water, electricity, steam; gentlemen; moderate. Campbell.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Desirable rooms; single, en suite; hot and cold water; private house; gentlemen; references.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Sunny single front room; southern exposure; modern conveniences; $8.

18TH ST., 154 WEST.—Large, heated rooms.

14TH ST., 202 WEST.—Furnished room, $2.50 upward; select German family.

27TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large and small rooms; newly decorated; well heated; private bath; reasonable.

36TH ST., 28 WEST.—Clean, warm, homelike rooms; fine baths; breakfast optional; references.

43D ST., 113 WEST.
Nicely furnished rooms to rent.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Well-furnished, large, small rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; board optional; references.

46TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large and small, suitable for two; permanent; all conveniences; gentlemen; references.

48TH ST., 113 WEST.—Newly furnished large room; private bath; second floor.

49TH ST., 300 WEST.—For lady, in private family; every convenience; reference. Apartment 509.

52D, 43 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Large, newly furnished room; southern exposure; suitable for two; bath; $12 per week.

55TH ST., 107 WEST.—Exceptionally beautiful large, small, yarm rooms; telephone; all conveniences; references.

56TH ST., 310 W.—Large, small rooms; all conveniences; private house; business gentlemen only; references.

56TH ST., 345 WEST.—Furnished rooms, light, double, single; running water, baths; reasonable.

57TH ST., 406 WEST.—Nicely furnished parlor and bedroom, connecting, single; suitable two, three. Phillips.

[illegible] WEST.—Large, 2-floor front; [illegible]

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Handsome parlor alcove bedroom; well heated; all conveniences; gentleman; moderate.

72D, 302 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front and rear rooms, 2d floor; bath and 'phone on same floor; private house; gentlemen.

72D ST., 253 WEST.—Handsome, newly furnished; southern exposure; private bath; second floor; phone.

72D ST., 147 WEST.—Second floor back; private bath, top floor; large, sunny room.

74TH ST., 107 WEST.—Established, very desirable doctor's office; excellent attendance; long lease; very moderate.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Beautiful second-story suite, with private bath; or will rent separately.

84TH ST., 130 WEST.—Parlor, bedroom; steam, hot water; private; reasonable. Grimm.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Desirable, clean, warm rooms; all conveniences; select house; Subway, "L"; telephone.

96TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive, clean room, convenient Subway and "L" express; board optional. Scott.

97TH, 150 WEST.—Newly furnished room; southern exposure; Subway express, "L"; private family. Owner.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house, near Riverside Drive; elegantly furnished room; well heated; suitable for bachelor or married couple.

103D ST., 205 WEST.—Outside suite, bedroom and sitting room; elevator, electricity, piano; very reasonable. Apartment 31.

104TH ST., 66 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, with kitchen; also single rooms, telephone 7658 River.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Large front room, extension window; elevator, telephone, electricity; near Subway. Cook.

115TH ST., 83 WEST.—Large, furnished room; all conveniences; near Subway. Le Bounty.

117TH ST., 50 WEST.—American Hebrew couple has furnished room for gentlemen; steam heat. Milstein.

122D ST., 514 WEST, near Broadway.—High-class rooms, single, double; electricity, steam, elevator. Kenyon.

135TH ST., 601 WEST.—Artistically furnished large front room; modern; elevator apartment; cleanliness; gentleman. Copeland.

137TH, 249 WEST.—Sunny rooms, parlor, piano, telephone; every convenience; Subway, elevated; gentlemen preferred.

138TH, 606 WEST.—Large, light room; running water, conveniences; telephone; Subway; reasonable; breakfast optional.

143D ST., 512 WEST, near Subway.—Nicely furnished room; references exchanged.

149TH ST., 558 WEST, near Broadway Subway.—Few cozy rooms; newly furnished; private house; board optional; nicest section city. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

BROADWAY, 2,688, (103d St. Subway.)—Furnished room. Biloff.

HANDSOME, large, sunny room, vicinity Broadway and 75th; Subway one block; references. 1,364 Broadway.

1.—LARGE ROOM, private bath, clean and warm; small connecting rooms, if desired; suitable two; gentlemen only; references. 63 West 46th St.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, (Corner 127th St.)—Beautifully furnished suites, four, five, six rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity, silver, linen; $12.50 weekly upward; handsomely furnished room, bath, kitchen, $3, $6.

East Side.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; large and small; gentlemen; southern exposure.

21ST ST., 139 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Furnished room, without board; overlooking park; steam heat.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square.)—Suit, two rooms, bath room; by month; references.

24TH ST., 21 EAST, (Madison Square.)—Newly renovated, handsomely furnished rooms; private bath; moderate; reference.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable rooms; private house; reference.

40TH, 5 EAST.—Richly furnished back parlor, adjoining room; private bath, electric light, 'phone.

43D ST., 131 EAST.—First-class, sunny, heated; closet, bath; permanent gentleman; $4; references. Neilson.

49TH ST., 50 EAST, (near Madison.)—Well-heated room; hot water; also small rooms; telephone.

68TH, 226 EAST.—Large front room; heated; hot and cold water; bath; private house.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; tiled bathrooms; box spring beds; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

STUDIO suite, sunny, new, $40 month; piano; near Carnegie, Broadway cars. 144 East 58th.

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A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN has fine, newly renovated rooms, overlooking water, for gentlemen, with, without private baths; convenient to Wall St., Subway, and bridge; popular prices. 3 Montague Terrace, Heights.

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30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

BRASS Bed, gas, electric fixtures and all kinds of fancy brass goods refinished; gold, silver and nickel plating and polishing. We also buy and sell second-hand gas and electric fixtures. R. Plumacher & Sons, 344 East 59th St.

High-grade office furniture, desks, tables partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St. Tel., Spring 5483.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 59-63 Franklin, 358 Broadway.

Do you want to purchase the furniture of elegantly appointed apartment? A bargain. J. K. Deming, 61 Hamilton Place, New York City.

Slightly used office furniture, time clocks, adding machines, National cash registers, mimeographs, $7.50; rolltop desks, safes, files. Nathan's, 4 White St.

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Automobiles replace 200 head of first-class young work horses, from 900 to 1,600 lbs.; every horse or mare will be sold with a trial of ten days; no reasonable offer refused, as the whole number must be sold in the next 60 days; if you are in need of some good horses, give us a call. United Transfer & Trucking Co., 143 West 33d St., between 6th and 7th Avs.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 14,-106.—HENRY BERNING, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Henry Berning, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 12th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 16th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, December 12th, 1910.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 14,-177.—MORTIMER S. WOLFSHEIMER, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Mortimer S. Wolfsheimer, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 12th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 10th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, December 12th, 1910.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 13,-907.—HARRY COHEN, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Harry Cohen, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 9th, 1910, praying for a

MITCHEL ATTACKS 'SUBWAY MONOPOLY'

Tells National Cement Users' Association That Pre-Election Pledges Need Renewal.

NOT ENOUGH HARMONY

Says the City's Credit Margin Is Amply Sufficient—McAdoo Withdraws His Offer.

John Purroy Mitchel, President of the Aldermen, handled the Subway situation without gloves last night at the first annual dinner of the National Association of Cement Users at the Hotel Astor. He said that the members of the Estimate Board should go on record with their interpretation of the pre-election pledges they made a year ago.

"Cohesiveness," he said, "is something that has been conspicuously lacking in public life in this city. In the past public officials have failed to lay out and to follow a definite outline in public improvements. For that reason progress has been retarted and the efforts of the people toward good Government discounted.

"A year ago the citizens of this town elected a group of officials on a business platform and with the pledge to give a business administration. The members of the present Estimate Board have tried to be cohesive. As a result, for the first time in New York City, the city government has got real control over public expenditures and has laid out a definite programme for the standardization of expenditures. When we succeed in really standardizing the specifications in all departments we can be sure that there will be no jokers among them and that there will be a square deal for allcomers.

"We have accomplished a great deal so far, except on one matter where I will be glad to see more cohesiveness. After the election in 1909 no man doubted that a popular mandate had been recorded demanding that the officials build subways with city funds and maintain control of the new rapid transit lines by means of contracts that could be revoked on pleasure.

"Today the margin of the city's credit is sufficient to build every mile of subway now required, and yet there seems to be undue confusion. It seems to me that the one principle which was considered essential and imperative when the Board of Estimate pledged itself to new subways after election is now questioned and imperiled. If the Board of Estimate and the Public Service Commission could get together and talk the matter over we could co-operate on the principles then laid down.

"The construction of an independent system was determined upon at that time. Now in the arena of debate over questions of principle this determination seems to have been obscured. The members of the Estimate Board should come forth and tell the public frankly what their policy is. It is time that they should say just how they stand on their pre-election pledges.

"It is time for us to say whether we still believe in municipal control of all future subways or whether we are satisfied with the kind of monopoly we have at present ,or in any sort of monopoly at all. It is time to say whether we are content to perpetuate that monopoly through a partnership in the construction of disjointed extensions of the present system over which we have not now and never can expect to establish real control.

"We are about to fix the rapid transit policy of the city for all time. Surely cohesiveness is most desirable now. We shall not attain results at which we aim; we shall not attain independence or transit relief unless we, the elected representatives of the people, act in harmony and unison, and unless the people themselves insist that periodic pre-election impulses for better government and better rapid transit shall be solidified into consistent efforts to bring about better government and to establish control in the city's interest over rapid transit facilities in New York City."

Mr. Mitchel sat down. For a moment his hearers sat without sound. Then they broke into prolonged applause. The President of the Aldermen rose from his place, bowed his acknowledgments, and left the room.

Robert W. De Forest, President of the Art Commission of the City of New York, and head of the Sage Foundation Homes Company, which has for its object the erection of homes for working people, spoke on "Concrete and the Better Housing of the Poor." He was followed by John Carrere of the firm of Carrere & Hastings, architects, who talked of the architectural possibilities of cement in building construction.

Charles Mattell Loomis wound up the evening with what he styled "A Concrete Talk."

McADOO WITHDRAWS HIS BID.

Adheres to His Time Limit of Dec. 15 for Its Acceptance.

William G. McAdoo, President of the Hudson & Manhattan Railway Company, sent to the Public Service Commission yesterday a letter in which he announced his determination to adhere to the limit of Dec. 15 previously set by him as the time within which he would leave his offer to equip and operate the Triborough Subway route open for the commission's consideration. Mr. McAdoo's action yesterday takes him definitely out of the subway situation as a present factor and he did not give any assurance that he would again enter it.

Mr. McAdoo decided not to continue the time within which his offer might be considered by the commission because he did not feel that the Hudson & Manhattan Railway Company should undertake a competition in subway building on a competitive basis against any other interest on a monopolistic basis.

"The issue is," remarked Mr. McAdoo, "an independent system on the one hand or a monopoly on the other, hence any bids submitted by the two companies are on an entirely different and utterly incompatible basis and there can be no real comparison between them even as to the money cost involved."

Mr. McAdoo declares that the city must decide this question of competition versus monopoly before any one can be asked to submit a competitive offer of subway equipment and operation. Here is his letter:

Dec. 15, 1910.

Hon. William R. Willcox, Chairman, Public Service Commission, First District.

Dear Sir—On the 18th of November, 1910, we submited a proposition looking to the construction of a modified Triborough system involving an expenditure by the city of about $100,000,000, and offering to furnish private capital to the extent of $50,000,000 for the equipment of said system and to operate the same under a lease for a period of years to be agreed upon.

At the time this proposition was made, the Triborough route had been laid out by the Public Service Commission and approved by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and bids for its construction with city money had been received. The Commission was considering the award of contracts for such construction. Grave doubt seemed to exist as to whether or not construction should be undertaken by the city when no responsible operator with the requisite $50,000,000 needed for equipment was in sight.

No company had come forward with a bid to equip and operate any portion of said system, nor was there, as we understood it, any proposition before the city looking to the construction and operation of any other form of rapid transit in the City of New York, notwithstanding the fact that and imperative need for increased transit facilities had, for years, existed. At the time we made said offer we supposed that the public authorities were committed definitely to the proposition that the welfare of the city made the construction and operation of an independent system essential, and that a proposal from a responsible corporation which would promptly bring about that result, would be welcome.

Our proposition was made in absolute good faith. We hoped that we could be of service in promptly bringing about the desired result, feeling convinced, as we did, that the transit needs of Greater New York could best be met by the construction and operation of a new system of improved design and carrying with it such adequate provision for the future that existing conditions of congestion and overcrowding would not be likely to recur for many years to come.

No sooner had our proposition been made than suggestions began to emanate from many quarters that it was wholly a question as to what company would make the best bid, translated into terms of money. The great fundamental of an independent system seemed to be subordinated to the mater of money cost.

If our assumption was correct that the duly constituted authorities believed that an independent system was the only safe and satisfactory solution of the problem, then it is obvious that competition between the Interborough Company and this company for the construction or operation of an independent system is impossible, because the Interborough Company cannot supply the people of New York with an independent system at any price, while, on the other hand, the Hudson & Manhatan Railroad Company cannot supply a monopoly of rapid transit in New York at any price. The issue is simply an independent system on the one hand or a monopoly on the other. Hence, any bids submitted by the two companies are on entiredly different and utterly incompatible bases, and there can be no real comparison between them, even as to the money cost involved. An independent system cannot be built for as little money as extensions of the present Interborough system, because the independent system requires the construction of a trunk line in addition to the branches, whereas the trunk line of the Interborough is already built, and it is merely a question of the cost of constructing branches.

Upon mature consideration of the matter, we have become convinced that it is futile for us to attempt to unite with the city authorities in an effort to provide an independent system unless the city authorities are fully determined that an independent system is wanted for the city. In short, there can be no competitive bids between this company and the Interborough on independence or monopoly. It seems to us essential that one policy or the other shall be decided upon before further progress can be made. If we should submit another offer under present conditions, it would, we believe, simply provoke a long struggle, which would result in delaying final action upon rapid transit, to the possible detriment of the community, since the problem is so acute that delay is, of itself, a serious injury. We are unwilling to participate in an indefinite struggle of this sort.

In our letter of Nev. 10, 1910, we said: "In view of the large financial undertaking which this company assumes in carrying out this plan, it is obvious that we cannot allow the proposition to remain open indefinitely, and that prompt action is essential. We are prepared to give a bond in the sum of $1,000,000 for the faithful performance of any contract that may be entered into between the city and this company."

Subsequently, on the 3d of December, 1910, we again brought this matter to the attention of the Commission and said: "We trust that the commission may find it possible to render a decision on or before the 15th of December, 1910, at which time we shall be obliged to withdraw the offer if nothing shall have been done. We do this because we feel that it is to the interest of the public and of all concerned that prompt action shall be taken." We said further that our purpose was not to "unduly hasten your decision" but to "help and not to hinder action."

Our proposition has been before the commission for four weeks, and no action has been taken. We quite understand that the proposition made by the Interborough Company on Dec. 6, 1910, (subsequent to our offer,) has operated naturally to delay action since that date, and we do not wish to be understood as implying any criticism of the commission for its failure to act within the time limit fixed by us, but we do feel that we cannot consistently keep the offer open any longer.

As before stated, our proposition was made in absolute good faith. We believe that what we have done has not, in any case, been of injury to the public, but that, on the other hand, it may have been beneficial in injecting new life into the situation and in bringing to an earlier solution than would otherwise have been the case this vital problem to the City of New York.

We beg to assure you of our appreciation of the courtesy and consideration you have shewn us throughout this matter, and are,

Very respectfully yours,
HUDSON & MANHATTAN RAILROAD COMPANY,
By WILLIAM G. McADOO,
President.

Mr. McAdoo's decision did not come as a surprise to the members of the Public Service Commission, who had understood for several days that he would not extend the time limit upon his offer. Conferences between Mr. McAdoo and Chairman Willcox of the Commission had already developed the view on the part of the latter that questions which the Commission must investigate before giving approval to any offer demanded more time than was allowed inside of the limit of Dec. 15. Chairman Willcox said:

"Another proposition received since Mr. McAdoo's offer necessarily has to be considered in connection with his. His proposition, among other things, called for an operating contract on subway lines not laid out by this or by the previous commission. We have been considering these matters and it has been impossible to arrive at such a conclusion as Mr. McAdoo called for in his letter at so early a date."

Commissioner William McCarroll had this to say:

"I don't know that the city has ever been committed to an independent line as a definite policy. Certain officials favor it as individuals and that is all."

Commissioner Eustis spoke somewhat along the same lines.

"I don't understand that we are committed to any particular system," he said. "We are in a position to consider all proposals and I am not one who is in favor of any particular principal to preclude the consideration of offers based on some other principal."

DUVEEN WITNESS BALKS.

Court Orders Art Firm's Employe to Testify in Customs Fraud Inquiry.

The Grand Jury which is investigating the allegations of systematic undervaluations by the art importing firm of Duveen Brothers involving custom frauds which the Government estimates at $5,000,000, is having trouble in getting evidence, according to facts which came out before Judge Hough in the United States Circuit Court yesterday.

Assistant United States Atttorney Wemple told Judge Hough that James Jarman, the confidential man for the Duveens, had refused to answer certain questions before the Grand Jury relating to the number of times he had been in Europe for the firm in 1907, 1908, and 1909. Jarman declared that to testify to these facts would infringe his constitutional rights. Judge Hough did not think so and sent him back to the Grand Jury room.

Jarman was not arrested by the Government when its raid was made on the Duveen concern two months ago, and it had been supposed that the Government had in him a valuable witness.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
12:30–207 to 211 E. 115th St.; S. Krotenberg.		Trifling
1:40–508 W. 159th St.; Annie Ryan.		Trifling
9:50–228 Mott St.; Annie Brunietta.		$500
11:55–227 E. 100th St.; J. Janowsky.		Slight
P. M.		
12:05–41 W. 138th St.; P. A. Payton.		$50
2:30–330 E. 48th St.; J. J. Welstead.		Trifling
8:05–162 to 166 E. Houston St.; J. Smith.		Trifling
3:25–173 Park Row; N. Shefrin.		$50
4:15–971 Lexington Av.; V. Brayer.		$1,000
4:15–173 E. 60th St.; H. Chester.		$10
5:05–228 E. 116th St.; Dora Zucker.		Trifling
5:50–East Fordham St., City Island; Board of Education.		$100
6:30–784 Columbus Av.; A. Koplewitts.		Trifling

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32d St. entrance of McAdoo Tunnel directly opposite store.

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Haberdashery Hats Clothing

WEBER & HEILBRONER (9 SHOPS)
3 CLOTHING SHOPS
27 New Street. 150 Nassau Street. 42nd Street at Fifth Ave.

For Sale—Packard Touring Car; 7 passenger. This and many other valuable bargains in used motor cars listed in to-day's Automobile Exchange on Sporting Page.—Adv.

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Holidays

THE Holidays are close at hand with their suggestion of outdoor sports in the bracing winter air.
We can help you enjoy them.
Going skating, or coasting or sleighing?
We have warm, cozy Ulsters & Motor Coats made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx that are mighty good to look at and thoroughly cold-proof.
At $20, $22.50 and $25 we offer values most unordinary—Overcoats that otherwhere would cost at least $5 more.
Overcoats in many other models and fabrics innumerable.
Suits, too, and Dress Clothes.
Every garment made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx, and worth more than its price really warrants.
Come to-day and see.

Suits $18 to $50. Overcoats $15 to $65

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1195 Broadway, Just below 29th St.
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PATENTED NON-EVAPORATING

The broad, flat base prevents "upsets"—holds a month's supply of ink—can't clog or dry up because the funnel-top keeps out air and dust.

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May be had also with mahogany, mission or oak finish wood base.

No. 2.—Single "Capitol" Inkstand.50c

Ask your stationer to show you the "CAPITOL," or send us the price and your stationer's name, and we will forward one to you postpaid.

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The HANDIEST POSSIBLE way to carry your bills. So much Thinner, so much Lighter, and so much HANDIER than any other bill fold, wallet or cardcase.

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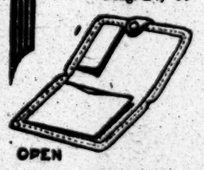

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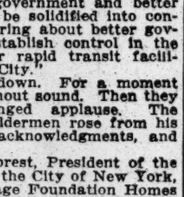

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Low Crown, Wide Brim, $1.90, worth $3.00.
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Mendelssohn Hall, To-m'w (Sat.) Aft., 2:30. PIANO RECITAL ARTHUR FRIEDHEIM ... PROGRAM. ... Piano

Mendelssohn Hall, Wed. Eve., Dec. 21, at 8:30 KATHLEEN Violin Recital PARLOW Seats $2, $1.50, $1, at Box Office or Tyson's.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. at 2:15. WILLIAM GILLETTE THIS WEEK ONLY IN THE PRIVATE SECRETARY Next Week—SECRET SERVICE.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Thurs. 2:30. THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST With A. E. MATTHEWS. By OSCAR WILDE. Dec. 26—MISS BILLIE BURKE in Suzanne

GARRICK 35th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. LAST 2 NIGHTS. LAST MAT. TO-M'W. THE SPECKLED BAND By A. Conan Doyle AN ADVENTURE OF SHERLOCK HOLMES. NEXT TUES. NIGHT—Seats Now. ANNIE RUSSELL in THE IMPOSTOR

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8 sharp. Last Matinee To-morrow at 2. JULIA NEILSON FRED TERRY LAST WEEK—HENRY OF NAVARRE NEXT MONDAY NIGHT—Seats NOW. THE FOOLISH VIRGIN with MRS. PATRICK CAMPBELL

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. at 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents Blanche Bates in NOBODY'S WIDOW.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15. 142nd TIME THE COMMUTERS By JAMES FORBES.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15. Lina Abarbanell with Ralph Herz in MADAME SHERRY.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. Special TO-DAY at 2:15. Last Matinee RUTH ST. DENIS DANCES OF ANCIENT EGYPT. SUPPORTING COMPANY OF FIFTY. NEW & ENORMOUS SCENIC PRODUCTION IN CONJUNCTION with W. W. ANDREEFF'S IMPERIAL RUSSIAN BALALAIKA ORCHESTRA Prices $2, $1.50, $1, 75c., 50c.

NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. MLLE. EMMA TRENTINI in NAUGHTY MARIETTA. By Victor Herbert & Rida Johnson Young. With ORVILLE HARROLD.

GAIETY B'WAY & 46th ST. EVS. 8:20. MATS. WED. & SAT. 2:20. COHAN'S BIGGEST HIT GET-RICH-QUICK WALLINGFORD

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. at 2:15. LAST 2 WEEKS Best Comedy in Town THE COUNTRY BOY By Edgar Selwyn. MON. NIGHT, CHRISTIE MACDONALD DECEM. 26, in "THE SPRING MAID."

BIJOU 30th St., B'way. At 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Wed. 2:30. ZELDA SEARS IN The Nest Egg THE ONE REAL BIG HIT OF NEW YORK CITY

Joe Weber's, B'way & 29th. Mats. Wed. & Sat. ALMA WHERE DO YOU LIVE? with TRULY SHATTUCK and JOHN M'CLOSKEY.

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To-night.....SAPHO"
To-morrow Mat.....LA TOSCA"
To-morrow Eve.....JEANNE D'ARC"

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To-night at 8, FAUST. Mmes. Farrar, Fornia; MM. Jadlowker, Gilly, Rothier. Cond., Podesti.
Sat. Aft. at 1:45, TANNHAEUSER. Mmes. Morena, Fremstad, Sparkes; MM. Slezak, Soomer, Witherspoon, Hinshaw, Hall. Cond., Herts.
Sat. Eve. at 8, Special Perf'ce, "GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST." Mme. Destinn; MM. Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Didur, de Segurola, Reiss, Bada, Rossi, Hall, Begue. Cond., Toscanini.
Double Prices will prevail at this performance.
Sunday Evg. at 8:30, at Popular Prices.
GRAND CONCERT—PUCCINI NIGHT.
Soloists: Mmes. Rappold, Gluck, Alten, Fornia, de Pasquali; MM. Martin, Amato, Gilly, Sciaretti. Metr. Opera Chorus and Entire Orchestra.
NEXT WEEK: Mon. Evg., ORFEO. Mmes. Homer, Rappold, Gluck, Sparkes. Cond., Toscanini. And Divert't. Pavlowa and Mr. Mordkin.
Wed. Evg., IL TROVATORE. Mmes. Rappold, Claessens; MM. Slezak, Amato, Witherspoon. Cond., Podesti. And Divert't. Pavlowa and Mordkin.
Thurs. Evg., TRISTAN und ISOLDE. Mmes. Fremstad, Homer; MM. Burrian, Soomer, Hinckley, Hinshaw. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. Evg., AIDA. Mmes. Destinn, Claessens; MM. Caruso, Scotti, Didur, Rossi. Conductor, Toscanini.
Xmas Mat. Mon., Dec. 26, at Pop. Prices. HAENSEL und GRETEL and PAVLOWA and MORDKIN and Their RUSSIAN DANCERS. Seat Sale begins Tomorrow at 9 A. M.
WEBER PIANO USED.

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TUESDAY, DECEMBER 20th,
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At Carnegie Hall, TO-DAY at 2:30.
1st concert of cycle within regular series.
All-Beethoven Program, with Xaver SCHARWENKA, Pianist.
6th Symph. (Pastoral), 5th Concerto, King Stephan, Coriolan, Leonore 3.
Dec. 27-30—All-Tschaikowski—Dethier.
Jan. 3-6—All-French—Clement.
Jan. 10-13—All-Wagner—Gadski.
Jan. 17-20—All-Modern, Mahler's 4th Symp.
Series $2 to $7.50. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.
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WALTER DAMROSCH.....Conducter
The house being practically sold out for
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A SECOND PERFORMANCE WILL BE GIVEN
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CHRISTMAS MYSTERY PLAY, Scenery, Costumes, Soloists, Chorus of Children.
N. Y. Symphony Orchestra.
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MADAME HOLMES THOMAS.....PIANO
LEO SCHULZ.....CELLO
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THE REV. ROBERT A. HUME, D. D., of Ahmednagar, India,
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Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way at 35th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. LULU GLASER in THE GIRL AND THE KAISER

Maxine Elliott's Thea. 39th bet. B'y & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-morrow, 2:30. Charles Klein's New Play THE GAMBLERS with George Nash.

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